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SPANISH CABINET RESIGNS

Withdrawal Is Accepted by the Queen, Who Will Summon Sagasta.

WEYLER MAY FALL

Crisis Was Brought on Through the Dissensions Among the Supporters of the Government.

TETUAN INCIDENT BEGAN IT

Officials of the State Department and Members of the Diplomatic Corps Are Not Altogether Surprised at the Shaking Up in Spanish Affairs.

Madrid, September 29.—The Spanish cabinet has resigned.

The queen has accepted the cabinet's resignation, but has asked General Azcarraga to continue in office until a solution of the crisis is found.

Her majesty will summon the leaders of the various parties and the presidents of the chambers tomorrow to consult as to the situation.

Senor Sagasta has been telegraphed for, and it is believed that the liberal leader will be asked to form a cabinet.

The ministry whose resignation has just been announced was constituted as follows:

Prime minister and minister for war—General Marcelo de Azcarraga.

Minister for foreign affairs—The duke of Tetuan.

Minister of marine—Rear Admiral Don Jose M. Beranger.

Minister of finance—Don Juan Navarro Reverter.

Minister of commerce and agriculture—Don Aureliano Linares Rives.

Minister for the colonies—Don Tomas Castellano.

Minister for the home department—Don Fernando Cos-Gayon.

United States Minister Woodford, the duke of Tetuan and the president of the senate, the Marquis Pazo de la Merrzed, held a long conference today, and General Woodford presented to General Azcarraga the members of the United States legation. Owing to the cabinet crisis the Cuban pourparlers have been postponed.

May Mean Weyler's Downfall.

Madrid, September 29, midnight.—It is said that Senor Sagasta is in favor of superseding Captain General Weyler, and of granting autonomy to Cuba immediately.

Senor Gamazo will probably be minister for foreign affairs in the new cabinet.

WASHINGTON NOT SURPRISED.

There Was Too Much Friction for the Spanish Ministry To Stand

Washington, September 29.—The news of the Spanish cabinet crisis was first brought to the attention of the officials of the state department and diplomatic officials through the Associated Press bulletin from Madrid, and up to a late hour tonight from no other source was any information on the subject forthcoming. It is surmised that Minister Woodford's failure to cable the department was attributable to the fact that it was after nightfall in Madrid before the news became known.

It cannot be said that the event caused surprise among the officials of the state department or among the members of the diplomatic corps in Washington. A careful inspection of the cable news for the past few weeks had left the general impression that the cabinet erected in haste after the assassination of Premier Canovas could not be expected to survive long.

There were several reasons for this expectation, but perhaps the principal one was the belief that the dissensions among the supporters of the government caused by the personal encounter between the duke of Tetuan, the minister for foreign affairs, and one of the leaders of the dissident conservatives had not been healed, but had been only bridged over temporarily. The dissident conservatives at the time insisted upon the resignation of the duke as a condition of their further support of the government. As the government depended not upon a homogeneous party, but rather upon a union of various elements generally opposed to liberal ideas for its existence, this was a threatening condition, and a crisis was averted only through strenuous efforts of conservative leaders.

As to what is to follow the resignation of the cabinet, officials here are completely in the dark. Secretary Sherman does not believe it will materially affect the relations of Spain either to the United States or to Cuba, which seems to indicate an expectation on his part that when the cabinet is reorganized it will be found to be still of a conservative tendency.

Say It Is Sagosta Supremacy.

On the other hand, high officials in the administration expect a liberal cabinet under the leadership of the veteran Sagasta will be erected on the ruins of the Azcarraga cabinet. If this should be the case the future is held to be full of promise for Cuba, for it is recalled the liberals have not hesitated to express their opposition to the great expenditure of human life and vast treasure in the effort to carry out the repressive conservative programme for the conduct of the war.

It is not believed the liberals are prepared to go to the length of promising freedom to Cuba, but from the expressions of the leaders' party it is hoped they are willing to grant so liberal a measure of home rule and autonomy to the island that of Spanish sovereignty nothing would remain save a shred in the way of a few preferential duties, and perhaps the power of appointing some officials corresponding to the governor general of Canada, named by the British crown. An incident to the selection of a liberal cabinet, it is expected, would be the restoration of Martinez Campos to a position where he would be in position to carry out the programme of the reformed government in its Cuban policy.

Among diplomatic officials the resignation of the Spanish cabinet excited the keenest interest and was the chief topic throughout the evening. The Spanish minister left at 3 o'clock for Lenox, about an hour before the first word of the resignations had been received. He had felt up to the time of departure that there was no indication of important developments at Madrid and he would undoubtedly have remained here had he anticipated the impending crisis. All official advices are being forwarded direct to Lenox.

The Ministry Is Conservative.

The ministry, it was explained by diplomatic officials entirely familiar with the facts, is conservative throughout. It was chosen after the assassination of Canovas and was regarded as a continuance of the Canovas regime. At the time of its selection it was considered temporary, as the queen regent was then at San Sebastian, without that opportunity of full conference with leaders, including the leader of the opposition, which takes place on the formation of a new cabinet. For this reason the resignations are not entirely unexpected, though they were not considered probable at this time.

A strong impression prevails in diplomatic circles that Senor Sagasta, the eminent liberal leader, will be called to form a cabinet. The conservatives have a majority in the cortes at this time, so the formation of a Sagasta cabinet would necessitate a dissolution of the cortes, and an appeal to the country. There is said to be little doubt that this would result in the return of a heavy liberal majority, owing to the strong feeling said to exist throughout the country against conservative ministry which has just laid down its commission.

But whether it be a Sagasta or another, the change is felt to entail important considerations on the Cuban policy. The present ministry has been an aggressive one, supporting General Weyler and refusing to accept his resignation, although a strong element at Madrid has urged a more lenient policy.

The choice of Sagasta would undoubtedly, it is said, lead to the recall of General Weyler and a material modification of the aggressive policy in Cuba.

DeLome Would Resign.

In the event of the formation of a liberal ministry, Minister Dupuy DeLome would undoubtedly submit his resignation as the Spanish representative at Washington, as is usual on a change of political control of the cabinet, and the minister is, moreover, a conservative in politics.

AMERICA'S ATTITUDE CAUSED IT

Azcarraga, After Consultation with Queen, Tendered Resignations.

London, September 30.—A dispatch to The Daily Mail from Madrid says:

"The solution of the crisis depends upon the policy to be adopted toward the United States

"Liberal politicians declare that they will stoutly resist America's pretensions.

"General Azcarraga, in a long interview with the queen regent today, explained the situation. It is believed he asked her majesty if she was ready to confirm the government in necessary powers in view of the attitude of the United States. After the interview he summoned the cabinet. The meeting was attended by Senor Reverter, the ex-communicated minister of finance, and Senor Cos-Gayon, minister of the interior, both of whom tendered their resignations. Shortly afterwards the premier tendered the resignation of the entire cabinet."

GRECIAN MINISTRY TO RESIGN.

It Is Expected the Chamber Will Accept the Peace Treaty.

London, September 30.—The correspondent of The Times, at Athens, says:

"It is generally believed the government will resign tomorrow (Thursday) at the sitting of the boule. In any case, several of the ministers are unwilling to remain in power. On the other hand, it is believed a Delyannis ministry will not be accepted by King George and the nation at the present moment. Hence, M. Ralli, the premier, hopes to retain power, in which case the cabinet will have to be almost entirely renewed.

"It is expected that the chamber will accept the peace treaty unanimously, public excitement on the question having quite subsided."

RETURNING TO THEIR EMBASSIES

Diplomats Are Reporting at Washington for Duty.

Washington, September 29.—A number of the foreign representatives have returned from their summer trips, some of them temporarily and others to open the embassies and legations for the winter.

Baron von Hengenmuller, the minister from Austria-Hungary, came back for a day, leaving again this afternoon. His visit caused some comment in connection with the reports that the Austrian government is about to protest against the killing of a number of Austro-Hungarians at the recent miners' trouble at Hazelton, Pa.

GUITERAS STOPPED BY THE SHOTGUNS

Was Aboard a Train with Several Other Health Officers.

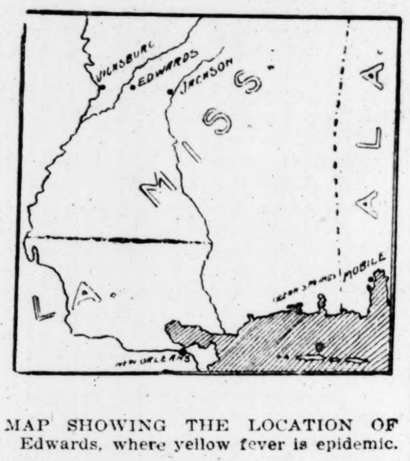
VISITING LOUISIANA TOWNS

Object To Confer with Officials Regarding Quarantine.

BODY OF ARMED MEN FLAGS THE TRAIN

Citizens of Rayne Said They Would Tear Up the Rails if the Train Tried To Proceed.

Lafayette, La., September 29.—The effort of the business men, city and health authorities of New Orleans to effect a modification of the rigid quarantine restrictions of the various parishes of this state, by a conference of the parish and town quarantine officials along the Southern and Texas Pacific roads, ended abruptly this afternoon.



MAP SHOWING THE LOCATION OF Edwards, where yellow fever is epidemic.

The train carrying the physicians who were to take part in the conference to be held on board the train, which left Algiers this morning, passed through Lafayette this afternoon, but failed to proceed any further than Rayne, where the people, armed with shotguns, refused to let it go through.

When the train reached the corporate limits of Rayne a body of men flagged it down and informed the passengers aboard that it would not be permitted to enter the corporate limits of Rayne.

Determined men, with shotguns and rifles, pointed the deadly weapons at Engineer Gregory and declared that the wheels would have to stop. Members of the body of citizens threatened to tear up the track if the train persisted to run through the town. The reception was too warm to even permit of a parley, and the officials of the train decided that it would be wise to make its way back. An unsuspecting fellow walked from the depot at Rayne and entered the train to deliver a telegram to one of the physicians. The guards found it out and would not let him get back into the town, and in consequence the unfortunate messenger was compelled to remain on board.

The train returned to Lafayette at about 6 o'clock in the afternoon and stayed in this station a half hour. Among the passengers were Dr. S. R. Olliphant, Dr. Carter, of the United States marine; Dr. Guiteras, the celebrated fever experts; Dr. Smith and Messrs. Tarlton and Freret, of Franklin; Mr. Beverly Miles, ex-sheriff of the Frere; Superintendent Owens, of the Southern Pacific company; Dr. Alfred Duprier, of New Iberia, and several others. The train was in charge of Conductor Lusted.

Had not Rayne prevented the party from passing it would have been interferred with elsewhere. The authorities of Lake Charles and Opelousas wired here that the train would not be permitted to pass through those towns.

It is reported that Dr. Guiteras, who was on board, was trying to make his way into Texas, where his services are wanted as a fever expert.

The news that the physicians who were on the train had recently been in contact with yellow fever patients caused a deal of unfavorable comment. The circulars issued had stated positively that Dr. Carter would be the only one from an infected point. This action of the people along the road will in all probability put an end of the move to have a conference of physicians representing the different towns and parishes.

Any plan to modify the quarantine would hardly meet with the approval of the people.

IT IS A CASE OF DENGUE FEVER.

Victoria's Scare Over—Quarantine Against It Raised.

Houston, Tex., September 29.—The two physicians who were sent to Victoria last night to investigate an alleged suspicious case of fever returned today and will report to the state health officer that it is a case of common dengue fever. Towns adjacent to Victoria have raised the quarantine.

The negro woman, Eva Duncan, who has been under guard in Houston for some days, is reported as improving. This city is tied up by quarantine.

The cotton exchange and the board of trade held a meeting this morning and authorized a telegram to Surgeon General Wyman asking that an expert be sent here at once to look into the matter and allay the fears which the over-cautiousness of the state health officer has aroused. Dr. Swearingen went to Beaumont this morning and it is expected the quarantine against that point will be raised, as no further case with any suspicious symptoms has appeared there.

The International and Great Northern and the Memphis, Kansas and Texas have suspended train service into and out of this city entirely and the other eleven roads have caught service to a minimum. There are over two thousand idle men in the city and business is suffering terribly, hence the anxiety of the business men to have a gov-

Continued on Second Page.

UNCLE SAM WANT GREENLAND?

Rumor That United States Has Its Eyes on Another Frozen District.

London, September 29.—There is a rumor in Canadian circles that the government of the United States has made overtures to the government of Denmark with the object of acquiring Greenland from the latter country.

Story Denied in Washington.

Washington, September 29.—State department officials ridicule the story attributed to Canadian sources that the United States government is negotiating with Denmark for the acquisition of Greenland. It is positively denied that the United States has any designs upon territory in that part of the world.

English Reasons for Believing It.

London, September 29.—The Evening News gives prominence to the rumor that the United States government has made overtures for the purchase of Greenland from Denmark, and says:

"Under ordinary circumstances, even if true, the report would excite little interest, but coupled with the news of the hoisting of the Union Jack over Baffin's Land it becomes of great moment. It appears that Baffin's Land was never formally acquired by the English, although it has been regarded as English for half a century. Hudson's strait is destined to become part, in the future, of a great grain carrying route between Liverpool and Winnipeg, which will be a powerful rival of the American land routes. The Americans have no port or footing on the eastern shores of the continent north of Maine, and if they are to participate in the advantages of the Hudson bay route it has been apparently urged that their government secure some island or peninsula without delay."

WORST ENEMY HER BROTHER.

What Princess Sophia Told Mrs. Chant.

London, September 29.—During the course of a lecture which she delivered on Monday at Nuneaton, Warwickshire, Mrs. Ormiston Chant, the social reformer, who went to Greece with a party of nurses during the war between that country and Turkey, said the crown princess of Greece, Princess Sophia of Prussia, had told her (Mrs. Chant) that the worst and most cruel foe of Greece was not the sultan of Turkey, nor the Turks, but it was her own brother, Emperor William of Germany.

SHE SHOWED THEM A SHOTGUN.

Mrs. Mills Held the Fort and Drove the Intruders Away.

Columbus, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—The agent of the Central railroad at Smith Station, Ala., is Mrs. E. V. Mills. The ticket office there now is in a box car, the depot having been burned some time ago.

Mrs. Mills was displeased when the car was carried there a few weeks ago. Today Superintendent Mois sent a gang of men there to make some further changes.

Mrs. Mills met them with a double-barreled shotgun and told them not to molest anything. They complied with her request.

TRAGEDY OVER AN OLD DEBT.

Dr. Knotts Kills J. R. Leysath at Norths, S. C.

Columbia, S. C., September 29.—(Special.) Information was received here today that Dr. J. D. Knotts had killed J. R. Leysath at Norths, a town on the Florida Central and Peninsular road. Mr. Leysath is a prominent merchant of Norths, and Dr. Knotts lives near there on his farm. There was an old trouble existing between the two about a debt, and today they met and renewed the discussion. Hot words were passed, and Mr. Leysath drew a pistol. Dr. Knotts caught his arm, and pulling his own revolver, shot Leysath three times in the abdomen.

The wounded man was carried to Norths, and Dr. Knotts went to Orangeburg to surrender.

WOMAN LYNCHED IN VIRGINIA.

Supposed To Have Been Committed by Negroes, Who Were Her Companions.

Richmond, Va., September 29.—A special to The State from Cowans Depot, Rockingham county, in the Shenandoah valley, says that news of a ghastly discovery in the Massanutan mountains, six miles east of there, has just been received. Yesterday several hunters found the body of Peb Falls, a notorious white woman, dangling at the end of a rope, fastened to the end of a tree. When discovered the body was in the first stage of decomposition. It is supposed that the woman was hanged by negroes, who had been her companions lately. No effort has been made as yet to apprehend the guilty parties.

She was a married woman, but for years her reputation had been unsavory, and finally she was driven to the mountains, where she slept in the fields and in the woods.

HIS TEETH STOPPED THE BULLET

Gohan Spits Out a Ball Fired Into His Mouth.

St. Louis, September 29.—Morris Gohan, an employee of Kramer's livery and undertaking establishment, owes his life to the strong teeth with which nature has endowed him.

At an early hour today Gohan quarreled with Charles Noye, a fellow employee, who, from a distance of five feet, fired at him with a 45-caliber revolver. The bullet struck Gohan full in the mouth, causing him to fall. Then he got up and spat out the bullet, and with it came three front teeth. Except for the loss of his teeth, Gohan was not injured, and his escape from death is considered marvelous.

SOUTH CAROLINA EARTHQUAKE.

Paris Mountain Shakes, but No Damage Done.

Columbia, S. C., September 29.—(Special.) Paris mountain, seven miles from Greenville, a single spur rising to a point of 1,500 feet about the surrounding country, was shaken by an earthquake this morning.

Hotel Altamont, a summer resort, crowns the mountain, which rises to a peak. Proprietor W. E. Johnstone and the guests were aroused by the rocking of the building. The building stood the strain and but for falling plastering no damage was done.

The earthquake seems to have been local to Paris mountain, as it was not observed ten miles away.

TWENTY-FIVE NEW CASES; FOUR DEATHS

Despite the Sudden Increase No Alarm Is Felt.

CAUSE OF THE MANY CASES

While the Fever Spreads, the Death Rate Drops.

IT IS ONLY TWELVE PER CENT NOW

A Few Days Ago It Was Sixteen Per Cent—The Type of Fever Is Comparatively Mild.

CITIES.	NEW CASES.	DEATHS.
New Orleans	25	4
Edwards	24	0
Mobile	4	0
Biloxi	15	0
Scranton	9	1
Total	77	5

New Orleans, September 29.—This has been a record breaker in the number of new cases reported, while the deaths equaled in number those of any day since the fever was first discovered in the city.

This was the record today:

DEATHS.

Giacomo Russo, 625 St. Phillip street.
Emile Tammora, 1206 St. Andrews.
Mrs. Jennie Alford, 1304 Charles.
Park C. Hands, 1637 Octavia street.

NEW CASES.

——— Burns, Phillip, near Chippewa street.
David Mitchell, 528 Esplanade.
Miss Maude Streck, 620 Jackson.
Ravenel Smith, 2916 St. Charles.
Alex Burrage, 2109 Melpomene.
Gertrude Carter, colored, 1525 Joseph.
Francis Hackney, Poydras asylum.
William McGlaughlin, 3233 Chippewa.
Miss Pigie Pettus, Octavia, between St. Charles and Pitt.
George Hynson, Valmont and South Rampart.
Miss Olive Hewitt, 1784 Jackson.
Miss Melannie Hewitt, 1748 Jackson.
Miss Ellen Freret, 1731 Second.
Miss Augusta Dickinson, 1435 Jackson.
Miss Minerva Dickinson, 1439 Jackson.
Mrs. James Gray, 528 Esplanade.
John Lofton, Charity hospital.
James Gorman, Charity hospital.
Bertrand Dazet, 3250 St. Thomas
A. M. Hickney, detention camp.
S. J. Hollister, detention camp.
Three children in Sisters of Charity convent, names not ascertained.
Edward Engelbrecht, 4803 South Front street.

Reasons Given for the Spread.

There are various reasons given for the spread of the disease, but the principal ones are two, that the weather turned warm again, and owing to the much wider field to cover, the board of health has had some difficulty in getting every house as closely guarded as was possible when the cases here were few in number and the trained officials of the board were stationed about the quarantined houses.

The fact that the death rate has been small and that the chances of an epidemic have been constantly growing less, have made the general public somewhat careless and there has been increasing friction between the quarantined people and the authorities. Imprisoned inmates of houses have been going over back fences and sneaking out of side doors in order not to be confined, and the result has been that more germs have been scattered and rapidly developed in these warm days.

In no other season have the authorities been stricter in quarantining houses and isolating inmates who might be around the sick and the result has been that every possible effort is being made by certain elements of the community to get the better of the board. The increased number of cases here has caused no general alarm, because the increase of deaths has not been in proportion.

The death rate is a trifle under 12 per cent, whereas five or six days ago it was shown to be above 15 per cent. The conclusion, therefore, is natural that there is no increase in the malignancy of the disease.

The authorities still believe that for some time longer the new cases will occasionally exceed the number on the books today, but they are singularly one in the opinion that the disease cannot attain the proportions of an epidemic.

History of the New Cases.

Among the new cases reported today is Ravenel Smith, member of a well-to-do family, moving in the best of society. Another case abong colored people is also reported. Five cases appeared on Jackson avenue, in one of the first families of the city. Most of the patients reported as ill today are of the better class.

Later this evening three cases were reported by Dr. Shepard in the Sisters of Christian Charity convent and earlier in the day one had appeared in the Poydras asylum, so that there are four or five charitable institutions that have had to report cases in the past three or four days. The two cases which are down on the list as being credited to the Charity hospital did not originate there, although there had been previously two cases sent to the Charity hospital. The two cases that were developed today were of men who had drifted into the institution ailing and whose cases had promptly developed. Tonight both were carried out to the isolated hospital the number of whose inmates is steadily growing.

At nightfall two cases were reported in the detention camp at Oakland park. They were at once removed to the safety tent and the ambulance telephoned for. Subsequently both patients were carried to the isolation hospital. One of the deaths today was in the center of town and two down town. The former was Tammora. His brother, who had been a robust and healthy butcher, succumbed to yellow fever last week, after several days' illness. Emile Tammora attended his brother, contracted the disease and after a very brief illness, died.

Sad Story of a Fever Death.

Russo, an Italian, died down town.

The saddest and most sensational case, however, was that of Mrs. Jennie Alford. Mrs. Alford, her daughter and son-in-law, Edward A. Reppert, came here about a year ago, and Reppert got employment as stenographer for Superintendent Curran, of the Northeastern railroad.

Yesterday Mrs. Alford was stricken with the fever, and Reppert, greatly terrorized, immediately packed his grip and fled north, leaving his wife to attend her mother in a strange city.

Mrs. Alford died this morning and was buried in two hours, and her daughter is absolutely prostrated.

The cause of the death was not officially reported to the board of health until several hours after the body of the woman had been interred.

Guiteras Goes to Texas.

The special which pulled out of the Southern Pacific depot this morning carried Superintendent Owen, President Olliphant, of the board of health; Dr. Carter, of the marine hospital service, and Dr. John Guiteras. The two former, with health officials in many of the towns of southwestern and northwestern Louisiana, will hold a conference tomorrow with a view to giving the railroads a chance to move freight, and the unemployed of New Orleans a chance to earn their daily bread.

Dr. Guiteras, it is expected, will journey to Texas and examine some of the cases of fever there.

Private advices received in the city say that Dr. Guiteras would be welcomed in Texas.

The railroads continue to furnish the bureau of publicity with full reports of the workings of quarantine regulations along their lines. The Illinois Central this afternoon wrote to the board concerning the troble it was having moving freight and passengers in the various states which it traverses.

Some of the smaller towns where sickness exists, however, are sorely in need of aid. Ocean Springs, where the fever originated, is apparently not one of these, for news came from the springs today that the fever had well nigh been stamped out; only sporadic cases are now expected to appear in that town.

Board of Health Report.

The board of health of the state of Louisiana officially announces the status of affairs in New Orleans as regards yellow fever to be as follows:

"During the twenty-four hours ending September 29th at 9 p. m. there were: Cases of yellow fever today, 25; deaths today, 4; total cases of yellow fever to date, 204; total deaths from yellow fever to date, 25. S. R. OLLIPHANT, M.D.,
"President of the Board of Health of the State of Louisiana.
"WALTER C. FLOWER,
"Mayor of New Orleans."

Outside of the above Pierre Poublanc, a Frenchman, died at the isolation hospital tonight.

The citizens' sanitary committee met tonight and received reports from all wards showing that the city is in perfect sanitary condition.

EDWARDS REPORTS NO DEATHS.

But New Cases of Fever Are Reported as Twenty-Four.

Edwards, Miss., September 29.—Dr. Dunn, of the state board of health gave the Associated Press the following statement:

The following cases of yellow fever are reported today:

WHITE.

Paul Boxtell,
Erving Wimberly,
Mertle Rauch,
Mirtle Ratliff,
J. L. Slocum,
J. L. Slocum, Jr.,
Dr. A. McCallum,
Mrs. J. B. Young,
Vassa Long,
Edward Hewes,
C. Havenkott,
Allen Tatum,
Laurence Hewes,
Mrs. Tillie Young.

COLORED.

Annie Lunn,
Ellen Lunn,
Mandy Fox,
Emma Head,
Henry Harper,
George Prosser,
Minnie Wilson,
Frank President,
Caroline Gilford,
E. Herrington.

Total for the day 24; total number of cases to date 236; number of cases under treatment, 109; number of convalescent and discharged, 119; number seriously ill, 8.

A special train from Vicksburg arrived about 3 o'clock, bringing a much-needed druggist and six additional nurses, who were immediately put on duty.

Dr. Purnell went to Champion Hill today and found Dr. Wallace Champion much improved. While there he met Dr. Watts from Brownsville and the latter reported two new cases, Miss Myra Hall and Theo. Taylor, also a number of others who have had the fever for some time. Dr. Watts reported one death, a child named Taylor.

The people here will ever remember the people of Vicksburg and especially Superintendent W. W. Bond, who has furnished special trains to transport all the relief kindly tendered by the people of that city.

The fever in the Anderson neighborhood is spreading and one or more are daily added to the list from that section.

Dr. Dunn, up to this hour, has not been able to secure transportation to Clinton and it would be useless to try to go by dirt road, as the bridges are torn up between these two points.

SUSPICIOUS CASE IN INDIANA.

Patient at English Has Symptoms of the Saffron Terror.

Indianapolis, Ind., September 29.—The News today received the following dispatch from a correspondent at English, Crawford county, Ind.:

"A supposed case of yellow fever is reported at Mifflin, Ind., seven miles southwest of here. The patient is Edward McKinny. He returned from Jonesboro, Ky., last Friday, was taken sick Sunday and has not spoken since.

"Numbers of people have recently died within a mile of Jonesboro. McKinny, it is said, has true yellow fever symptoms. Dr. George R. Hazelwood, secretary of the county health board, refuses to admit that it is yellow fever, but Dr. N. W. King does not hesitate to pronounce it a genuine case and refuses to attend it."

The News has also received a telegram from Dr. Hazelwood as follows:

"There is considerable excitement at Mifflin, but in my opinion the case there is not yellow fever."

The state board of health has not as yet been notified of the appearance of yellow fever at Mifflin.

FIFTEEN NEW CASES AT BILOXI.

Report of the Mississippi Board of Health.

Biloxi, Miss., September 29.—Official report of the Mississippi state board of health for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m.: Total yellow fever cases to date, 142; now under treatment, 78; suspicious cases, 15; dengue, four. Total yellow fever deaths to date, six; new cases today, fifteen.

PLAN TO OPEN THE DADE MINES

New Solution of the Convict Situation To Be Offered.

THE PROPOSITION IS NOW UP

Today the Georgia Mining, Manufacturing and Investment Co. Will Act.

WISH THE STATE TO BUY THE LAND

Captain Clifford Anderson Will Appear and Propose That the Entire Property of the Mines in Dade Be Turned Over to the State.

When the sub-committee of the joint penitentiary committees of the senate and house meet at the capitol at 11 o'clock this morning, Captain Clifford Anderson will appear before them with a suggestion for the solution of the convict problem that is the most comprehensive yet offered. As chairman of the committee of creditors of the Georgia Mining, Manufacturing and Investment Company, he will propose to sell to the state the entire property of that concern located in Dade county and now being worked by convicts under the lease system. The owners of the property have been quietly arranging the matter for the past few weeks, and Captain Anderson has just got it in shape to lay before the committee.

The land which will be offered consists of the properties of several companies, included in the assets of the Georgia Mining, Manufacturing and Investment Company. They are the Dade Coal Company, the Castle Rock Coal Company and the Walker Coal and Iron Company. The first two are practically one organization, and operate the same plant. They own 19,600 acres of coal lands in Dade county, and experts say that the supply of coal there is practically inexhaustible. On the property are located seven miles of broad guage railroad, running from Coal City in Dade county to Shell Mound, a station on the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad in Tennessee.

There is also on the property eight miles of narrow guage road, running from the openings in the mines to the coke ovens, washers and broad guage road, making a complete transportation system for internal operation. In addition, the Dade and Castle Rock companies have a complete equipment of locomotives, cars, tools, implements, machinery and so forth. Large stockades have been built for the housing and guarding of the convicts, together with hospital buildings and residences for the overseers.

There have been as many as 1,000 convicts at work there at one time, but less than 300 are now employed. Captain Anderson says that from twelve to fifteen hundred could be cared for under present conditions, and that every able bodied convict in Georgia could be profitably employed there by an increase in facilities. The stockades are on top of the mountain, and the drainage is good. Captain Anderson says that it is a healthy locality, and that the rate of mortality is less than in any other camp in the state.

Creditors Can't Be Miners.

The Walker Coal and Iron Company owns 10,000 acres of land in Dade county situated a few miles from the property just described, and this land is said to be equally divided between coal and iron. On it an iron furnace with a capacity of 200 tons per day has been constructed, and is now in operation. Captain Anderson says that the Walker company property is the finest of its sort in the south, and that taken in conjunction with the coal lands of the Dade and Castle Rock companies will give the state the finest asset on its books. He explains the desire of the creditors to sell on the grounds that they are all bankers, and merchants and lawyers and do not want to go into the mining business.

About five hundred acres of the lands surrounding the furnace are red ore of a low grade, but produce a fine quality of iron. The character of the soil is such that the ore fluxes itself, without the use of limestone, which considerably lessens the cost of manufacturing. There are, however, large limestone quarries now on the property, several of which have been opened. The coal and iron mines here are not equipped but experts say that if they were put in shape they would yield a large revenue. This is what is known as the "Rising Fawn" property, and on it are ample stockades, buildings, hospitals and so forth for the housing of all the convicts that can be worked.

Price Asked $581,000.

In regard to the price at which all these properties will be offered Captain Anderson who is chairman of the committee of creditors, consisting besides himself of Franklin Weld, of Norfolk, and Judge Rufus T. Dorsey, of this city, said last night:

"We have agreed to part with this property at what we believe to be a very low figure, because we are creditors and simply want to get our money back. None of us care to go into the mining business. The cost of the original equipment on the lands of the Dade and Castle Rock companies is over $250,000, and is today in good condition. At Rising Fawn we have erected a furnace at a cost of $200,000, and have spent $60,000 additional in building stockades and making other improvements. The United States charges $20 per acre for wild and un-

Continued on Second Page.

LEVYING TRIBUTE ON CANDIDATES

The Wily Scheme of a Colored Preacher and Politician.

USING INFLUENCE FOR MONEY

$10 to $75 Levied To Guarantee Success with McKinley.

THE HEAD MANIPULATOR WAS ARRESTED

Indignant Postmasters Refused To Be Bled by Rev. Mr. Sims—He Is Bound Over for Trial.

Savannah, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Felix R. Sims, a colored Baptist preacher and politician, postmaster at Thebes, Liberty county, and a sort of a pooh bah in his section, was arrested today by Deputy Marshal White on a warrant sworn out before United States Commissioner J. F. Lewis, charging him with using the mails for fraudulent purposes.

Sims has been writing to a number of fourth-class postmasters in the first congressional district, and as the representative of a certain republican committee, of which W. H. Styles, former representative from Liberty, and others, are members, has demanded tribute from them in exchange for which the aforesaid postmasters were to receive the indorsement of this committee, which it was said, would insure their appointments. Without this indorsement they were informed that they could not hold their jobs. These postmasters were assessed all the way from $10 to $75, one of them having bought the indorsement of the committee for the latter amount.

Some of the postmasters became indignant at this effort to levy tribute or blackmail, as they put it, upon them, and Postmaster William S. Harden, of Walthourville, swore out the warrant charging the fraudulent use of the mails. Sims denies he is guilty of the charge and says he was first sought by the postmasters themselves. Postmaster Harden has all the letters written him by Sims, and in one of them the defendant said since Harden had not remitted in the first place, it would now cost him $10 extra to get the indorsement.

The negro politicians are very much stirred up over Sims's arrest, but the postmasters say they are going to push the case. Sims gave bond for his appearance before the commissioner next week.

SEIZED ATLANTA FIRM'S GOODS

Constables Haul Bluthenthal & Bickart's Liquor Away.

FROM ORIGINAL PACKAGE STORE

Attorneys Will Take the Case Into the Courts Under Judge Simonton's Decision.

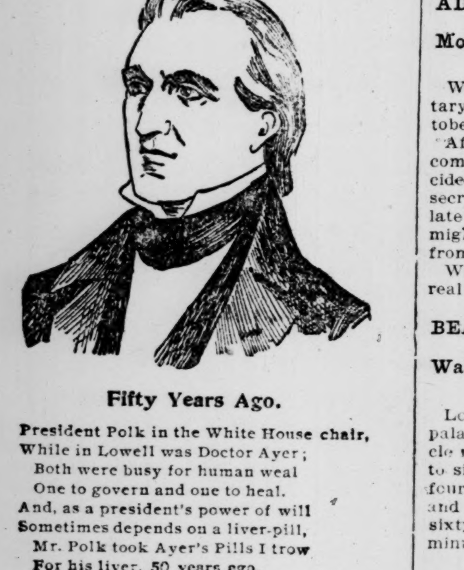
Columbia, S. C., September 29.—(Special.) A descent is being made upon original package stores. One at Elko, an agency of Guckenheimer & Co., of Savannah, has been closed because there is no dispensary in that town, and the agent has been arrested. These people are especially protected in Judge Simonton's order, and it is understood action will be taken against the constables for contempt. Several other stores have been closed and liquor seized, but inexplicable action was taken in Chester today when $2,000 worth of Bluthenthal & Bickart's goods were hauled away from their store and their agent arrested. A dispatch says:

"Constables Newbold and Hood closed up the original package store here managed by Joseph Groeschel, for Bluthenthal & Bickart, early this morning immediately on its opening. Fully a dozen drays were lined up in front of the doors at 8 o'clock and by 12 all the liquor was hauled to and stored away in the courthouse. The warrant was sworn out against Joseph Groeschel for maintaining a nuisance in handling and storing contraband whisky, yet Mr. Groeschel has conducted his original package store strictly according to law since opening. It was utterly useless to remove the stock of liquor from the store and the action of the constables cannot be explained."

Attorneys Paul, Hemphill and G. W. Gage have taken the case in charge and together with Bluthenthal & Bickart's lawyer in Charleston will represent the original package side before the court.

Washington's New City Hall.

Washington, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Work was commenced yesterday on the city hall. It will be a handsome one-story brick structure, with engine house combined.



Fifty Years Ago.

President Polk in the White House chair,
While in Lowell was Doctor Ayer;
Both were busy for human weal
One to govern and one to heal.
And, as a president's power of will
Sometimes depends on a liver-pill,
Mr. Polk took Ayer's Pills I trow
For his liver, 50 years ago.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

were designed to supply a model purgative to people who had so long injured themselves with griping medicines. Being carefully prepared and their ingredients adjusted to the exact necessities of the bowels and liver, their popularity was instantaneous. That this popularity has been maintained is well marked in the medal awarded these pills at the World's Fair 1893.

50 Years of Cures.

PLAN TO OPEN THE DADE MINES

Continued from First Page.

developed coal lands, and we propose to offer our entire property of 29,000 acres at that rate, presenting the state with all improvements. This will make the total cost $581,000, and for this we are willing to take long term bonds or annual payments.

"It should be remembered that in addition to the value of this as a mineral property there are thousands of acres of fine timber lands and other thousands that could be cultivated with profit. I believe that the purchase of this property is the logical solution of the convict problem and we have drawn up an elaborate proposition to present to the legislative committee tomorrow. I shall appear before them to answer any questions that they may ask and will extend to them an invitation to make a personal inspection of the grounds. We will be glad to take the committee there whenever it suits their convenience."

Committees Hands Full.

It is likely that the sub-committee will have its hands full during the next few days in caring for all the propositions which will be presented to it. The gentlemen who are interested in Sapelo island were represented here yesterday by Mr. Brobston, of Brunswick, whose firm handles practically all the real estate in that section, and today he will be joined by Albert Fendig, his partner, and Colonel William C. Wylly, one of the owners of the island. Sapelo will be presented to the committee not only as a most suitable place for the penal colony, but as unquestionably the most desirable location on the grounds of economy. The south Georgia boomers have a card up their sleeve even if the committee should decide that they did not want an island. Mr. Brobston will present a tract of land containing 6,000 acres on Turtle river, ten miles from Brunswick and accessible to three competing lines of railroad.

Colonel Houston Richardson Harper will be present on behalf of Ossabaw island and will give the committee plans which have been prepared for the erection of buildings thereon. He says that he is prepared to underbid Sapelo at any cost. Former Governor Northen will also proffer some of the territory in which he is interested and from a dozen sources comes intimation of other entries in the lively scramble for the state's dollars.

CHARLESTON ELECTS OFFICERS.

Council Meets and Selects Officials for This Year.

Charleston, S. C., September 29.—(Special.) The city council of Charleston held a meeting tonight and elected W. A. Boyle chief of police and McManus, Mollenhauer and Dunn lieutenants.

The new officers have been duly commissioned, but Mayor Smyth has decided not to take actual control of the police department until tomorrow morning. The metropolitans, however, went out tonight at midnight. The rejoicing here continues.

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICANS.

State Convention at Boston Nominates a Ticket.

Boston, September 29.—The republican state convention today nominated the following ticket by acclamation:

Governor—Roger Wolcott.
Lieutenant Governor—W. M. Crane.
Secretary—William M. Olin.
Treasurer—E. P. Shaw.
Auditor—John W. Kimball.
Attorney General—Hoza M. Knowlton.

The foregoing are all renominations. The platform denounced free coinage.

THREE CHATTANOOGA BLAZES.

Residences Destroyed by the Flames Last Night.

Chattanooga, Tenn., September 29.—(Special.)—Three fires occurred here tonight. The first was the residence of Dr. Acree, on Lookout mountain, which was burned to the ground, together with the contents. Dr. Acree had a very fine library destroyed. His loss will be $4,000.

A residence belonging to the Charleston Banking Company, of Cleveland, Tenn.; loss $1,000, insured.

The third fire was a two-story frame building valued at about $1,200, belonging to Ed Henderson; not insured.

MACON WILL INVITE PRESIDENT

To Witness the Carnival Display This Month.

Macon, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—At the Carnival Association meeting this evening it was decided to invite President McKinley and his cabinet, and Governor Atkinson and staff to attend the carnival and trades display October 11th and 12th. Senator Daniel, of Virginia, will be invited to deliver an address.

ADJOURNED UNTIL OCTOBER 11.

Monetary Commission Give Secretaries Time To Fix Papers.

Washington, September 29.—The monetary commission adjourned today until October 11th.

After the appointment of the three subcommittees last night the commission decided upon an adjournment to give the secretaries an opportunity to collect, collate and classify such suggestions as might be received. These are coming from all parts of the country.

When the commission reassembles its real work will begin.

BEAT ALL LONG DISTANCE MEN.

Walters Covers 64 Miles in 2 Hours 7 Minutes and 4 4-5 Seconds.

London, September 29.—At the Crystal palace today A. E. Walters beat all bicycle records over distances from thirty-four to sixty-four miles. He covered the thirty-four mile course in one hour five minutes and ten and one-half seconds, and the sixty-four mile course in two hours seven minutes and four and four-fifths seconds.

WOUND UP IN WARM SPEECHES.

Close of the Labor Convention in Chicago.

Chicago, September 29.—The three days' session of the labor convention ended this afternoon in a climax of incendiary speeches. E. M. Bannister, of St. Louis, chairman of the convention, resigned the gavel to introduce a resolution advising strikers in general to arm themselves for resistance when necessary.

After much discussion it was tabled.

Turned Loose by Habeas Corpus.

Gibson, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Lawrence Wilcher, a negro who has been in jail since the 12th instant, charged with manslaughter in killing Ernest Rivers, another negro, on that day, was today brought before Ordinary English upon a writ of habeas corpus. Wilcher's attorney argued that the court of inquiry did not specify the kind of manslaughter. The argument was sustained and Wilcher was turned loose. The killing, he claims, was accidental.

MAYORS DISCUSS MILK QUESTION

Thousands of Infants in Cities Killed by the Impure Article.

INTERESTING PAPERS READ

New Yorker's Appeal To Save the Lives of the Little Ones.

MAYOR OF BOSTON MAKES AN ADDRESS

Tells How Municipal Affairs Are Conducted in His City—Delegates Go Sight-Seeing.

Columbus, O., September 29.—A feature of the morning session of the national conference of mayors and councilmen that aroused great interest among the delegates was the reading of a paper contributed by Nathan Straus, of New York, on "The Influence of a Pure Milk Supply on the Death Rate of Children."

Most of the municipal officials here were conversant only to a limited extent with the work being done by Mr. Straus, in New York city. Naturally they were eager to learn all its details and listened to the recital of them with close attention.

The paper was read by Mr. Ford, of New York, and its opening statement that "there is practically no milk delivered for general consumption in cities that is fit to be fed in its natural state to young children," was sufficiently startling to challenge attention, if not contradiction. The paper closed with the following appeal:

"I think I have fairly demonstrated the proposition that many things in infants lives are annually sacrificed by the neglect to supply for the nutriment of children milk which has been subjected to the process of pasteurization. I hold that neglect to be criminal, and I leave it to you to fix the responsibility for it. We punish murder with the penalty of death, and yet we allow murder to be committed by the wholesale in every populous community of this land, with no thought of its punishment, and little thought of its prevention. I appeal to you gentlemen who are charged with the responsibilites attending the government of cities, great or small, to study the conditions under which this work is done, and carefully note the results which attend the doing of it. I appeal to you as if you were standing beside a great river in whose current were constantly swept past hundreds of drowning infants. This stream is a very real thing if people would but recognize its existence, and all its yearly tribute of death is paid because of the public neglect of some of the simplest precautions for the saving of children's lives. You, gentlemen, have the means under your control by which these drowning babies can be saved. I ask you will you not supply them? All that I plead for is the extension of the activity of local boards of health into a sphere which is legitimately theirs, but which, they have so far, lacked the conviction and the courage to occupy. I shall not have spoken in vain if I have succeeded in impressing you with the fact that the dictates of humanity and of public duty combine in demanding that this backwardness should exist no longer."

It was 11 o'clock when the conference was called to order this morning. The first speaker was Mayor Silas D. Drake, of Lincoln, N. J., the boom town that has three women delegates from its council here. He introduced to the convention Mayor J. A. Johnson, of Fargo, who argued for uniformity of state laws pertaining to municipal organizations and urged upon the conference the forming of a permanent committee on legislation, one from each state, to formulate a plan whereby the legislatures may make their municipal legislation uniform as to police powers, the control of the social evil, gambling and the reformation of criminals.

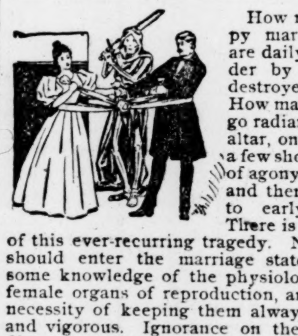
The appearance upon the platform of Hon. Josiah Quincy, mayor of Boston, was greeted with a welcoming applause accorded no other speaker so far. His address was scheduled as municipal affairs as administered in Boston, but its scope was much wider. It presented a clear analysis of the difference between federal, state and urban and rural administration and defined the possibilities of municipal public service as almost limitless.

After the noon adjournment there was no further session of the convention today. The afternoon and evening was given over to sight-seeing and the entertainment of the delegates.

When the convention meets tomorrow the report of the committee on permanent organization is likely to cause a sharp discussion. Friends of B. F. Gilkison, publisher of City Government, are making a persistent canvass for his election as salaried secretary of the permanent organization, but as both he and his publication are pronounced advocates of municipal ownership of public service plants, much opposition to his election is developing. The conservative element in the conference believes that any permanent organization that may be effected should not be operated in the interest of either side of this question.

Blaze in Washington, Ga.

Washington, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—A lamp exploded in an upstairs room in the Hogue & Wynn building last night and for a while it looked as if the building would be destroyed, but the firemen soon had the flames extinguished.



How many happy marriage ties are daily cut asunder by the grim destroyer, death. How many women go radiantly to the altar, only to pass a few short months of agony and pain, and then go down to early graves. There is one cause of this ever-recurring tragedy. No woman should enter the marriage state without some knowledge of the physiology of the female organs of reproduction, and of the necessity of keeping them always healthy and vigorous. Ignorance on these points digs graves for thousands of happy brides but a few months' journey from the altar. There is a sure and speedy remedy at hand.

The most marvelous medicine ever discovered for women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the discovery of a most eminent and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. It acts directly on the delicate organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. It makes them healthy and strong. It cures all weakness and disease. Taken during the expectant period it insures a healthy baby and makes parturition easy and almost painless. Women who wish to know all about the "Favorite Prescription" should write to Dr. Pierce.

Mrs. W. Robinson, Springhill, Cumberland Co., Nova Scotia, writes: "I feel that I cannot say enough about your 'Favorite Prescription.' I was confined on the 8th of April, and I was only sick about thirty minutes in all. I can truthfully say that your medicine worked wonders in my case. Although the physician was in the house I did not seem to require his aid. I am going around doing my own work and before I had to keep a girl three months till I was able to do my work. I recommended the medicine to a lady friend of mine and she is taking it. She expects to become a mother next month."

Constipation if neglected will lead the most robust to the doctor's office. The blood gets loaded down with impurities which it deposits in every organ and tissue in the body. Serious illness is the inevitable result. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are prompt and pleasant in their action. They never gripe. They cure permanently, and are not mere temporary palliatives. Druggists sell them. If you accept something said to be "just as good," you will regret it.

TECH SCHOOL IS NOW IN PROGRESS

Opening Occurred Yesterday with Many Pupils Present.

WORK WILL BEGIN AT ONCE

Not All the Departments Were Ready for the Opening.

SPLENDID COURSE HAS BEEN ARRANGED

All the Professors Are Thorough and Will Work for the Success of the School.

The halls and class rooms of the Georgia School of Technology, after a silence of several months resounded yesterday with the glad voices of the students who will begin work this year. The school opens with over two hundred students.

In addition to the old students there are about 115 new boys. These come from many counties in Georgia and from several neighboring states.

The dormitories presented a busy scene yesterday as the boys moved about settling down for the year. All the space in the new Knowles dormitory has been taken and in fact both dormitories are filled to overflowing.

The faculty is prepared to do a year's hard work. Every member has had a well earned vacation and has rested up for the work before him. The faculty this year has two new additions. They are Professor J. B. Edwards, who will assist Professor Quick in physics and electrical engineering and Professor K. G. Matheson, adjunct Professor of English.

Professor Edwards is a native of Alabama and received master's degree at Auburn last June. He taught electrical engineering at one of the Alabama institutions last year with eminent success. He is therefore well equipped for the work in this department. Professor Matheson is well known as an educator. He has won a high standing for himself as a teacher in other states. The capacity of the Tech will probably be very severely tested this year, since there is only room for about 200 students. This number can very easily be cared for, but as matters now stand it seems that the number will reach at least as high as 215.

President Lyman Hall stated yesterday that he would probably be able to care for all the students who applied for admittance. It is his second year in charge of the Tech and in this short time he has made the enrollment of the school larger than it ever was before. He has given all his time and attention to the school and most of the work is personally superintended by himself.

The new students will take their examination in English today and in algebra tomorrow. After they complete these examinations the papers will be examined by the faculty and on Saturday morning the standing of the students will be announced. This will be an important event and will decide whether or not many will enter.

The old students who attended the school last year are not required to be on hand until Saturday morning. They have already commenced to come in, however, and by Saturday the full number of students will be present. On Monday morning the school will be in full blast and then the students will get actively down to work.

The department of physics and electrical engineering is now in shape to take students in the course of electrical engineering. For two weeks Professors Quick and Edwards have been engaged in the work of installing the apparatus in the dynamo laboratory ready for operation. Over 2,000 feet of copper wire have been used in this installation, which consists in connecting to the switch board the generators, motors and rheostats, besides the various ammeters and volt meters for laboratory use. Only direct current machinery has been installed. The alternating current generators and motors will be in place by the time students are sufficiently advanced in the theory and manipulation of direct current to work with the alternating current to good advantage.

Students will begin work in this laboratory as soon as they finish the prescribed work in the physical electrical laboratory which will be in five or six weeks. In the electrical engineering course, which is open to students for the first time this fall instruction will be given in the theory, design and construction of direct current machinery, of the alternator, transformer and induction motor. The work in the dynamo laboratory will include the standardizing of measuring instruments, testing of arc lamps, the care, manipulating and testing of all sorts of dynamo machinery.

The academic building and shops have been wired for incandescent lighting and in a short time the electric current from the generators made at the school will be switched on these circuits and the buildings will be illuminated with electric lights.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if fail to cure. 25c.

NEW OFFICERS ARE ELECTED

Atlanta Clearing House Holds Regular Meeting.

FRANK HAWKINS PRESIDENT

The Organization Is in Good Condition and the Business Is Increasing.

The Atlanta Clearing House Association met in regular session yesterday morning and elected officers for the ensuing year.

Mr. Frank Hawkins, Jr., president of the Third National bank, was elected vice president; Mr. Thomas C. Erwin, treasurer, and Mr. Darwin G. Jones, manager.

The business of the association is in a healthy condition, and the organization takes first rank among the clearing house associations of the country.

The reports of the officers show that the clearings are steadily increasing, and the association is on a firmer basis than ever before. The business for September will probably exceed that of the same month last year.

The movement to fumigate paper money has not struck Atlanta. No requests of this kind have ever been made here. Large sums of currency are handed out by local banks every day, and there is no case on record where a man has refused to accept money because it had not been disinfected.

The clearing house association is enjoying one of the most promising eras of its history, and this is largely due to the efficient management of Mr. Jones.

Death of Mrs. Lorenzen.

Mrs. A. A. Lorenzen, the wife of A. A. Lorenzen, died yesterday at the home of F. C. McAfee, 222 East Fair street, where they boarded. She had been sick for only a short while and her death was very sudden and unexpected.

The funeral will take place this morning at 9:15 o'clock from the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and the interment will be at Oakland cemetery.

YELLOW FEVER

Continued from First Page.

ernment expert here and his opinion given to the world.

The scare is intense in many small towns and accounts of the actions of the rural quarantine officials would be ludicrous were it not for the very serious effect they have on business and other towns.

Dr. Swearingen on his return from Beaumont tonight issued the following proclamation:

"To the People of Texas: The quarantine against Houston can be raised with perfect safety, but if a single case develops, the people of Texas will be immediately informed. R. M. Swearingen, state health officer."

Business Is Suffering.

There are over 2,000 idle men in the city, and business is suffering terribly, hence, the anxiety of the business men to have a government expert here and his opinion given to the world.

The scare is intense in many small towns, and accounts of the actions of the rural quarantine officials would be ludicrous were it not for the very serious effect they have on business and their towns.

GROWING WORSE AT SCRANTON.

Nine New Cases and One Death Yesterday.

Mobile, Ala., September 29.—A special to The Register from Scranton, Miss., says that nine new cases of yellow fever and one death, that of Mrs. N. O. Franklin, were reported there today.

CLINTON'S SUSPICIOUS CASES.

Government Surgeons Will Go There To Investigate.

Jackson, Miss., September 29.—The board wired Surgeon General Wyman at Washington, saying that Passed Assistant Surgeon Geddings would arrive at the Jackson quarantine station tomorrow, and asking if he could go to Clinton to investigate some cases of fever, as the people there were afraid to receive a man from an infected port.

The following is the report of the movements of the doctors:

Dr. Purnell went to Champion Hill, found Dr. Champion's condition improved; met Dr. Watts from Queen's Hill. He reports two new cases of fever at Farris, Miss.—Hall and Theodore Taylor.

Dr. Birchett reported eight cases, all doing well, while Waldauer reports seven new cases.

The state board issued the following general ordinance:

"Be it ordained by the executive committee of the Mississippi state board of health that our ordinance of September 28, 1897, is modified as follows:

"Places south of the Ohio river having unrestricted communication with any infected places are to be regarded in the same category as infected places, and no persons will be allowed to come to any point in this state from such places."

MOBILE'S REPORT IS BETTER.

Only Four New Cases and No Deaths Yesterday.

Mobile, Ala., September 29.—Yesterday's rather big report of ten new cases was offset today by a small report of four. The only death in the twenty-four hours ending at noon, was Brother Symphorian, at the Industrial Gardens, reported last night.

NEW CASES.

M. C. Pelham, Elmira, near Charles.
Mary Otis, corner of Palmetto and Chatham.
P. S. S. King, 700 Savannah street.
W. M. H. Ray, Marine, near New Jersey.

The cases of the two boys at the Industrial gardens have not been reported as yellow fever.

The recoveries are:

Mrs. Kinslow, Mrs. Matthews, Adolph Muntz and Mary Bassett.

Total cases to date, 68; deaths, 10; convalescent and recovered, 34; under treatment, 24

There is much destitution in the families of the poorer classes of the infected district. The families in which sickness has appeared are practically shut off from the world and soon get out of food. The Can't-Get-Away Club is ministering to their necessities with great energy and is successful in relieving much of the distress.

The regulations have been modified and it is believed that the relief will be sufficient to supply wants adequately in the future. It is not the families where there are sick people that are the only sufferers. There are many people out of work and they are slow to make their condition known. The club is helping them as fast as their condition is discovered.

The general health of the city remains unchanged.

The people of beat thirty-four, of Clark county, are in rebellion, saying that they want the boats and must have them no matter what the health authorities say. The boats were received with open arms in the counties visited. Many of the people were completely out of food. Some of the planters having nothing with which to feed their hands. A quarantine officer of Monroe county was present on board the carrier on her up trip to see that the boat complied with the regulations. When the boat came back the county refused to receive him and he is now a fixure on the boat until frost comes.

The sensation of the day here was the attempt of the state to prevent the boats leaving Mobile on the second trip unless the boats were fumigated. The message came from the governor at about 5 o'clock when the boats were heavily loaded and ready to depart. There were many articles of freight that could not stand fumigation, and it was too late to unload and re-load the freight. The sheriff commanded the boats not to proceed and then went in search of the marine hospital to do the fumigation. The merchants held an impromptu meeting and they advised that the boats pull out, promising that they would pay the damages if any. With this, the boats set up a great whistling and pulled out for the upper landings, followed by the cheers of the large crowd.

CONSIDERING WHITSETT'S CASE.

Meeting of Prominent Baptists in Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., September 29.—(Special.)—A meeting of leading Baptists, including several prominent ministers, was held here today to consider the case of Rev. W. H. Whitsett, president of the Theological seminary at Louisville.

Among those present were Dr. Whitsett, Rev. Carter Helm Jones, of Louisville, and ex-Governor Northen, of Georgia. None of those present would make any statement as to what was done, a resolution having been adopted that nothing be given out until a formal and official statement could be prepared. Rev. J. O. Rust, the secretary of the meeting, stated that the proceedings had been harmonious and the action unanimous.

It is understood that the action taken was favorable to Dr. Whitsett.

Frank Thompson Arrested.

Bailiff J. G. Ahern, of Judge Orr's court, last night arrested Frank Thompson, a young man, on a warrant charging him with assault and battery. He is charged with having struck Mrs. William Sharpton at her residence, 170 Plum street. The case will probably be given an airing this morning in Judge Orr's court.

WASHINGTON CITY IN DARKNESS

Burning of the Power Station of the Capital Traction Company.

CAUSED ALL CARS TO STOP

Entire Fire Department Working on the Flames.

AT MIDNIGHT THEY WERE SPREADING

Several Buildings on South Side of Pennsylvania Avenue Ablaze. Loss $500,000.

Washington, September 29.—Fire broke out in the Central power station of the Capital Traction Company, a few minutes before 11 o'clock tonight, and in thirty minutes the magnificent six-story structure was doomed. The building occupies the entire block from Pennsylvania avenue to C street and from Thirteen and One-half to Fourteenth street. The blaze started on the southwest corner, and despite the efforts of the entire fire department, swept like wind through the enormous building. The heat was so intense that the men were driven from the adjoining streets. When it became evident that no efforts could save the power station, the department turned its attention to the adjoining property, but the flames leaped across Fourteenth street on the west to a big livery stable and thence across Thirteenth and One-half street on the east and attacked a row of three-story brick houses. So fearful was the heat that the firemen could not get within reach of the burning buildings. They were driven back foot by foot until the streams from the hose pipes could not reach the fire. The entire fire department was on the scene, but so fierce was the conflagration that their efforts were futile.

The power house was built four years ago. It is six stories in height and besides containing the power plant of the Pennsylvania avenue lines of the Central Traction Company, it is occupied by dozens of offices. The walls began to fall by 12 o'clock, and with the decreasing heat the men were enabled to get to work on adjoining property. Several houses, however, have been gutted. At this hour it is impossible to state the loss. Approximately it will be about $500,000 on the building, about $300,000 on the machinery and stored cars, while the losses sustained by tenants will amount to $200,000 more, making the total damage $1,000,000.

Two hours after the first alarm was given the huge building was reduced to a few crumbling walls. The loss on adjoining buildings will not be large as those burned are old and small. At one time the offices of the Southern railway were threatened, but prompt work by the firemen checked the flames.

As a result of the fire, the navy yard and Georgetown division of the traction company will be tied up until power can be installed at some other point.

ROME EXPERIENCES A BIG BLAZE

The VanDyke Block Suffers a Loss of Over $20,000.

Rome, Ga., September 29.—(Special)—This afternoon at 5 o'clock the most disastrous fire that Rome has had in years broke out in the big cotton warehouse of R. D. VanDyke & Co. The warehouse was a large commodious structure and contained several hundred bales of cotton and a heavy stock of general merchandise; also on the side track of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway Company that runs into the building there were five cars loaded with valuable freight that was consumed by the flames. It seemed for a while that the entire block was doomed, but the fire department succeeded in keeping the fire confined to the VanDyke buildings. The Armstrong hotel is in this block and so great was the heat from the burning buildings that the private fire service of the hotel had to be brought into use to keep the woodwork around the windows from catching. The firm of VanDyke & Co. is the biggest wholesale concern in the city. They are also prominent cotton factors.

The loss from the fire, as correctly as can be estimated now, is $20,000. The building and contents was fully insured.

FREE TO EVERY MAN.

The Method of a Great Treatment Which Cured Him After Everything Else Failed.

Painful diseases are bad enough, but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let-up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his aid in the shape of a combination of medicines that not only completely restored the general health, but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor, and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the method of this wonderful treatment free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost, because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist, nor do I pose as an enthusiast, but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a remedy as the one that cured me. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the information, but send for it, and learn that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get they are worth a fortune to some men and mean a lifetime of happiness to most of us. Write to Thomas Slater, Box 135, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain, sealed envelope.

$2,750 Spot Cash

Will buy a beautiful 6-room cottage, No. 487 Loyd. The house was substantially built by skilled white labor. It is strictly modern and a self-seller. If you will see the house we can sell you.

We are building two other houses. When finished they will be beauties. One is a five-room cottage on Dodd avenue, near Formwalt, the other a 7-room house, corner of Pulliam and Ormond streets. Get your money ready by the time these are completed or you will get sadly left.

We have several bargains in vacant lots on Pulliam, Loyd and Pryor streets. If you have city property to exchange for farms, see us. C. H. GIRARDEAU & CO., 8 East Wall.

24 HOURS ATLANTA TO CHICAGO

PULLMAN VESTIBULE SLEEPING AND DINING CARS via

EVANSVILLE & TERRE HAUTE R. R.

(EVANSVILLE ROUTE)

THE SHORTEST LINE TO THE CITIES OF THE NORTH AND NORTHWEST

For detailed information, call on City or Depot Ticket Agent of the Western & Atlantic R. R., or address D. H. HILLMAN, Gen. Southern Agent, S. L. ROGERS, Trav. Passenger Agent, ATLANTA, GA.

A Physician's Tribute

To the Benefits Received From Dr. Miles' NEW HEART CURE.

HEART DISEASE is curable. It is not surprising that all cases are not cured, since no physician has made the heart a special study for a quarter of a century as Dr. Miles has done. The following tribute from a physician will be read with interest. "For six years prior to taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure my wife was a terrible sufferer from heart disease. She had a constant fluttering of the heart and severe palpitation and pain in the left side. She took three bottles of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and was completely restored to health, and has not taken a drop of medicine during the past two years. Under these circumstances I cannot do otherwise than recommend it to others."

Friendship, N. Y. W. H. SCOTT, M. D.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Wedding Presents,

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.
Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing, Bottom Prices.

STILSON,

55 Whitehall St.

Dr. Lyon's

PERFECT

Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

WOODBURY'S

Facial Soap, Facial Cream, Facial Powder and Dental Cream make the grandest toilet combination known for the skin, scalp, complexion and teeth. They are sold everywhere, 25c. each. A sample of each sufficient for three weeks' use mailed on receipt of 20c. J. H. Woodbury, Dermatologist, 127 W. 42d st., New York.

You Press the Button. I Do the Rest.

Photographic developing, printing and enlarging for the amateur.
J. B. McCLEERY,
314 Norcross Building.
sep 11 1yr

NISBET WINGFIELD,

CONSULTING ENGINEER, WATER SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE.
441 Norcross Building, Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTH END HOTEL

TYBEE ISLAND,

Is the best seaside resort on the Atlantic coast for Georgians, South Carolinians, Alabamians, Floridians.

TYBEE

Is unsurpassed for its surf. (There is none better on the Atlantic coast.) Fishing is the very best to be had anywhere.

McAfee's 5th Regiment Band

Of Atlanta, has been engaged to play at the SOUTH END HOTEL during the T. P. A. visit to Tybee—two concerts daily. Write or telegraph direct for rooms.
W. M. BOHAN, Proprietor.
jun tues fri

ESTABLISHED 1857.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall St.,

Dealer in foreign and domestic Wines, Liquors, Bottled Beer, Porter, etc., etc. Blackberry and Scuppernong (very old). Imported liquors. All liquors and wines can be safely used for medicinal purposes. Pure corn whiskies, old apple and peach brandies, gins, rum, rye and Bourbon whiskies, California grape brandies. Also guns, pistols and ammunition, boots and shoes, baseballs and baseball bats, and other leather goods, hardware, hollow-ware, nails, etc., hatchets, axes, etc. Fifteen bushel German millet on hand now; will be sold low. Turnip seeds on hand.

All orders from country will be promptly filled at lowest rates for such goods as I handle. Fruit jars for sale—Mason's and Millville. Terms cash.

WILL NOT QUARANTINE

BUT CONTINUE TO SELL AT LOWEST PRICES

flour, meal, bran, white and mixed oats, white and mixed corn, Texas rust proof, winter fur and Burt seed oats, Georgia rye and barley, choice timothy hay, large and small bales, choice millet and prairie hay, wheat straw, cotton seed meal and hulls, stock feed.

Andrew Dunn Highest Patent Flour,

Makes the cake and takes it for best flour. Telephone, write or call at 268 and 29 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga. 'Phone 1424. J. D. FRAZIER.

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NEW HEART CURE.

DISEASE is curable. It is not
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New Heart Cure my wife was
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She took three bottles
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Cure and was complete-
ly restored to health,
and has not taken a
during the past two years.
circumstances I cannot do
recommend it to others."
N. Y. W. R. SCOTT, M. D.
Remedies are sold by all drug-
positive guarantee first bottle
money refunded. Book on Heart
sent free to all applicants.
S MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

ding Presents.
ODS ARRIVING DAILY.
Goods, Fair Dealing,
ottom Prices.
ILSON,
Whitehall St.

Lyon's
PERFECT
th Powder
ANT TOILET LUXURY.
people of refinement
quarter of a century.

ODBURY'S
Facial Cream, Facial Powder
eam make the grandest toilet
known for the skin, scalp, com-
eeth. They are sold every-
h. A sample of each suffi-
weeks' use mailed on re-
H. Woodbury, Dermatolo-
d St., New York.

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arging for the amateur.
J. B. McCLEERY,
4 Norcross Building.
sep 11 1yr

ET WINGFIELD,
G ENGINEER,
ER SUPPLY AND
DRAINAGE.
Building, Atlanta, Ga.

END HOTEL
E ISLAND,
side resort of the Atlantic
rgians, South Carolinians,
oridians.
YBEE
for its surf. (There is none
Atlantic coast.) Fishing is
o be had anywhere.
5th Regiment Band
been engaged to play at
ND HOTEL during the
Tybee—two concerts daily.
aph direct for rooms.
BOHAN, Proprietor.
fri

ABLISHED 1857.
R LYNCH
Whitehall St.,
gn and domestic Wines,
Beer, Porter, etc., etc.
Scuppernong (very old).
All liquors and wines
ed for medicinal purposes
les, old apple and peach
ram, rye and Bourbon
ta grape brandies. Also
ammunition; boots and
shoes, baseballs and bats,
goods; hardware, hollow-
hatchets, axes, e.c.; field
seeds. Fifteen bushel German
now; will be sold low. Tur-
country will be promptly
rices for such goods as I
s for sale—Mason's and
cash.

T QUARANTINE
E TO SELL AT LOWEST
PRICES
ran, white and mixed
and mixed corn, Texas
ter turf and Burt seed
and barley, choice tim-
and small bales; choice
hay, wheat straw, cotton
lls, stock feed.
Dunn Highest
ent Flour,
and takes it for best flour.
or call at 268 and 270 Ma-
Ga. 'Phone 1424.
J. D. FRAZIER.

BOSTON NEARING PENNANT POLE

Wins First of the Series of Three Games with Brooklyn.

SHOULD SHE WIN OTHER TWO

Championship Would Belong to the Bean-Eaters.

NO MATTER WHAT THE BALTIMORES DO

Brooklyn Also Struggling for Position and Both Teams Have Something To Fight For.

Standing of National League Clubs.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct
Boston..	130	92	38	.708
Baltimore..	127	89	38	.701
New York..	129	82	47	.636
Cincinnati..	128	74	54	.578
Cleveland..	125	66	59	.528
Brooklyn..	129	59	70	.457
Washington..	129	59	70	.457
Pittsburg..	128	57	71	.445
Chicago..	129	57	72	.442
Louisville..	125	52	73	.416
Philadelphia.. ..	127	52	75	.409
St. Louis..	128	28	100	.211

Brooklyn, N. Y., September 29.—The Bostons and Brooklyns began a series of three games this afternoon, on which much depends of both teams. Winning all the games will give the Bostons the championship, no matter what Baltimore does. A majority of the games for Brooklyn means a cinch on the only place still left in the first division—sixth.

The management had planned to handle a large crowd, but only 3,600 persons were present. It was Kennedy against Lewis, and for six innings it was nip and tuck, Lewis having a shade the better of the argument. In the seventh inning Kennedy took a ride in the "airship" and before he came back to earth the Bean Eaters had hit for one three-bagger, four singles and a sacrifice, which brought in four runs. This was more than Captain Griffin would stand and so he called on Payne in the eighth inning. He looked like Kennedy to the Bostons and three more runs was the result, thus clinching the victory.

After the third inning Lewis had the home team completely at his mercy. The support given the youngster bordered on the phenomenal. Duffy took a ball off the left field fence and was loudly cheered, for it was a grand piece of work. Stahl caught Schoch's foul fly from off the top of the picket fence in the sixth. Lonk and Lowe seemed to be all over the field. The Boston rooters had a section all to themselves in the grand stand. There were not over seventy-five of them, but what they lacked in numbers they made up in enthusiasm. The game was called at the end of the eighth inning on account of darkness. Attendance 3,575. Score: R. H. E.

Brooklyn.. .. .. .1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0—4 6 7
Boston.. .. ..0 0 2 1 1 1 4 3—12 18 3

Batteries—Kennedy, Payne and Burrel; Lewis and Burgen. Umpires, Carpenter and Lynch.

BALTIMORE DOWNS WASHINGTON

Fine Game, but the Senators Made Several Errors.

Baltimore, September 29.—Washington went down before the Champions today in a well-played contest. The game was characterized by the sharpest kind of fielding on both sides, Wringley and Jennings bearing off the palm.

Nops, while hit for double figures, was very effective in tight places, whereas McJames's six passes to first, two hits, batsmen and a wild pitch helped the Orioles to victory. The day's attendance was in marked contrast to that of Monday's, the reaction seems to have set in, and though the faithful local rooters are full of hope, the enthusiasm of Monday last was conspicuous by its absence. Attendance 1,919. Score: R. H. E.

Baltimore.. .. ..1 2 1 0 0 2 0 0 *—6 8 3
Washington.. .. .. ..0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0—3 11 2

Batteries—Nops and Clark; McJames and Farrell. Umpire, Hurst. Time, 2:05.

NEW YORK WHIPS PHILLIES.

Si Seymour Goes in at Seventh Inning and Strikes Out Five Men.

New York, September 29.—Errors in the first inning and clean batting in the second gave the New Yorks a lead today which the Phillies could not overcome. With a lead of six runs, Rusie retired at the end of the seventh and "Si" Seymour went on the slab. He succeeded in striking out five men and being hit but once, purely a gift affair, by Taylor. Attendance 1,000. Score: R. H. E.

New York.. .. ..2 3 0 0 0 0 2 0 *—7 8 0
Philadelphia.. .. .. .0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 11 5

Batteries—Rusie, Seymour and Warner; Taylor and Clements. Umpire, Emslie.

KILLS BUTCHER FOR HIS MONEY.

Simon Hopkins Entices John Harris from Home and Slays Him.

Bainbridge, Ga., September 29.—(Special.) John Harris was a butcher here and last Friday Simon Hopkins proposed to sell him three beeves for the cash if he would meet him at G. D. Griffin's pasture.

Harris agreeing to the proposition Hopkins borrowed Mr. Griffin's gun from an old negro woman in whose keeping it was, and met Harris in the pasture at the time and place agreed upon.

Instead of delivering the beeves Hopkins delivered a load of shot into Harris's head, killing him instantly.

Harris had $1,500 in his pocket when he was murdered, all of which was recovered from Hopkins, who is now in jail.

SENATOR BACON'S LIBERALITY.

Offers Large Tract of Land to Macon for a Park.

Macon, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Senator A. O. Bacon has offered the city about seventy acres of land on the eastern side of the Ocmulgee river to be utilized as a park.

The land offered is the most desirable anywhere around Macon for a park and it is probable that the city will accept it at the next meeting of the city council.

Desires to Lengthen the Path.

Macon, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—The Log Cabin Club has made an offer to the Ocmulgee Cycle Club to have them join with them in extending their bicycle path from the Cabin to the Columbus road.

WEAK MEN
CURED AS IF BY MAGIC.
Victims of Lost Manhood should send at once for a book that explains how full manly vigor is easily, quickly and permanently restored. No man suffering from weakness can afford to ignore this timely advice. Book tells how full strength, development and tone are imparted to every portion of the body. Sent with positive proofs (sealed) *free* to any man on application.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

BEN BRUSH BEATEN BY A LAME HORSE

Plaudit, a Forty to One Shot, Carries Off the Honors.

WAS SURPRISE AT GRAVESEND

Head-and-Head Race Down the Home Stretch.

BEN BRUSH COMES IN AS SECOND

Plaudit Won by a Head to the Discomfiture of the Talent—Other Races at Gravesend.

New York, September 29.—When the fourth race at Gravesend today had been run the crowd stood aghast.

The great Ben Brush, who could beat anybody's horse a few days ago and who was in the pink of conditin then, had his colors lowered by a two-year-old, and a lame one at that, and one that had not shown much of anything in his last race, so, with the odds of 2 to 7 against Ben Brush, it was not surprising that 40 to 1 could be got against Plaudit. Plaudit and Alice Farley made the running to the upper turn, when Dr. Catlett joined Plaudit and Alice Farley fell back to the rear.

Then the two raced head and head into the stretch and down to the finish, when Ben Brush squeezed in between them, Plaudit winning by a head, with Ben Brush a head in front of Dr. Catlett.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs: Salabar, 11 to 5, won; Dairan, 4 to 1, second; Banished, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:02.

SECOND RACE—One mile: Fireside, even, won; Anson L, 15 to 1, second; La Fontera, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:45.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: Flying Dutchman, 3 to 1, won; Hastings, 9 to 10, second; Peat, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:13¾.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Plaudit, 40 to 1, won; Ben Brush, 2 to 7, second; Dr. Catlett, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:47½.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Nick, 6 to 5, won; Tremargo, 5 to 2, second; Rubicon, 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:15.

SIXTH RACE—Hurdle handicap, two miles: Forget, 9 to 10, won; Baby Bill, 5 to 1, second; Walsor, 2 to 1, third. Time, 3:52½.

Entries at Gravesend.

First race, three-year-olds, five furlongs—Julius Caesar 115, First Fruit 115, Hindoonet 115, Momentum 115, Long Acre 115, Field Lark 115, Merlin 115, Boy Orator 115, Homelike 112, Cruiskeen Lawn 112, Maude Ellis 112, La Maroma 112, Sanvenado 115.

Second race, the Greenfields, selling, six furlongs, value $1,500—Cleophus 115, Bromo 113, Kinni Kinnick 111, Trolley 108, Passover 108, Leedsville 103, Orion 101, Break o' Day 98, Bill All 98.

Third race, all ages, mile—Sunny Slope 110, Cassette 110, Courtship II 110, Nanna 110, Poetess 110, Tripping 110, Intermission 110, Miss Prim 110.

Fourth race, Holly handicap, five and a half furlongs, value $2,000—Previous 126, Handball 122, Fire Arm 120, Demagogue 117, Easter Gift 116, Cock Robin 103, Plaudit 115, Blue Away 110, Sanvanado 106, Bliss Rucker 104, Momentum 97, Sensational 92.

Fifth race, handicap, mile and a quarter—Leman 126, Deerslayer 118, Ben Eder 118, Rondo 112, Lake Shore 112, King T 108, Tom Cromwell 108, Poetess 107, Timour 84.

Sixth race, selling, five furlongs—Hugh Penny 115, Peacemaker 111, Lambert 168, Regulator 107, Kaiser Ludwig 104, Tanis 103, Parthamax 103, Domitor 102, Rossifer 102, Zaralda 100, Hurryup 100, Red Spider 99, Her Own 98, Ben Ronald 94.

Entries at Harlem.

First race, two-year-olds, maidens, nine-sixteenths of a mile—Moline 102, Hindoo Queen 102, Dena 102, Radaire 102, Long Suit 102, Hazeldean 105, Nanny Dean 105, Waukesha 110, Flo Honey Dew 110, Berwell 110, Little Alarm 110.

Second race, two-year-olds, seven furlongs—Pinar Del Rio 107, Globe II 107, Whirmanteline 107, Lieber Karl 110, Tom Calvert 110.

Third race, handicap, mile and one-sixteenth—Fervor 93, Lady Calahan 94, J H C 95, Moncreith 100, Aquinas 90.

Fourth race, combination stakes, six furlongs—Our Gertie 88, Flora Louise 88, Presbyterian 88, Sackett 91, Malvolio 91, Traverser 91, Dick Massie 108, Harry Duke 112, Libertine 115, Gath 119, David 119.

Fifth race, selling, mile and one-eighteenth—Jersey Lad 98, Lady Dixon 105, Rudolph 105, Redskin 108, Sunburst 108, India 112.

Sixth race, selling, seven furlongs—Lon Jones 104, Trilby 104, Necedah 104, Forseen 104, Sea Robber 106, Serena 106, Travis 107, Lew Hopper 107, Tranby 112.

TECH FOOTBALL MEN HERE

Team Has Commenced Practice and the Boys Are Jubilant.

MANY GAMES ARE ARRANGED

Coach Wood Has Arrived and the Prospects Are Better for Athletic Honors Than Any Previous Year.

The opening of the Technological school yesterday not only started the boys in their studies but they have begun early to arrange their athletic contests for the year. The prospects for the football team are very encouraging and they have a large amount of material to select from.

There are fifty applicants for the team at the present time and many more are expected to come in a few days. Many of the old men who were on last year's team have returned, and these, with the new men, will easily make the "Techs" stand high on the list when the football season is over.

Among the old men who have returned are Crawford, half back; Freyer, full back; West, center, and Souby, Robinson and Bullock. All these have records among the achievements of the team of the Tech, and they will keep them up by better work than ever this year. The team will be coached by J. B. Wood, of Center college, Kentucky, and it is said that he is one of the best in the south. He has played center, right tackle and guard.

The first meeting will be held Saturday morning and it is probable that the regular team will be selected at this time. They will immediately go into training in quarters for the purpose of getting the men in form for the early games that have been arranged. The training table will be conducted in the strictest order and the men will be put under severe discipline.

This afternoon they will have a practice game with the Young Men's Christian Association team at Brisbine park and the teams will hereafter meet often to get all the benefit of each other's training. Other games have been arranged with the University of Georgia for the 23d of October, and also with Clemson college, S. C., Auburn, University of Alabama, Sewanee and later another game with the University of Georgia.

As manager of the team Mr. Osgood Holmes will be in charge.

Five County Convicts Escape.

Elberton, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—This morning as the guards were bringing the county convicts out of the jail where they are kept at night five of them made good their escape, and up till this hour have not been caught. The city has leased the convicts until a chaingang can be put into operation, and had them in charge when the escape was made, and unless they are captured will be resopsible for them.

SKY SCRAPER ON WHITEHALL LOT

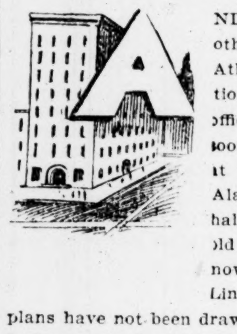
Still Another Magnificent Structure for Atlanta.

ON THE OLD LYNCH PROPERTY

Will Be Built for Offices and Contain Every Convenience.

MR. JAMES LYNCH BEHIND THE MOVE

Large Sum To Be Expended—Site Located Corner Alabama and Whitehall—Plans Have Not Been Drawn—May Include Eiseman Property.



AND here is still another skyscraper for Atlanta. The erection of an immense office building will soon be commenced at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets, on the old Lynch property, now occupied by the Linen store. The plans have not been drawn, nor is it exactly known just when the work will begin. The present tenants have been notified not to make any permanent arrangements in present quarters for the year.

Mr. James Lynch, one of Atlanta's wealthiest citizens, the owner of this valuable piece of ground, is behind the scheme. A large sum will be invested, and the building will contain every convenience that modern ingenuity can suggest.

The exact height has not been determined, but the structure will probably be ten stories high. Mr. Lynch's health has not been very good of late, and he has not been able to mature his plans as he had hoped.

The site is one of the most valuable in Atlanta for an office building.

Mr. John J. Lynch, the Decatur street grocer, and a son of Mr. James Lynch, was seen yesterday afternoon, but was inclined to be rather non-communicative.

"I do not see," said he, "how the rumor of our new building got out. I have said nothing about it to anyone, for I do not regard this the proper time for any publicity in the matter.

"We are, however, contemplating the erection of a building on that site. It depends greatly on the health of my father. If he improves I think the building will go up. As to plans and specifications, we have not consulted any contractors or architects yet. The structure will be for offices, and will be first-class in every particular."

The Lynches own twenty-five feet fronting on Whitehall street, the lot running back a good depth to the alley. There is a dicker on foot between Eiseman Bros, who own a large space next to the corner, and Mr. Lynch to erect a handsome building jointly on both properties. The Eisemans, it is said, have made a proposition to the Lynches, but the parties have never come to terms.

It is probable, however, that some trade of this kind may be made. The building would then be one of the handsomest in the south.

COTTON ALMOST LONG STAPLE.

Harris County Farmer Who Has Raised His Standard of Cotton.

West Point, Ga., September 29.—(Special.) Joe W. Hamer, of Harris county, about eight miles east of West Point, brought into town today a specimen of cotton which eclipses anything ever seen here before in that line. It has from six to eight locks to the boll.

The staple is very long and silky, resembling the sea island culture. The seed are large and well formed.

Savannah Looking for a Gulf Storm.

Savannah, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Gales continue high off the coast and another gulf storm is expected to come this way. There are no indications yet as to its extent or severity. Today is the anniversary of the storm that last year destroyed more than $25,000 worth of property in Savannah, and Savannahians have been somewhat worried for fear that another one was heading this way.

WILL SPEED AWAY FOR CHAMPIONSHIP

Big Meet Takes Place Tonight at the Coliseum.

WILL WALTHOUR BE WINNER?

Great Speculation as to Who Will Come in Ahead.

BAKER, REPINE, EATON AND WALTHOUR

All Will Line Up and the Race Will Determine Who Is To Be Champion of the Indoor Track.

If Bob Walthour is not the fastest rider in the south that fact will be made clear at the coliseum races tonight.

If Jay Eaton and Bert Repine can really beat him they will both have that chance tonight, and if they fail it will probably be the last chance that either of them will have, for if Bob can beat them out he will be looking for bigger game and not be inclined to give either one of them a chance again. They have both, as well as Con Baker, met defeat at his hands, and they are all of them very anxious to redeem themselves and beat Walthour out if they can. They have both bet money that they will beat him and the race will be for blood. The man who wins this race will not only get the $75 purse, but he will get a chance to ride against the greatest rider in the world when those who are beaten in this race will probably never get another chance if they wear the track out training.

All of the men in the race tonight have made fast time for the mile and they are all in better condition than they have ever been before. Eaton has a little the best of it so far as the records are concerned. The fastest mile that he has ever ridden was made in Louisville in 1:51. Walthour comes next with a mile to his credit in 1:52, made in Dertoit, and Bert Repine's best mile was 1:58, made in Nashville. What Con Baker's best mile record is is not known, but Baker has beaten Eaton in three match races and is able to take care of himself in any company, although there are not many who think he will be in it tonight. Baker is confident, however, and in spite of the practice that the other men have had on the track he says that he will win out tonight. In fact, they all say that and it is evident from the way they have all worked for the race that they believe what they say.

Outside of the big four-cornered race the only other event on the programme will be a match tandem race that will be as exciting as the big race. The two Walthour brothers, Russell and Jim, have been practicing on a tandem for some time and they are considered the fastest team in the city, but they have been challenged and will have to defend that title tonight against big Eli Winesett and Frank Steinhauer on another tandem. Prince has put up a purse of $30, the winner to take all, and the race will be for blood. It will be run the best two out of three heats. First heat one mile, second heat two miles, and third heat, if necessary, three miles.

Tonight's programme is by far the best one that has ever been given at the coliseum, as every event on the programme is a star event. It will be exciting. There will be no amateurs or scrub professionals on the track; in fact, it is a programme of match races.

Following is the official programme as it will be run tonight. The events are put in the order that they will come.

1. First heat of the match tandem race, one mile.
2. First heat of the four-cornered race, one mile, Eaton vs. Repine.
3. Second heat of the match tandem race, two miles.
4. Second heat of the four-cornered race, one mile, Walthour vs. Baker.
5. Third heat of the match tandem race, three miles.
6. Third heat of the four-cornered race, one mile, Walthour vs. Repine.
7. Fourth heat of the four-cornered race, one mile, Eaton vs. Baker.
8. Fifth heat of the four-cornered race, one mile, Repine vs. Baker.
9. Sixth heat of the four-cornered race, one mile, Walthour vs. Eaton.
10. In case of a tie in match race, this will be a half mile race to decide the winner of the great event.

The races will not be rushed as they have been and between each heat the Fifth regiment band will play selections arranged for the occasion.

There is more excitement in the city over the big race than there has ever been over a race, and it is quite likely that there will be an enormous crowd in the coliseum tonight. Up to last night there was only one box left and it will be sold before tonight.

A great many large bets have been put up on the race and many more will be placed before night. There is no betting allowed in the coliseum, and any one caught making a bet tonight will be arrested and prosecuted. There will be an extra police force on to keep order tonight and the Consolidated has arranged to handle the crowd without any delay.

The meeting of the Fifth regiment that was to have been held tonight was postponed on account of the races. Colonel Candler thought that it would be impossible to have a full meeting because so many of the men will go to the races instead.

The big race will undoubtedly be the race of the season and the man who wins it will certainly be entitled to call himself the indoor champion of the world.

The first heat will be run at 8 o'clock sharp.

Colored Masonic Enterprise.

Americus, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—The executive committee of the colored Masonic grand lodge of Georgia purchased yesterday twenty acres of land in Americus, upon which will be located a home for the widows and orphans of deceased members, embracing an industrial school. The corner stone will be laid shortly. The annual sessions of the grand lodge will be held here in future.

Said a Wise Old Doctor:
"If all the world could be made to see
Londonderry Lithia Water
as I see it in my daily rounds; if they could realize the luxury, the health, the safety from all germ life; the great power of the water to dissolve and carry away the waste products of high living, the Company would be unable to supply the demand."
It has been curing rheumatism and other uric-acid troubles for two hundred years.
Notwithstanding the advance in the price of foreign waters, prices on Londonderry will remain the same.
Sold by all dealers in Mineral Waters, and in every hotel and club in America.

DON'T KNOW BONES WHEN THEY SEE 'EM

Utter Failure of "Distinguished Experts" in the Luetgert Trial.

LEARNED DOCTORS DIFFER

Allport Says "Hog," Dorsey "Human" and Court Is Bewildered.

STRONG POINT MADE BY THE DEFENSE

But a Strong Clash Will Result Between "Experts" Which Will Prove Very Interesting.

Chicago, September 29.—Hog or human.

That is the issue in the Luetgert case at present, and according to the views of the case adopted by the jury is the fate of the defendant likely to be.

If hog, he will in all probability go free; if human, there is no telling what will happen to him, or rather what may not happen to him.

The defense proved today that the bone which Dr. Dorsey, the osteologist of the Columbian museum, declared was the femur of a human being, of a woman, and of a woman of delicate physical structure as was Mrs. Luetgert, is nothing but the bone of a hog.

It came from a hog of delicate organization, so said the expert for the defense, but he was nothing but a hog for all that. The femur was rather small for the usual run of hogs, but this was a small bone in the hog, and there is no doubt of the origin of the bone. The witness who declared all this for the defense was Dr. W. H. Allport, professor of descriptive and comparative anatomy in the Northwestern university. He declared in the most positive manner that the femur was that of a hog, and that there was no chance of his being mistaken in the matter. Dr. Dorsey, who proved for the state that the femur was that of a woman, was in the courtroom when Dr. Allport was on the stand, and his face blushed when the expert for the defense declared that the bone came from a hog. He will take the stand when the time comes for the state to offer its evidence in rebuttal and prove to the jury that the femur is not that of a hog, but of a human being—of a woman, and a woman of delicate physical organization.

The declaration of Dr. Allport clearly defines an issue between himself and Professor Dorsey. They are the respective leading experts of the defense and the prosecution. Both pride themselves upon their reputations, and a battle royal will be the result. Dr. Allport drew pictures of what he said represented a human femur and a hog's femur, and explained to the jury the difference between them. The difference was principally in the socket of the hip joint, according to the witness. Dr. Allport will be cross-examined after he has testified further concerning metacarpel, sesamoid and temporal bones.

Previous to Dr. Allport's testimony Professor J. A. Weisener gave evidence in support of Dr. Riese's testimony in connection with the experiments with human bodies made in the vats in the Luetgert factory early in the present month. His testimony was of a corroborative character. State's Attorney Deneen smilingly declared tonight that Professor Dorsey would settle the question as to the identity of the bones beyond a question when next he appeared upon the witness stand. Luetgert and his lawyers were well satisfied with the showing made, and ex-Judge Vincent said he could not see the necessity of Luetgert going on the witness stand.

"There is nothing for him to deny," remarked ex-Judge Vincent.

SHOT BY HIS OWN PISTOL

Detective Ed Walton Meets with Painful Accident.

THOUGHT AT FIRST WAS KILLED

The Ball Made a Flesh Wound in the Calf of the Leg—Was Taken to the Grady Hospital.

Last night about a quarter before 8 o'clock City Detective Ed Walton accidentally shot himself while attempting to board a trolley car.

At 7:45 o'clock a Consolidated car started from the corner of Marietta and Broad streets for Westview cemetery. Detective Walton was standing on the corner looking toward the car when he saw Sergeant Bedford among the passengers. He remembered that the sergeant was going to investigate a burglary case. The detective had no special work on hand, and seeing the sergeant alone and bound for a rather dangerous locality, he decided to board the car and accompany him.

The car was some distance from where it started, and the detective had to run to catch it. He started off at a lively speed, and overtaking the car, attempted to swing himself up on the running board by one of the hand rails. Just as he did so his revolver slipped from its scabbard in his hip pocket and fell upon the belgian block pavement.

There was a loud report as the pistol struck the pavement, and Detective Walton reeled and dropped from the car.

Not until the pistol fired did Sergeant Bedford know that Walton was near him. He turned just as the detective fell. The sergeant and those who saw the accident thought at first that Walton was killed. It was not known who had fired the shot, and it was some time before the idea that Walton had been assassinated could be controverted.

At that hour the streets were crowded, and the report of the pistol caused three or four hundred people to flock to the scene.

Walton was carried to Tyner's drug store, where his wound was examined by a physician. It was found that the ball had entered the flesh of the lower part of the left leg, but fortunately did not strike a bone.

The wounded officer appeared to be suffering greatly, and morphine was administered to relieve his pain. He was taken to the Grady hospital and his family notified.

Sergeant Bedford, in speaking of the accident, said:

"I was on the Westview car for the purpose of visiting some parties at 28 Traynham street in regard to a burglary case. Walton saw me and was trying to board the car when his pistol fell from his pocket. I did not know he was anywhere near until I heard the report of the pistol. It is fortunate that the ball did not strike him in some vital spot. Falling as it did, the hammer must have struck upon the pavement. This gave the muzzle of the weapon an elevation, which sent the ball upward and toward Walton. Had it been elevated but an inch higher the ball would have hit him in the body."

Walton has been on the detective bureau of the police department for several years, and has made an excellent officer. He will be laid up for several weeks.

We Make Our Bow To the Women
LADIES' FINE SHOES.
We are now ready with the finest assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's NEW SHOES in all styles and widths.
All are the productions of our best manufacturers.
All are pretty—combining good wearing qualities with all styles and grades.
Remember, our stock is complete. We have all sizes and widths in all new fall shapes and styles.
The weather is a tritle warm, but we are selling lots of Shoes.
Bargains in School Shoes. We save you money by giving you the best in quality.
R. C. BLACK
35 Whitehall St.

Just Received
. . . . . A FULL LINE OF . . . . .
FRESH CEREALS
A. W. Farlinger, Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
325-327-329 Peachtree St.

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Are not checking the sales of Willingham & Co., the champion manufacturers of Doors, Windows and all classes of inside trimmings, and lumber of every description. Mantels of the best design. All agree that Willingham & Co.'s is the place to buy Building Material. No. 64 to 68 Elliott st., Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 1020.
Willingham & Co.

CALL ON US FOR
FLORAL DECORATIONS.
THE C. A. DAHL FLORAL CO.
'Phone 105. 10 Marietta St.

ONCE A YEAR
Winter comes upon us with a crash, and those who are not prepared often have all the season for their regrets. What's the use having regrets, cold feet, or anything else when we can sell you a heater for a

ONE DOLLAR BILL.
That is the cheapest, but we have larger and better Stoves.
King Hardware Company,
Corner Peachtree St. and Auburn Ave.

China, Glassware, Bric-a-Brac.
Atlantians appreciate elegant goods. This store found its niche largely through bringing here finer goods than other stores carried. The foregoing statement is not too broad. Art goods, artistic goods, the finer specimens of ceramic art are here—but they are just merchandise, when considered from a price standpoint. Direct and skilled gathering makes prices the least and that centers trade here.
Rich products of Dresden potteries wonderfully cheap. All the European specialists are represented in our stock.
DOBBS, WEY & CO.,
57 North Pryor St., Next to Equitable Building.

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SIGNATURE
Lea & Perrins
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PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

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Substitution by Salesmen.

It is the habit among some salesmen to endeavor to persuade customers into buying something else than things asked for as the result of the advertising of specialties, the advantages of which are presented in the advertising columns of the newspapers. Very frequently something is offered, guaranteed to be "just as good." It very often happens that the store indulging in this imposition makes more money from a "just as good" preparation, but the customer is the loser. Reputable dealers should not try to substitute and customers should be careful to protect themselves by insisting upon being given what they ask for or going elsewhere to get it.

ATLANTA, GA., September 30, 1897.

The Cotton Market.

Contrary to hope and expectation—contrary, indeed, to the laws of supply and demand—the price of cotton does not advance. In spite of the fact that it should be selling for 9 cents a pound in Atlanta, it is selling around 6 cents, which means about 5 1-2 cents on the farm.

Not within the past ten years, as we have taken occasion to show, has the market position of cotton been so favorable. That is to say, not within ten years has the foreign and domestic stock in sight been run down so low. With this situation prevailing in cotton goods, the price of those goods would go up with a rush.

But the raw material, however, seems to be a different matter; it appears to be the victim of a bear conspiracy, in which the foreign and domestic spinners are on one side, and the cotton planters and those who hope for a large measure of prosperity for the south, are on the other. The spinners have already hit the market a serious blow by means of the figures of Mr. Neill, their southern agent. He has "guessed" that the crop now coming into the market will amount to ten and a half million bales, and since that guess or estimate was filed in the Liverpool exchange, the price has dropped between one and two cents a pound, resulting in a loss to the farmers of $10 a bale. This loss, in the aggregate, is simply tremendous.

The spinners are more fortunately situated than the farmers. They have an agent here who makes it his business to bear the price by guessing at the probable number of bales, and they can afford to wait until the price falls to a point that will give them enlarged profits. The farmer, on the other hand, cannot afford to wait until the diminished supply sends the price up. He has obligations to meet, and he must carry his crop to market very early in the fall.

With all the conditions favoring better prices, we can only hope that cotton may make such response thereto as will give our farmers fair wages for their year of toil. The staple should be selling today for at least 10 cents in the New York market. This would go far toward restoring prosperity in the south. It would give our people an opportunity to enjoy at least a fair share of the prosperity that has been produced in other sections by the increased prices of food crops.

It is possible that a sudden move in the market, similar to that which carried wheat up, may enable our farmers to realize fair prices for their cotton. This, at least, is our expectation, based on the small stock of cotton in sight on the 1st of September.

Gold in War Time.

Not the least of the delusions of the gold men is that it is necessary for a nation to have a hoard of gold on hand in case of war. This is recently illustrated in an article written by M. Leroy Beaulieu, a French gold monometallist. He declared it would be sheer madness for France to open her mints to silver. Why? Because, in case of a war, gold would be the only money available for war purposes.

Now, if gold is really the only money available for war purposes, it is very queer that it never is so available. If there is anything in this world that is not available for war purposes, that thing is gold. It flees from war like a phantom deer. It disappears like a ghost when war knocks at the door. It slips to its secret, dark and midnight hiding places. It ceases to be money and becomes a memory.

We need go no further back than our own war to illustrate the fact that gold is not to be depended on as an available asset. The government sought to secure it by issuing bonds, and did secure some, but it disappeared like magic. Then came the issue of greenbacks, and these did the business. By means of this paper currency, the war was carried on for four years. Not only that, the north and west where the greenbacks circulated entered upon an era of unmatched prosperity, even while the clash of arms was heard on the border.

Technically speaking, the greenbacks were not money, but mere promises to pay, but the government created them into good money by giving them the legal tender quality. They would pay debts and taxes, and this fact created a demand for them. It is true the greenback dollars were "depreciated" as compared with gold, but nobody wanted gold. It had disappeared without leaving any aching void behind, and nobody had any use for it save those who were hiding it or those who were using it as the basis of speculation.

It is true that the greenback dollars were what the gold fanatics would now call "unsound" and "dishonest" dollars, but they carried the north successfully through a great war, and, after the war, gave prosperity to the whole country. So much so, that the people would be glad to have another era of "unsound" and "depreciated" currency (as compared with gold) so that they might enjoy the accompanying prosperity, and the resulting industrial and commercial activity.

The Beet Sugar Industry.

One of the most important facts to be observed in connection with the world's industrial progress is the growing popularity of beet sugar.

Less than ten years ago the world's total output of beet sugar was shorter by 134,000 tons than its total output of cane sugar. Since that time the difference between the two products has been growing steadily in favor of the former and today the total output of beet sugar is twice as great as the total output of cane sugar. The following table shows in exact figures the gradual evolution which has taken place in favor of beet sugar during the past ten years:

Year	Beet tons.	Cane tons.
1888	2,407,000	2,541,000
1889	2,708,000	2,359,000
1890	3,563,000	2,138,000
1891	3,640,000	2,597,000
1892	3,445,000	2,785,000
1893	3,344,000	2,769,000
1894	3,786,000	3,260,000
1895	4,691,000	3,137,000
1896	4,232,000	2,556,000
1897	4,773,000	2,432,000

If such is the change which the past ten years have brought about, it looks very much as if beet sugar were destined to supplant cane sugar altogether. But, happily for the United States, it makes little difference which product is ultimately made the basis of the world's sugar industry as both are native to the soil of this country, and abound in large quantities. The following table shows the gradual change in percentages which has taken place during the past ten years:

	Beet. Per cent.	Cane. Per cent.
1888	48.6	51.4
1889	53.4	46.6
1890	62.5	37.5
1891	58.3	41.7
1892	55.2	44.8
1893	54.6	45.4
1894	53.7	46.3
1895	59.8	40.2
1896	62.3	37.7
1897	66.2	33.8

It is not every country on the globe which is so fortunate in the variety and abundance of its resources as to regard with indifference any change which might occur in the industrial situation so far as the manufacture of sugar is concerned; but such is the fortunate situation in which this country finds itself, and come what may, the United States is ready to produce its share of the world's sugar.

Another Great Eastern.

When the Great Eastern went to pieces some fifteen or twenty years ago, there were many prophets in the country who solemnly declared that another effort to float such a gigantic structure would never be attempted; but the recent successful voyage of Kaiser William the Great from Southampton to New York in the brief space of only five days and twenty-three hours, completely shatters this prediction.

The German vessel which is destined to monopolize public attention for some time to come is only a trifle smaller than the Great Eastern, as may be seen from the following comparative table:

	K. W.	G. E.
Length over all	649	697
Length between perpendiculars	625	680
Beam	66	82
Draught	26	30
Depth	43	58
Gross tonnage	14,000	19,500
Horse power	30,000	2,700
Speed, knots	22	12

One fault of the Great Eastern was that the motive power supplied by its boilers was altogether insufficient to propel its immense weight. As disclosed in the above table, the propelling force of the Great Eastern's boilers aggregated only 2,700 horse-power, with a tonnage of 19,500 tons to support; while the propelling power of the Kaiser William's boilers, with only 14,000 tons to support, aggregates the enormous amount of 30,000 horse-power. Had the Great Eastern been supplied with only half this amount of power it might today be plowing the waves of the Atlantic.

The hapless fate of the Great Eastern is still fresh in the minds of the reading public. Its career of reverses began with a tragedy and ended with one. In 1859 the vessel started upon its trial trip across the Atlantic; but, shortly after leaving port one of its main pipes exploded, causing the death of seven men. In the course of a few weeks the damage caused by this explosion was repaired, and the vessel subsequently made several trips across the water; but it never recompensed its owners for the vast sum of money put into it, nor succeeded in crossing the Atlantic in a shorter space of time than twelve days. The science of navigation had not advanced far enough at that time to disclose the real cause of the Great Eastern's failure, and, naturally, even its own builders supposed that the only trouble with the vessel was its weight. Science has made rapid progress in the last few years, however, and the secret of the vessel's failure has at last become apparent.

But while the Great Eastern's career was one of disasters, it was not altogether inglorious. After remaining idle for several years it was finally brought into service again, and utilized in laying the Atlantic cable. With the fame of this celebrated achievement the name of the Great Eastern is closely identified, and but for the glamor which the Atlantic cable throws around it, the memory of the old vessel would be one of disaster and reproach only. Some fifteen or twenty years ago the Great Eastern was dismantled in one of the navy yards on the coast of New England and sold for old plunder. Such, in brief, is the story of this ill-starred monster of the deep.

While the Kaiser William is not quite so large as the Great Eastern, its success in plowing the Atlantic makes it clearly evident that the latter's failure was due not to its enormous size, but solely to its lack of motive power. Within the next few years the watery highway between this country and Great Britain will witness even larger vessels than the Great Eastern making faster progress than the Kaiser William. What goal of which the human intellect has ever dreamed is beyond the ultimate reach of science?

The Gold Standard in India.

Mr. Yule, chairman of the board of directors of the Bank of Calcutta—in this country he would be called the president of the bank—recently made some interesting remarks at the half-yearly meeting of the bank board. Owing to the scarcity of money brought about by the closing of the Indian mints to silver, the rate of the Bank of Calcutta had been 10 per cent from December of last year to June, 1897. Mr. Yule exploded the theory that dear money is a first-rate thing for a bank. He confided to his hearers the information that had the bank's rate been 4 instead of 10 per cent, their profits would have been considerably greater.

"Enforced scarcity of money," said Mr. Yule, "is the only hope on which the skeleton of the famine-stricken and famine-begetting gold standard depends. To become wealthy, the government of India is diligently endeavoring to render itself, as well as the trading community, completely destitute." This arraignment of the gold standard is enough to make its worshipers in this country wince.

But Mr. Yule does not stop here. He goes on to remind his hearers of the prosperity that existed in India in 1892. "Thanks to the redundancy of the currency," he said, "industrial activity was never greater." Think of that! a banker declaring in favor of a redundant currency! The answer of the gold fanatics in this country will be that though Mr. Yule is a banker, he "doesn't understand the money question;" he is an "ignoramus;" he is "interested in silver mines;" he is "an anarchist;" or he is "a repudiationist."

In his reference to "the famine-begetting gold standard," the manager of the Bank of Calcutta did not go beyond the facts. It has been demonstrated beyond all question that the famine in India (which is still in progress) was a money famine. There was food to be had for the money, but the people who were starving had no money. They had, indeed, what for centuries was the equivalent of money until the idolators of gold decreed otherwise, namely, ornaments and jewelry of silver. When the Indian mints were open to silver, the people could, in a crisis, turn these ornaments into money at a moment's notice. With the mints closed, there was no longer a market for the silver ornaments, especially when more than a million of sufferers were ready to part with all they had. But for the closing of the mints there would have been no money famine, and no suffering, for the silver ornaments and jewelry could have been turned into rupees at a moment's notice. Owing, however, to British greed, the mints were closed, the rupee given an artificial value, adding immensely to the obligations of debtors, and thus we have in India, not only a money famine that has caused untold suffering and unnumbered deaths, but the spectacle of a government hopelessly involved in financial chaos.

In fact, the confusion in business and commerce, the arrested development of the country, and the shifts to which the Indian government is compelled to resort in its efforts to escape the bankruptcy and beggary to which the gold standard is driving, are among the events and results which lead us to hope that there is really some movement of significance and far-reaching importance behind the recent declaration of the Bank of England that it is ready to hold one-fifth of its reserve in silver. It is these things that give at least a ray of hope that the British government may be induced to rescue its Indian dependency from bankruptcy and destitution by reopening the mints to the free coinage of silver.

The Springfield Republican has the temerity to suggest that Wall street's recent "prosperity" was a "brass-band affair." Well, well—we have the "calamity howler" always with us.

Mr. Hanna's campaign is not flourishing as warmly as he had anticipated.

The Macon News admits that The Telegraph has the largest circulation of any republican paper in Georgia.

The Valdosta postmaster is not allowed to sell stamps in Macon, where he lives.

By becoming a republican, the administration will allow you to be postmaster in one town and live and do business in another town a hundred miles away.

We propose to continue to clamor for our due proportion of advertising in The Macon Telegraph.

Mr. Dingley has been moved to tell the truth. He says that his tariff law is not a revenue raiser; that the rise in wheat is temporary, and that we will have the silver question with us next year. Nobody knows why Mr. Dingley was willing to state facts calculated to hurt Hanna.

SHE PATRONIZED A CAROUSAL.

Was Thrown from a Hobby Horse and Brings Damages for Injuries.

San Rafael, Cal., September 29.—A novel suit has been brought by H. A. Clark and Fannie B. Clark, his wife, against James Hayden, of Tiburon.

They want $25,000 damages for injuries sustained by Mrs. Clark while riding a hobby horse at El Campo, a summer resort.

The horse, which was on a merry-go-round, owned by the defendant, became unmanageable through the collapse of the machinery.

The lady was thrown and so badly hurt that she may be disabled for life.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

The Young World.

Ah, me! the songs that are sung—ah, me! the words that we say!
The world is for the young, and the young must fight their way.
The world is for the young . . . . It seems scarcely a year ago
Since I felt the red thrill in my heart . . . . and its pulses now are slow!

The world is for the young . . . . when I look around me now,
And a silver-gray of hair falls down from the bent and furrowed brow,
I say to myself: "I have lived so long!" . . . . and yet, not long it seems,
When I see the little ones at my knees, trying to read my dreams!

I see them at my knees—I lift them to my heart,
And I say, and I say: "Though my locks are gray, why should we ever part?"
But ever there comes the same old song, which from earliest times was sung:
"The old stay late, and the old do wrong, and the world is for the young!"

Let me take this little one to my arms—let me cuddle him to my breast
With the same sweet love that his mother has lulled him into rest:
Let me say to him: "When the night grows dim, will you think of the songs I've sung?"
And the dear, sweet eyes will answer: "The world is for the young!"

What does he know of the whitened locks that fall from my bending brow?
He only knows that his father's arms are close around him now!
He only knows he has all I have—for all the world's unrest,—
And that, when the night is falling, he comes to his mother's breast!

He comes to his mother's breast—he asks no question there:
He knows that the shelter is sure—he thinks that the skies are fair;
He never knows the thorns in the rose—that the heart with grief is wrung:
From life's sweet morning until its close—the world is for the young!

Let the old give way! . . . . they have had their day! . . . . the child on its mother's breast,
Or the old man, bent with years and gray—it's a sweet world at the best!
For all the sighs and the weeping eyes, and the sad or sweet songs sung,
'Neath meadowy Maytime, or Wintry skies—the world is for the young!

Some Queer Verses.

One finds queer things in turning over the mass of poetical manuscript which finds its way into a newspaper office. For instance, among some of the pathetically declined poems appear the following:

"I write from Missouri:
My poem is not grand;
But I hope that you'll receive it
From this benighted land.

"I write you from Missouri,—
My letter takes its way;
When you receive my poem,
O let it have full sway!"

Still another bard, writing from the Lone Star State, sings in this strain:

"In the glorious state of Texas,
Where the ponies we do mount
I was born to be a citizen
Too long ago to count!

"And I have ceased to tell my age,
Because 'tis much in doubt;
But let me know, sir, if you please,
When my subscription's out."

And yet one more practical poet, writing from "the red hills of Georgia," says:

"I have seen the moon behind the hills,
Rise with her light reflective;
And also, by the moonshine stills,
The revenue detective.

"Of course, the moon has talked to me—
For many it entrances;
But better far I loved to see
My dear detective's glances!"

Still a more pathetic ballad runs in this style:

"O tell me not I must
Leave my dear Georgia's strand;
For there my true love lies in dust,
Who should have claimed my hand!

"And there the morn and twilight dim
Weave tender thoughts and sweet;
A bird sings on a tree for him
And tells me: "You shall meet!"

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Atlanta's Libraries.

Editor Constitution—Will you please give the library facilities of Atlanta?

B. MOORE.

Atlanta, Ga., September 29, 1897.

The Young Men's library of Atlanta contains nearly 20,000 volumes devoted to all phases of literature. The membership fees are $2 semi-annually. The state library contains something over 20,000 volumes devoted largely to state records, judicial decisions and miscellaneous literature. In addition to these public libraries there are numerous private ones ranging in size from 1,000 to 5,000 volumes.

How Ashby Street Was Named.

Editor Constitution—In June, 1862, my father, E. W. Pou, was living in the suburbs of Atlanta. Just across the road lived "Cousin John Thrasher," our only neighbor. He and my father and several other land owners had decided to cut out a road through the woods from his house to Whitehall street. I was a very small boy, but my father told me to get my hatchet and help, and that when Atlanta grew to be a great city, I could point to one of the streets I had helped to cut out.

On the day that we commenced work the papers contained the news of Ashby's death, and my father christened our road "Ashby avenue."

I was reminded of this circumstance by seeing the article on the death of Turner Ashby, in your issue of 13th instant, and thought that your readers might be interested in knowing that Atlanta has a street named for him. Yours truly,

ARTHUR PEW.

Bainbridge, Ga., September 27, 1897.

The Postmaster Was Right.

Editor Constitution—Please answer the following through your information column.

A and B are neighbors, who get their mail at the same village postoffice. Each has a lock box rented from the postmaster. A takes a newspaper and B wants to read a certain issue of A's paper, so B asked A to have his (A's) paper of date mentioned put in his (B's) box, so A goes to the office and gets his mail, and before leaving asks the postmaster to take the paper and put it in B's box. The postmaster refused, saying that it was against the law to take papers back in the office after they have been taken out without more postage. Please answer whether or not the postmaster was right or not through your valuable paper for the benefit of one of your

SUBSCRIBERS.

Lavonia, Ga., September 28, 1897.

TO EDUCATE THE MEMBERS.

The Y. M. C. A. Business College Will Open Next Month.

The Young Men's Christian Association business college will open with a good attendance October 15th. The educational committee has been working assiduously for the success of this branch of the work, and prospects indicate the very best course in the history of the association.

This college is a great opportunity for the young men of the city to obtain an education absolutely free of cost. The classes are in session at night, and do not interfere with daily work. The curriculum embraces all studies taught in a regular business college.

The college is open for six months, and is entirely free to association members. There were over 459 enrolled last year. The attendance this year will be much larger.

POINTS BY THE WAY.

What the report of the Blalock committee will be is the source of speculation over the state and nothing that the coming session of the legislature has in store is looked forward to more eagerly than the announcement of this communication. There is evidence that the report will be flavored up with a little tabasco and served at the temperature of a Christmas chafing dish.

The "reports" should have been said, for now comes the news that there will be two separate papers to be presented to the general assembly. From an interior source comes the tip that the members of the committee did not dwell together in brotherly love during the sweltering months, but there are rumors that internecine strife came, and this, it is said, will be proved in a dissenting report.

Chairman A. O. Blalock was in Atlanta yesterday but he would not affirm, neither would he deny the statement, that there would be a minority report.

It the first place, the report will deal a severe blow at the head of the State university, and will make certain recommendations in regard to salary and perquisites which will be interesting.

It will suggest that the full federal appropriation be taken from the institution and turned to other uses, and that a separate college of agriculture be established.

Certain other suggestions concerning the university will come, which will show that the committee took pains with this institution.

As to the dissenting report, this is to come from Committeeman John D. Little, and it is said that he will take an emphatic position strongly adverse to what the majority of the committee has to say.

The report will not be voluminous. It has been expected that from the length of time consumed in the examination of the different departments it would be of bulky nature, but the chairman knows the futility of putting a heavy record before the house and it is said has framed a communication terse, pithy and dynamic.

When Chairman Blalock was interrogated yesterday concerning the report he smiled significantly, looked sphinxlike and shook his head. Mr. Blalock's report is going to be a feature.

Mr. H. F. Simrall, Jr., son of ex-Justice Simrall, of Mississippi, is in Atlanta. His residence, Vicksburg, is only a few miles from Edwards, the afflicted Mississippi city which is daily reporting so many cases of yellow fever.

In speaking of the situation there, Mr. Simrall said:

"Edwards has a population of about six hundred whites and as many more negroes. It is a thriving business town, and is suffering dreadfully from the scourge. The yellow fever took root there in this way: A family in Ocean Springs returned to their home in Edwards after yellow fever had developed at Ocean Springs. The family lived near the residence of Hon. S. S. Champion, one of the leading citizens of Edwards and a member of the state legislature. He gave close attention to his neighbors and nobody treated the matter seriously at that time. After a while Mr. Champion developed the fever, and being the most popular man in town, many of the residents went to his home constantly to inquire as to his condition. He died, and his funeral was the largest ever seen in Edwards. It was thought that the fever spread from this. The town is located about five miles from the river and is not in a low country. It has heretofore been considered a remarkably healthy place. Of course all of its business has been absolutely paralyzed lately, and fifteen or twenty new cases of fever are being reported there every day."

When Governor Bob Taylor walked out on the stage in Atlanta Saturday night last he had no idea of the stir which would follow over his reappearance as a lecturer. They have been censuring him up in Nashville and The American puts in a shot or two at him upon the line that he dropped his dignity when he stepped from the gubernatorial chair and began to get off lung-lifting grinds. It was the opinion that the saintly demeanor which should attach itself to a chief executive was tainted with the platform jokes, and that it was a stab at state pride when the people saw their governor going the rounds as a lecturer. But the fun-loving folks of the country have come to the support of the genial governor. He has found a strong advocate in The Washington Post, which has this to remark anent the appearance of the governor here and the criticism which has come resultant:

"And shall the dyspeptic carping of some sour editor drive this dispenser of enjoyment into retirement? We should say not. Tennessee can get a governor any day in the year—her affairs can run themselves, for that matter, without any governor at all. It is not everybody, however, who can chase away the clouds of gloom, can fill the atmosphere with infectious laughter, and raise the average of human life by lightening the prosaic mind of dull, corroding care. This is what 'Bob' Taylor can do. Tennessee ought to be proud that she can send out an apostle of sunshine into the wary, stagnant world.

"It may be that the citizens of Tennessee want Governor Taylor exclusively unto themselves, but we banish this selfish thought as unworthy to be ascribed to a brave and generous people. It may be that if the governor of Tennessee was paid more than a paltry $2,000 a year, out of which he has to pay rent and board, and clothe himself and his family, he would not seek on the lecture platform the funds which an amused populace gladly pays, and which go as far to meet the inevitable bills. However, we are glad that, no matter what the reason, Governor Taylor is scattering joy and laughter in the south. Champagne is not exhilarating as long as it is kept in the bottle, and Governor Taylor is not a national blessing unless he is uncorked."

Frank Curry, of Jackson, was in Atlanta yesterday to look after several cases which he has recently taken up in the line of recovering damages from private lessees for holding misdemeanor convicts. Since the agitation of the question and the discovery that the lessees are liable Mr. Curry has taken up several cases and got a verdict on all. He was first to make a test case on this question.

Judge Allen Fort was here yesterday. His term as railroad commissioner will soon come to an end and then will come the battle for his place. It is said that he will be requested to hold over until the session of the senate. There are those who say Judge Samp Harris will come in for the commissionership, and that Warner Hill will be placed on the bench, but this is all speculative and nothing definite will come very soon.

The quarantine of the Alabama towns against Atlanta is laughed at by those who are familiar with the situation. The facts that there has been only one case of yellow fever here, that it is now out of danger; that no refugees come in at this time; that the period of incubation has passed for the germination of the disease among those who came early should bring the Alabama people to a normal condition. The sword, however, is cutting on both sides and a strong kick is coming among the leading men in Alabama.

GEORGIA SKETCHES OF NEWS AND COMMENT

—Sapelo proposes, but the legislature disposes.

—Bibb county has turned in over $210,000 in taxes.

—Captain Triplett denies the assertion of The Americus Recorder that negroes were entertained by Mark Hanna in Thomasville.

—Cobb county will make a great display of her resources on October 12th, in which the racehorse will play his part.

—George P. Brooks, of Taylor county, is the champion hawk and owl killer. He killed twenty-nine hawks and eleven owls last year, and up to the present he has killed twenty-nine hawks and fifteen owls this year. He killed fourteen hawks and seven owls in one day. His success is due mainly to his impersonation of the bird which, when heard, will come right to him.

—Near Waycross Mr. L. A. Harris and Miss Williams were in the midst of an elopement flight, when they became conscious of something under the buggy seat. Presently one of the young lady's little brothers bobbed up from under the seat. The little fellow happened to be awake, and catching on to the racket, stepped out and crawled under the seat and accompanied them on their romantic journey and saw the ceremony performed, but was powerless to prevent it.

—Judge R. W. Clements, of Irwinville, is the possessor of an ideal southern home. His plantation consist of 2,450 acres, a large portion of which is under cultivation or devoted to turpentine interests. His palatial residence is a model of neatness, surrounded by blooming flowers, foliage, plants, trees, etc. The judge is the owner perhaps of the largest barn in this section of Georgia, 97,000 feet of lumber being used in its construction. He employs sixty laborers. Besides other stock, he has twenty-five head of work mules and horses.

—There is a pecan tree on the plantation of the Widow James, five miles from Waycross, that is a peculiar freak. It was twice struck by lightning last year, but is still bearing some of the finest pecans. The last time the tree was struck a bolt of lightning ran down the corner of a smokehouse near by and smashed up various things inside of the building, leaving an old setting hen undisturbed in one corner. It then struck the clothes wire and followed it across the yard to the corner of the fowl house, where it came near killing the entire lot. The clothes line was melted from end to end. The tree, not to be outdone, took on new life and is bearing some very fine pecans this year.

—Says The Butler Herald: "That Atlanta is in a condition to invite refugees from yellow fever within its limits and extends to them a cordial welcome, should not detract from the praise which it is due for its broad humanity. There are, no doubt, other cities which could follow the example of our grand city, but they do not make themselves known. We regret to note that some cities seem to be envious of the praise which Atlanta is receiving for its sympathy with human suffering. If these envious cities are afraid to follow the example of Atlanta, or feel that they are not in a condition to do so safely, they should not attempt to detract from the just fame of Atlanta. They should be glad that one city at least is able and willing to open its gates to the refugees from plague-stricken sections. As Georgians we feel proud of Atlanta for what it has done and is doing for humanity. All honor to Atlanta and its noble, large-hearted people."

—Looking forward to the improvement promised by the roadwork made necessary to give employment to the convicts, The Athens Banner says: "Just think of old Georgia having a system of macadamizing public highways, such as are to be found in some of the older states of the union, and which has done more to advance those states than any other public enterprise within their borders. It would certainly be a long stride toward making our grand old commonwealth what she should be and what she deserves to be. Such a disposition of our convicts has long been a favored idea with us, and though we are not prepared at this writing to say that it is the best and wisest solution of the convict system, yet as a Georgian in every sense of the word, ever ambitious for her greater growth and advancement, we would feel that the day of our greater prosperity had come if this vexed problem could be safely, wisely and practicably settled by utilizing our convicts for the improvement of our public highways."

—The city of Dublin has been launched in Dublin. About seventy-five people were present at the launching, many of whom enjoyed the experience of going down with the boat as she entered the water. The launching was a little premature. Just before the signal was to be given the hull of the steamer began to slide down from the blocks on which it had been built. For this reason the christening and other usual exercises were not gone through with. Everything was satisfactory, however, and the boat went into the water smoothly and gracefully and floated off from the bank. The City of Dublin is 165 feet long and twenty-two feet wide. It has been built with special reference to a very low river, drawing, when burdened with 150 tons, not more than three and one-half feet. Its own weight allows it to draw only about twelve inches of water. The steamer will ply on the Oconee between Dublin and points up and down the river, reaching landings nearly to the Central railroad bridge at one end of its route and to the Georgia and Alabama railway at the other. It will carry freight and passengers. The Dublin Transportation Company is composed of some of the leading business men of this city, and Mr. T. B. Hicks is president.

—The Georgia Dairymen's Association will hold its fourth annual meeting at Macon November 17th and 18th. All of the roads will sell tickets to this meeting at one fare for the round trip, on sale at all stations on November 16th, 17th and 18th, good to return including the 19th. This is a liberal rate offered by the roads, and will be appreciated by the hundreds of dairymen throughout the state. This promises not only to be the most largely attended, but also the most interesting and profitable meeting the association has ever had. Among the noted speakers for the occasion will be the Hon. H. E. Alvord, chief of the dairy division of the department of agriculture, Washington, D. C. One of the interesting features will be the large display of dairy and creamery products on exhibition. For these many valuable premiums will be offered by the association. A list of the premiums can be had by addressing the secretary, Mr. M. L. Duggan, of Sparta, Ga. This display will also be profitable and interesting to dealers and consumers of butter, cheese, cream and milk, as well as the producers. There will also be on exhibition many and various dairy utensils and implements from the manufacturers and dealers, such as are used in modern dairying, and to examine which will within itself be worth the while of anyone interested in this industry. A premium list, and any other desired information, may be had from the secretary, who would also like to have the names of all who contemplate attending the meeting, or exhibiting any class of dairy products.

Thousands Crowd Tent.

Macon, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—The services at the gospel tent continue with unabated interest.

Fully 3,000 people attend every service held at the tent, and a number of conversions have been made. Some of the services approach the sensational. Women and men crowd up to shake the hands of the ministers.

OCTOBER TO BE VERY DRY

Another Month of Drought, According to Weather Bureau.

SEPTEMBER UNUSUALLY DRY

Only One Little Sprinkling of Rain Has Fallen—Last Night Was the Coldest Yet.

September closes without any rain. If records count for anything, the month which begins tomorrow will be very dry.

The normal rainfall for October is 2.21 inches, which is about half that of a normal month.

Unlike last September, this month ends with a cold wave. Last September closed with the highest temperature of the year. This year the month closes with the lowest temperature that has so far been recorded.

Last night was the coldest night of this season. The temperature was low enough for frost in low places around Atlanta. Showers are predicted for today, but at present there is very little indication for any rainfall.

Following is a record from which one may know what to expect of the month of October, which begins tomorrow:

The following data, covering a period of nineteen years, has been compiled from the weather bureau records at Atlanta, Ga.

Month of October for nineteen years.

Temperature:

Mean or normal temperature 62 degrees.

The warmest month was that of 1884, with an average of 68 degrees.

The coldest month was that of 1885, with an average of 57 degrees.

The highest temperature was 91 degrees, on 3d, 1884.

The lowest temperature was 30 degrees, on 31st, 1897.

Average date on which first "killing" frost occurred in autumn, November 4th.

Average date on which last "killing" frost occurred in spring, March 30th.

Precipitation, rain and melted snow:

Average for the month 2.21 inches.

Average number of days with .01 inch or more, seven.

The greatest monthly precipitation was 5.44 inches in 1887.

The least monthly precipitation was .02 inches in 1891.

The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any twenty-four consecutive hours was 2.66 inches, on 30th, 1881.

Clouds and weather:

Average number of clear days, sixteen; partly cloudy days, eight; cloudy days, seven.

Wind:

The prevailing winds have been from the northwest.

The highest velocity of the wind was thirty-six miles from the east on 22d, 1890.

Weather Notes and Forecast.

At 8 o'clock last night the center of highest pressure was over the middle Atlantic coast. There were two centers of almost equal low pressure—one over the eastern portion of South Dakota and another off the southern coast of Florida.

Clear weather generally prevailed, except along the middle and south Atlantic and gulf coasts, which were reported as cloudy. Light rains were reported from Florida and southern Louisiana.

The temperature decreased over the north Atlantic and eastern lake region, and also over the middle and eastern gulf states and in the northwest; elsewhere it has risen.

The forecast for today is showers.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Daily mean temperature	65
Daily normal temperature	61
Highest temperature	79
Lowest temperature	56
Total rainfall during 12 hours	00
Deficiency since January 1, 1897	9.61

MISS ANNIE DELK WEDS.

She Becomes the Bride of Mr. William Anderson, a Young Merchant.

There was a wedding in the city last night about 9 o'clock which is of considerable interest on account of the notoriety of the contracting parties.

The bridegroom was William Anderson, a grocery merchant, and the bride was Miss Annie Delk, the daughter of Taylor Delk and the sister of Tom Delk.

The marriage ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's mother, No. 6 D'Alvigny street, and was performed by the Rev. Stephenson, the minister who holds the services at the county jail every Sunday.

A few of the intimate friends of the bride and groom were present and the couple were heartily congratulated by all those present.

Mr. Anderson is twenty-three years of age. He was a widower and there was quite a romance surrounding his first marriage. On last Sunday he stated to a friend that his first marriage had been an unhappy one and he had separated from his first wife shortly after the wedding.

Miss Delk is a very handsome brunette and is only seventeen years of age.

The couple will live in the city.

TWO LITTLE GIRLS WERE LOST.

When Taken Home Their Mother Was Found Destitute.

Last night at 8 o'clock two little girls, one about seven years of age and the other five, were brought to the police barracks by Patrolman Hewell. The children said they were lost and could not find their way back home.

Call Officer Cornett ascertained that their mother resided on Reinhardt street and carried the children there. He found the woman's name to be Mrs. Bennett, at least that was the way the Greek name was pronounced in English.

Mrs. Bennett lives in a small cottage on Reinhardt near the Boulevard. She is in the most humble circumstances; in fact, is poverty stricken. Her husband, who is a native of Greece, went to visit the old country last June. He wrote three months ago that he was on his way home, but he has never shown up. It is believed that he died on the way.

The woman has eight children, the oldest of whom is sixteen and the youngest three years of age. She has lately sent one of the children out to beg on the streets. The eldest girl is at work in a factory and her earnings is the entire source of income upon which the large family has to live.

The officer says he never saw such a poverty stricken family in his life before. As he was leaving the house one of the children cried out to him:

"Captain, please give me a nickel."

McCULLOUGH CASE MONDAY.

Big Trial Will Take Place in Jonesboro Next Week.

The case of John McCullough, the alleged Clayton county murderer, will be called by Judge Candler, in Jonesboro, next Monday morning. There is a probability of a continuance, however, as Solicitor Hill, who will assist in the prosecution, is ill at his residence in Atlanta, and will not be able, it is thought, to attend court by that time.

With this exception, both sides are ready, and the prisoner's attorneys will make a desperate effort to save his life. They refuse to disclose the grounds on which the defense will be based, but it is hinted they have a strong case.

The prosecution will attempt to show that McCullough murdered his wife with a wagon standard; that there was a motive for the deed. There will probably be no new developments of any importance in Monday's trial that have not been brought out previously. The case has attracted widespread interest, and the outcome will be eagerly watched.

Subscriptions for the Carnival.

Macon, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—The finance committee of the Macon Carnival Association is out hustling today for subscriptions to the fund to defray the expenses of the carnival. About $3,000 has been raised today.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Today.

Virginia and North Carolina—Fair, warmer easterly winds.

South Carolina and Georgia—Showers; northerly winds.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair in northern, showers in southern portions and on gulf; northeasterly winds.

General Weather Report.

Daily report of the weather at selected stations as shown by observations taken at 8 p. m., September 29, 1897:

STATIONS.	Temp. at 8 p. m.	Highest temp.	Precipitation inch., 12 hrs
New York, clear	60	70	.00
Savannah, cloudy	70	74	.T
Norfolk, clear	64	72	.00
Charlotte, clear	66	74	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	68	78	.00
Wilmington, cloudy	64	74	.00
Charleston, cloudy	70	72	.00
Augusta, cloudy	66	74	.00
Jacksonville, cloudy	74	76	.32
Jupiter, pt. cloudy	78	82	.60
Key West, pt. cloudy	80	84	.00
Atlanta, clear	68	74	.00
Tampa, raining	74	84	.14
Pensacola, raining	68	78	.38
Montgomery, cloudy	66	76	.04
Vicksburg, clear	82	88	.00
New Orleans, clear	76	84	.00
Port Eads, cloudy	76	80	.10
Palestine, pt. cloudy	86	96	.00
Galveston, clear	80	86	.00
Corpus Christi, pt. cloudy	86	90	.00
Buffalo, clear	64	68	.00
Detroit, clear	68	76	.00
Chicago, clear	74	76	.00
Memphis, clear	82	86	.00
Chattanooga, clear	72	82	.00
Knoxville, clear	72	84	.00
Cincinnati, clear	76	84	.00
St. Paul, clear	78	88	.00
St. Louis, clear	80	84	.00
Kansas City, clear	84	90	.00
Omaha, clear	80	90	.00
Huron, clear	76	94	.00
Rapid City, cloudy	70	78	.60
North Platte, clear	76	86	.00

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

WILLSON—Friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas G. Willson, Mrs. Horace Powers, Mr. and Mrs. John Willson and family, Mrs. J. R. Gormley and Mrs. J. M. Fulton are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Thomas G. Willson, from the residence, 327 Luckie street, at 11 o'clock this morning. Interment at Westview cemetery.

DIED—Mrs. A. A. Lorenzen, wife of A. Lorenzen, September 29th, at residence, 222 E. Fair street. Funeral this (Thursday) morning at 9:15 o'clock at Church of Immaculate Conception. Interment at Westview. All friends invited.

McDOWELL WANTS RELEASE

His Property Is Tied Up on Account of His Wife's Alimony Suit.

NEEDS MONEY TO PAY OFF DEBTS

He Has Filed with the Court a Petition Asking Authority To Mortgage a Lot for a Loan.

The divorce and alimony proceedings brought against Thomas McDowell by his wife, Mrs. Lola McDowell, has caused the former to file in court a petition with Judge Lumpkin asking that the court relieve him of the injunction recently issued sufficiently to enable him to pay his debts by making a loan upon a small piece of property which is tied up with the general restraining order.

The story of the divorce and the charges attending the proceedings is one of unusual features. McDowell is a Scotchman, aged and feeble. He is quite wealthy, owning a large amount of property near Grant park. His wife declares in her petition that he has been very unkind to her, not allowing a fire in the winter and in various ways annoying her and interrupting the happiness she had anticipated when she married him. These charges are indignantly denied by the plaintiff's husband, who declares he has done what a loving and affectionate husband should do. The divorce case has been reviewed in the superior court at length and as a result a restraining order was granted, enjoining Mr. McDowell from disposing of his property until a final adjudication of the case could be had.

McDowell has now filed with the judge his petition, declaring that he is financially embarrassed on account of the restraining order, which makes it impossible for him to mortgage any of his property. He says he is old and infirm and that on account of his inability to pay his debts, he is being harrassed and sued by creditors. He asks the court to relieve the injunction insomuch that he can raise a small amount of money with which to pay off pressing claims. He says that all the money which he intends to raise in this manner will be applied on debts that are of a pressing nature.

AT THE LYCEUM.

Tonight "Chris and Lena" will be the bill at the Lyceum, with Pete Baker, the German comedian, as the star.

It was in this piece that Mr. Baker, as a star with Baker and Farron, made his first and lasting reputation. Baker and Farron in "Chris and Lena" made a tour of the English-speaking countries under the management of the then famous firm of Brooks & Dixon.

The tour lasted for five years, and was really a trip around the world. Brooks and Dickson were then the proprietors of "The Romany Rye," "The World" and many other mammoth productions.

"Chris and Lena" made both fame and fortune for all who were interested in it.

The production tonight will be exactly the same as was given on this world's tour. The piece is full of comedy and singing. During the performance many specialties will be introduced, and between acts the vaudeville numbers will be given.

The Wilber company has made a favorable impression, and has, in fact, played the most successful engagement of the season in Atlanta.

The continuous performances have been particularly pleasing, and the absence of dull waits has done much toward making them a success.

There will be two performances daily for the remainder of the week. The "Old, Old Story" was admirably presented last night.

For Indigestion.

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. Gregory Doyle, Syracuse, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed it in cases of indigestion and nervous prostration, and find the result so satisfactory that I shall continue it."

FIRE AT AMERICAN LAUNDRY.

Gas Burner Ignites a Wooden Partition. Damages Slight.

It takes fire to run a laundry, but there was a little too much at the American laundry, corner of Marietta and Spring streets, last night about 9:30 o'clock.

Some of the workmen turned a gas burner into a stockroom and the flame was so near the wooden partition that it ignited. No one was near the place when the fire blazed out, and it was not discovered until the pine boards were burning rapidly.

A telephone message called out the fire department, and the flames were extinguished before any damage was done.

YELLOW FEVER 1878.

J. O. Burge, a prominent druggist of Bowling Green, Ky., writes: "During our yellow fever epidemic no one who kept their liver and bowels regulated with Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir was attacked with the fever."

A Prominent Lady.

Head nurse at one of Grenada, Miss., hospitals during the yellow fever epidemic 1878, writes that Mozley's Lemon Elixir was the only remedy that, by regular use, prevented and protected the people against yellow fever during that fearful scourge.

VOTERS REGISTER WITH A RUSH

1,640 Names Were Added to the List Yesterday.

TOTAL NUMBER IS NOW 4,674

Registration Books Will Close Tonight at 8 O'clock.

TODAY IS THE LAST OPPORTUNITY

Tax Collector Stewart Says for All To Come Early Today To Avoid the Afternoon Rush.

The city registration books close tonight at 8 o'clock, and if your name is not on the list you can't vote in the October white primary. No excuse will be accepted and no certificates of tax having been paid will be issued. It means that you can't vote if you have not registered before 8 o'clock tonight.

The registration came yesterday with a spurt. It was a magnificent turn on the home stretch and 1,640 voters qualified and took the oath of office. Early in the morning the voters began to swarm into Tax Collector Sewart's office. They came with a rush and there was a crowd that kept the vacant space about the windows in a stew all day.

The books when opened yesterday morning showed a registration of 3,034. When they closed last night for the day a total of 4,674 had registered and there had been as many to register in that one day as had been for the two weeks past. On account of the big rush yesterday it was impossible last night to count up the certificates by wards and it will be several days after the books close before the ward registration can be assorted out and announced.

As the books close tonight and today will bring the last opportunity for voters to register, Tax Collector Stewart is exceedingly anxious that the restrictions thrown about the registration be explained to all. There will be a rush at the windows this morning when the office opens and there will be no time to ask questions. The rules are quite simple and anybody who is a citizen of the United States and a resident of Atlanta and Fulton county can vote, provided they are twenty-one years of age and have paid all taxes now due. The taxes for 1897 are not yet due and will not be until later on next month.

It is expected that 2,000 voters will register today, which will carry the total registered vote to nearly 7,000. If these figures are realized the vote in the primary will be quite heavy, heavier perhaps than is usual in off years, when no county and state officers are to be elected.

The books will close promptly at 8 o'clock tonight. They are now open in the tax collector's office, in the annex to the county courthouse.

LEFT HIS COUNTRY HOME.

A BOY LEAVES THE FARM TO GET WORK IN ATLANTA.

Fails To Find His Friend—Wanders About the Streets, Tired and Hungry—To Go Home.

A country youth came to the police barracks last evening and asked for a night's lodging. Commissioner Kendrick was present when the boy arrived, and he remarked that he believed the boy had a history which was out of the usual run of boys who are on the tramp. The commissioner with a reporter of The Constitution questioned the youth, and from him elicited the following story:

His name was Marvin Ellison, and his father was a farmer six miles from Covington, in Newton county, Georgia. Two days ago a man named James Jackson, who stated that he was selling cotton seed hulls for an Atlanta concern, visited the farm and told young Marvin if he would come to Atlanta, that he, Jackson, would give him a good position.

Yesterday morning his father put him aboard a train and sent him to Atlanta. The boy found Atlanta a much bigger place than he anticipated, and he failed to find his friend Jackson. He wandered about the city all day without anything to eat, and when night came on he asked a man where he could sleep, and was directed to the police barracks.

The youth had not a cent of money. He was given some supper by an attache of the barracks.

He stated that he was one of eight children and was fifteen years of age. His father and mother were both living. He had been helping his father on the farm, but thought he could make a better living by taking a position in Atlanta.

The boy will be sent back to his home today.

COTTON CROP IS FALLING SHORT.

Dawson's Receipts Will Be 5,000 Bales Less Than Last Year.

Dawson, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Caterpillars are ravaging the cotton fields of Terrell county and doing considerable damage to the crop. Almost every field in this county is literally covered with the pests and the present rains will tend to greatly increase them. Farmers claim that the outlook is anything but bright. Dawson's cotton receipts to date are 9,500 bales, and it is claimed that more than half of the crop has been marketed. Dawson's receipts this year will fall at least 5,000 bales below the average.

Bolivar May, Ellijay, Ga.

Ellijay, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Bolivar May, a noted character in the early gold mining days of this country, fell dead at White Path yesterday.

QUEER PULLS OF THE PEELER.

Last July John Williams cut his father with a knife and then threw a brick at him. He has been dodging the police ever since. Yesterday he was caught and tried in the police court in the afternoon. He stated that he and the old man had compromised, but the recorder said that wouldn't satisfy the mandates of the law and sent John to the city stockade for thirty days.

Night before last Bob Johnson, colored, got mad because the woman he was visiting slighted him for a more favored rival, and he picked up a fork and stabbed her in the side. A physician was called and the wound found to be serious. Bob was sent to the city chaingang for thirty days and when he works out that sentence a state warrant will be made out charging him with assault with intent to murder.

J. G. Parker was arrested night before last for going to several saloons and trying to trade a lot of old clothes for whisky. The recorder held that Parker had a right to engage in such business if he saw fit to and dismissed the case. Parker is a white man well known in police circles. He has been in New Orleans for the past two years.

Robert Peters, Jim Holland, a razor, a stick, a bottle of whisky, a pistol and a woman caused a lively row on Decatur street night before last and the two men were tried in the police court yesterday afternoon. Each was given a fine of $5 and costs.

Lucy Bird, a negro woman who professes to belong to the colored four hundred, was arraigned in the police court yesterday for idling and loitering in the rear of a restaurant Tuesday night. She stated to the recorder that she was there to see a barber who was a "particular friend" of hers. She was fined $5 and advised to let the barber friend alone in the future.

A crowd of white boys threw a watermelon rind at Henry Wilson, a hack driver, Tuesday night, and Henry, getting mad, started after the boys with a hatchet and a choice set of "cuss" words. He was fined $3 by the recorder. The police were instructed to keep a watchout for the bad boys who congregate opposite the Lyceum every night, to arrest them and bring them into court.

Tuesday night Maggie Smith started to prayer meeting and when stopped by her husband, Henry Smith, there was a lively fight on the street. Captain Thompson happened along about that time and arrested both of the parties. Husband and wife were fined $5 and costs by the recorder yesterday afternoon.

William Schoreder arrived in Atlanta from Bridgeport yesterday morning and while waiting for an empty freight car to carry him to Chattanooga he fell asleep in the railroad yards. He was found there by a watchman and arrested. The wanderer said he meant no harm and if allowed to go he would promise that neither Atlanta nor Georgia would ever see his face again. He was allowed to go.

NO INCREASE IN THE BAGGAGE RATE.

The Ordinance Committee of the Council Unanimously Against It.

It Has Considered the Petition and Its Members Talk—They Are All of One Mind and They Favor the Council Standing by Its Action in Fixing a Maximum Rate.

RUSH FOR REGISTRATION.
Yesterday Was Next to the Last Day and for a While There Was a Crowd in the Office of the Tax Collector.

The baggage ordinance will stand as fixed by the council—at a maximum rate of 25 cents for delivery to any part of the city.

Mr. Haas, secretary and treasurer of the company having the depot privileges, in a communication published yesterday afternoon, says in substance that the matter will be settled by the present council, and that the statement is made by "authority of the stockholders and the board of directors of the Atlanta Baggage and Cab Company." He says there will be no appeal to the new council.

It was announced in yesterday's Constitution that some of the candidates for membership in the new council had been approached with the view of having the matter taken up by the next council with the view of securing reconsideration, if necessary, of the action of the present council. Mr. Haas emphatically denies this, and The Constitution gives him the benefit of his denial. The statement was made by direct authority of one of the candidates for the new council, who said that Mr. Haas himself had "mentioned the baggage matter to him." The information was volunteered The Constitution.

Since the present council, therefore, is to definitely settle the question, it may now be considered at an end. At the last meeting of the ordinance committee a petition was referred to it seeking to have the ordinance fixing a maximum rate changed so as to allow a larger rate. The committee discussed the matter and there was some talk of a compromise, though it seems that the committee members were not informed as to the extent of the competition in the business by which baggage was being delivered to every part of the city, not only at the maximum rate fixed by the council, but in most of the city at an actually less rate.

The ordinance committee consists of the following members:

Mr. Howard, Chairman.

Mr. Thompson, Mr. Lumpkin, Mr. Adamson, Mr. Dorsey.

The Constitution presents herewith interviews with every member of the committee now in the city. Mr. Howard is out of the city attending the meeting of the mayors and aldermen at Columbus, O. As he represents the fourth ward, in which Inman Park is located, it is needless to say that he will favor sustaining his vote in council.

The other four members of the committee talk as follows, each unhesitatingly and all emphatically:

"Just Protection," Says Mr. Thompson.

Committeeman A. P. Thompson—"I was present at the last meeting of the ordinance committee, at which there was some talk of a reconsideration of the ordinance fixing a maximum charge for city delivery. The matter was discussed and a compromise rate was suggested. I did not know then all I know now about companies outside the depot delivering baggage to any part of the city at, and even under, the maximum rate fixed by the council. I am in favor of having the council stand by its action. This seems to me to be absolutely the only course for it to pursue, particularly when a regularly organized company, which has been doing business for years, has not only accepted the maximum charge of the council, but is delivering baggage to any part of the city at that rate. It is but a just protection to the traveling public."

Committeeman Dorsey Talks.

Committeeman R. T. Dorsey—"At the last meeting of the ordinance committee the petition for reconsideration of this ordinance was presented and on a hearing from the company and without the knowledge that competing companies were doing the business of baggage delivery at the maximum charge fixed by the council, I was prepared to recommend a compromise ordinance permitting an increased charge beyond the one and a half mile limit. Under the circumstances, however, and with the knowledge that baggage is now delivered to any part of the city at 25 cents, I am not prepared to say that the ordinance should be changed."

Lumpkin Is Emphatic.

Committeeman Eldred S. Lumpkin, of the third ward, is vigorous in his advocacy of the baggage fare ordinance as passed by council and he will strongly oppose all efforts to reconsider or repeal it. Mr. Lumpkin is a member of the ordinance committee before which the effort to have the ordinance repealed was made. Mr. Lumpkin then tackled the proposition with many warm questions.

"I stand emphatically opposed to the repeal of the ordinance," said Mr. Lumpkin yesterday. "I fought the effort to reconsider when the matter was brought before the committee. No report was made on the proposition to reconsider, and I hardly think now that one will be made, as Mr. Howard is absent and will not return until Monday, the day council meets.

"The company competing with the one having the depot monopoly is making money, I am told, hauling trunks for 15 cents apiece within a radius of a mile of the depot, and the great majority of the trunks handled by the Atlanta Cab and Baggage Company are delivered within that limit. I asked the representative of this company if it were true that most of his business was done within a limit of a half-mile of the depot, and he admitted that a great amount of it was. That being, so he can certainly afford to carry trunks to the most distant part of the city for 25 cents since he makes such a good profit on the short hauls. The handling of a large number of trunks for only a half dozen or so blocks at 25 cents apiece foots up a big profit and everybody knows a great part of the transfer business is done in that short distance. I believe it would be great injustice to permit a greater charge within the city limits, for there is no one who can successfully deny that money cannot be made at that figure. Other companies do it at the figure named by council and make money, and they have none of the exclusive rights of those who are seeking to legalize higher charges."

Committeeman Adamson's Views.

Mr. W. E. Adamson, a member of the ordinance committee, said:

"I will not vote for a reconsideration of the baggage ordinance, and I think the ordinance will stand as it now is on the books. I am opposed to any change in the rate fixed by the council for the hauling of baggage and think 25 cents is a reasonable charge for such service. If a baggage company outside of the depot and having no privileges and advantages as compared to the Atlanta Baggage and Cab Company can afford to haul baggage at the rate fixed by council, it seems to me that other companies can make money at the same charge, and I favor sustaining the ordinance as passed by council several weeks ago. I voted for the ordinance upon its adoption originally, and with the light now before me, I shall stand by that action."

IMPORTANT DAY IN THE CAMPAIGN

Today Will Witness Some Important Events in the Election Contest.

FIRST WARDERS MEET TONIGHT

They Will Indorse Candidates at Akrigde's Hall for Places.

RETAIL LIQUOR MEN MEET THIS AFTERNOON

Secreatry Keeney Says the Liquor Men Will Hands Off the Eltction—Liberal Club Meeting.

Today will be an important one in the municipal campaign. Several meetings will be held and the day will be the last for the voters to register and for the candidates desiring to be voted for to secure recognition at the hands of the city executive committee.

A meeting of the first ward voters will be held at Akridge's hall tonight and it is likely that one of the candidates now in the contest for council in that ward will be indorsed. An aldermanic board candidate may be nominated also.

The Retail Liquor Dealers' Association will meet in annual session at the Hibernian hall this afternoon. It is claimed by members of the association that the meeting will not be a political one and that the association will not take a hand in the pending campaign, but others assert that the liquor men may quietly indorse a ticket to be voted for in the coming primary.

The Liberal Club, the new political organization, will meet at the Gate City Guard armory tonight to select a ticket and other meetings are being arranged for this and next week.

It is possible that today will bring out another candidate for council in the first ward. Mr. J. H. Akers, of Sanders, Swann & Co., may announce himself a candidate for the councilmanic vacancy and if so the contest in the first ward will be livelier than expected, making it a three-cornered fight. Mr. Akers stated yesterday that he had been asked to enter the race by many of his friends, but that he had not decided to do so.

"Should I decide to enter the contest I will make an announcement today or tomorrow," said Mr. Akers.

The city executive committee sub-committee will probably meet tomorrow or Saturday to make the final arrangements for the election next week.

Secretary Keeney on the Election.

The meeting of the retail liquor men today may have an important bearing on the coming primary. The call for the meeting was sent out by Secretary Keeney yesterday and when asked about the purpose of the meeting he said it would be non-political.

"The meeting of the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association has nothing to do with the present campaign," said Mr. Keeney. "The meeting will be the annual meeting of the association and the business before it will be pertaining to the association's affairs. Officers for the coming year will be elected and other matters of a routine nature will be disposed of.

"You can state that the retail liquor dealers are not taking any organized hand in the coming election and will not do so. We are satisfied with the present regulations of the business and will make no effort to capture the election. The candidates before the people are satisfactory to the liquor dealers."

The Liberal Club Meeting.

The Liberal Club meeting tomorrow night will show the hand of that organization and it is said the club will select a ticket for its members to vote for in the primary. The purposes and principles of the club have already been stated in the papers. The meeting tomorrow night will be the first held by the club.

FORSYTH TO BE OPENED

Newly Paved Street Is Now Ready for Traffic.

WORK ON NORTH AVENUE BEGINS

The Avenue Will Be Paved with the Williams Wood Block Within Ninety Days from Now.

Forsyth street will be formally thrown open for traffic early tomorrow morning. The street has been improved from its junction with Whitehall street to West Hunter street and the new brick pavement is now completed and the street is ready to be used by the public.

The last block paved—that from Mitchell to Hunter—has been closed this week, although the work was completed several days ago. The cement and concrete used has been left to harden before the street is opened for traffic and it will be ready by tonight. The opening of the street will be made early tomorrow morning and it will then be possible to traverse the entire length of the street which has just been repaved and improved.

The citizens and property owners of Forsyth street are glad the work is complete and they are pleased with the condition of the street. When the work of laying new sidewalks is finished and a few other improvements are made Forsyth will be one th eprettiest streets in the city, and it is destined to become a very popular residence street, now that it is certain to become one of the principal cross town connecting streets.

Work on North Avenue Begins.

The work of grading North avenue preparatory to paving it with the Williams wood blocks was begun yesterday morning and will be pushed to completion within ninety days. The contractors will attempt to make the street one of the finest paved streets in the city because this work is to be a test of the new material—the Williams block.

The avenue will be a pretty one when the work is completed. From Peachtree to West Peachtree a sixteen-foot strip of land in the center of the street has been set aside for park purposes, and it will be improved and planted with flowers and shrubbery and shade trees, breaking the monotony of the street and making the avenue pretty and unique.

MR. SIMMONS HAS A WORD.

Says the Mass Meeting Monday Night Was a Labor Meeting.

Mr. W. L. Simmons, chairman of the committee of arrangements for the mass meeting held in the basement of the courthouse Monday night, at which a ticket was nominated to be voted for in the coming primary, has something to say in defense of that meeting and its purposes. He says the meeting has been unjustly criticised and that it was a "labor" meeting, notwithstanding the repudiation of it by many well known union working men.

Mr. Simmons says the meeting was called so that the labor men could have an opportunity to put out a ticket and take a hand in the campaign, and that due notice was given of the meeting in the papers. He says members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Order of Railroad Conductors and the plumbers' unions, street car men and others were present. He says the labor men of the city were invited to the meeting and that a few of them attended.

He says that when Iron Molder Thompson asked the question in the meeting if it was a labor meeting the chairman, Mr. McArthur, thought he was trying to interrupt the meeting and the chairman knowing little of the purposes of the meeting made no answer to Mr. Thompson's question. He says the meeting nor those who arranged it have a fight to make on any union and that it was an open meeting for all.

CHARGED WITH AN ASSAULT.

Frank Thompson Arrested on a Warrant—Out on Bond.

Yesterday morning Frank Thompson, a white man twenty-two years of age, was arrested on a warrant by Patrolman Garner charging him with assault and battery.

Ed Sharplin alleges that Thompson went to his house Saturday night while drunk and struck him with his fist.

Thompson states that he was invited to Sharplin's house, and that the difficulty arose over his trying to dissuade Sharplin from quarreling with his wife. He was liberated on bond last night.

NEGRO ARRESTED FOR BURGLARY

Believed To Have Entered a Residence Near Clark University.

Yesterday morning Sergeant Bedford and Patrolman Mercer arrested Frank Russell, a negro, on a charge of burglary.

A few nights ago a residence near Clark's university was burglarized and a lot of household goods stolen. Yesterday the officers secured evidence tending to show that Russell was the burglar, and he was arrested. This morning some of the goods found in his possession will be examined for identification.

Dr. J. Harvey Moore.

The eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, will resume his practice in his offices, 308-309 Norcross building, Monday, October 1st. sep 19—sun tues thur

THE BEST

That's just what you'll always find in our stock—the best—the best in quality and the best in style.

Good dressers realize this fact. Economical buyers—men who count their dollars and who want value received when they pay them out—have also learned this fact.

Do you trade with us?

If not, suppose you try us. Our goods'll suit you.

Always the best at fair prices.

THE GAY CO.

18 WHITEHALL STREET.

OUR MR. MAIER

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK

and other eastern markets, where he purchased the largest and choicest stock of new gold and silver novelties, diamonds and other goods in our line at prices that have never before been equaled. The manufactures needed money, and we were enabled to buy the choicest goods at remarkably low prices. Our goods are new, and we have the largest stock ever shown in Atlanta in our line. We invite you to call and inspect it. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 31 Whitehall street.

10 %

DISCOUNT

On any Shoe in our store from now until we move to our new stores, Nos. 18 and 20 Mitchell street, about October 1st. Every pair is marked in plain figures and at the lowest prices good Shoes were ever sold. First come gets first choice.

Galphin's

240 Marietta St.

"YOU WILL FIND IT AT KAMPER'S."

Hams

Smithfield, Ferris', "Dove" and last but not least the "Partridge" brand. This is a new Ham that never has been offered to the Atlanta public before. We have secured the sale of it for this market, and in order to get it introduced to our customers, will put the price on the first lot at 12½c per pound. The average is small and we have the assurance of the packers that there is nothing finer cured. Try one and let us have your verdict.

Bacon

In addition to Ferris' boneless "Gold Band" and sliced Gold Band, we have something new in this line called "Wiltshire" Bacon, like the imported, it is very fine. Don't forget we are headquarters.

The Best Tea and Coffee Store,

79 and 81 Peachtree.

On Account of Holiday Will Be Closed Next Wednesday. . . . . .

EISEMAN BROS.

We make Suits to wear; to stand hard service—they're bound to please. How otherwise with these points of excellence?

Every Suit sewed with silk; all vests cut higher—with or without collar; trousers in the latest styles; coats medium close-fitting in the back.

The patterns and colorings are studies. Most artistic and attractive to be see nanywhere, and the variety is unsurpassed. Everything from the first stitch to the finishing touch is astonishing. If we had not bought the materials direct from the mills before the tariff was changed and made the Suits at our own factory prices today would be at least 25 per cent. higher. $7.50 to $25.00.

Autumn Overcoats.

Hundreds of brand new garments. Not a comman-place one in in the lot. Our own productions, every one. From $7.50 up to $40. Sizes to fit big men or little. The hardest people to please are our best customers. The foundation of this business was laid by making and selling Ready-to-wear Clothing that no one but the wearer could tell from custom tailoring.

These Covert, Cheviot, Heather, Kersey, Melton, Vicuna, Venetian, Beaver and Homespun Overcoats are full of fashionableness and value. If you start out to find a larger assortment, richer qualities or lower prices you'll find it a hopeless task.

Tailoring Department.

Those who prefer fine custom tailored Clothing to the other sort will find a vast assortment of Suitings, Trouserings, Vestings and Overcoatings here to choose from. All the swellest and nobbiest effects are on display and you'd never judge by their prices that the tariff had been touched. Let us take your measure today. Economy and promptness are among the elements that you may expeet beneath this roof.

Take Elevator for Boys Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Department.

STORES
Atlanta, 15-17 Whitehall Street.
Washington, Cor. Seventh and E Streets.
Baltimore, 213 W. German Street.

EISEMAN BROS.

OUR ONLY STORE IN ATLANTA, 15-17 WHITEHALL.

SOLDIERS RETURN HOME FROM WACO

The First Battalion of the Regiment Comes Friday.

GOOD SHOOTING ON THE RANGE

They Have Been Given Very Careful Training in the Arts of War.

WILL MARCH TO CHICKAMAUGA SOON

They Will Take a Long Overland Trip on Foot to the National Park and Chattanooga.

The first battalion of the Fifth United States infantry which has been on the rifle range, at Waco, for a month will arrive at the post early tomorrow morning. The body broke camp on Tuesday afternoon and will spend nearly three days in the overland march.

The men have been receiving instruction in rifle practice and have been required to drill regularly each day. All the tactics prescribed for the army have been practically demonstrated to the men and they have been required to rough it in the most approved army style during their stay.

Early next week as soon as a short rest is had from the Waco trip a march will be begun by the entire regiment from Fort McPherson to Chickamauga and Chattanooga. This will be the longest march the soldiers from the post have had and the entire distance will be covered on foot.

All the officers will go with the regiment and the post will be deserted for a month until the soldiers return.

Meeting for Armory.

The meeting of the Fifth Georgia regiment, which was appointed for tonight in the Gate City Guards armory, for the purpose of taking definite action on the building of an armory has been postponed until Saturday night at 8 o'clock.

The meeting was put off on account of the races at the Coliseum, many of the regiment wishing to go there, and as it was desired that a full attendance be had when the plans of the armory were adopted it was thought best to put it off until Saturday.

The purchase of the lot on East Hunter street, where the structure will be located, was about completed yesterday and the final arrangements will be made before the next meeting. This is said to be the most available place in the city and the officers think themselves fortunate to secure it. The proposed building will cover the whole of it, giving ample room for all the occupants.

When the meeting for the final decision on the plan is held a method to raise sufficient funds to build the armory and pay for the lot will be decided upon and the charter for the incorporation of those members of the regiment who will take stock will be filed in the clerk's office immediately. Colonel Candler thinks it will take a very short while to sell the stock, as it will be a good paying investment.

A WIFE BEATER AND FIREBUG

HUSBAND WHIPS HIS WIFE AND SETS HOUSE ON FIRE.

He Is Sent to the City Chaingang for 30 Days and Bound Over to the City Court.

In the police court yesterday afternoon a negro named Tom Dodd was tried for beating his wife and then setting fire to the house in order to burn up all her clothes.

Todd's wife, Mattie, testified that she lived at No. 112 Elliott street and that Todd came home Tuesday morning after he had been drinking and began to beat her. She ran out of the house and hid and when she returned she found that he had set the house on fire.

Some of Todd's near neighbors said he had borrowed matches and when he left the house they detected the odor of smoke and found that some one had set the house on fire. The flames were discovered before they had gained much headway and were extinguished without calling out the fire department.

Todd said he had not set the house on fire. He admitted beating his wife, but contended that he did so to correct her for behaving badly.

The recorder sent Todd to the city chaingang for a month and bound him over to the city court in a $100 bond for wife-beating.

The woman asked that he be bound over, as she was afraid he would kill her. Tuesday was the second time he had attempted to destroy her earthly possessions by setting fire to the house in which they lived.

SHE WENT TO MEXICO.

Mrs. Chapman, Who Skipped Away from Home, Not Heard From.

Nothing has yet been heard of Mrs. P. H. Chapman, who ran away from her home without giving any cause or excuse to her relatives in this city and at her home in Rutledge, and it is supposed went to the City of Mexico, where she has an uncle, Mr. W. H. Murrow.

She left by way of New Orleans, but was not allowed to go on on account of the Texas quarantine, and the railroad over which she bought her ticket transported her by way of St. Louis and El Paso. When last heard from she was in the latter place, which was last Thursday. Her uncle in this city, Rev. J. W. Murrow, received notice from the police of that city that she had passed through. Since then she has not been heard from.

Rev. J. W. Murrow expected to hear from her, but as yet, if she has arrived in the Mexican capital, she has not notified her relatives here. Her uncle there left Atlanta some time ago suddenly and is very seldom heard from, and it is not expected that he will send any word that Mrs. Chapman has arrived. If something is not heard in a few days Rev. Murrow will communicate with the American consul at the City of Mexico and have her found and returned if she is in that city. A spirit of adventure is supposed to have led her off. Her husband, who is now in Rutledge, is very anxious and threatens to start after her.

FLANAGAN CASE ON THE 18TH.

Supreme Court Will Take Up the Case and Render Decision November 4th.

The hearing of the motion for a new trial in the supreme court for the Flanagan case will be taken up on the 18th of October, and the decision of the court is expected to be rendered on November 4th.

The bill of exceptions was filed some time ago and will be taken up in due order on the calendar. It will take the court some time to hear and go through the evidence in the former trial and the grounds of defense why a new trial should be granted. Colonel Glenn will conduct the defense before the court and Attorney General Terrell for the state.

Decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla now and do not be induced to take any other. There is no other kind "just as good" as Hood's Sarsaparilla, the only true blood purifier.

COBB COUNTY'S GREAT EXHIBIT

Farmers Intend To Show the Capability of Their County.

DATE IS OCTOBER 12 TO 15

A Strong Feature Will Be the Display of Horses and Cattle.

SOME GENUINE RACING IS PROMISED

Purses Have Been Made Up and Fine Horses Have Been Engaged—Bicycles Will Have a Chance.

Marietta, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Great interest is being manifested in the coming fair of Cobb county, which will begin on Tuesday, October 12th, and close Friday, October 15th.

It discredits no county in Georgia to say that Cobb is perhaps the most generally developed in the entire list, and that her resources are more diversified than those of any other section. Situated as the county is, where cotton cultivation begins to end and the cereal and root crops converge, she has the elements which lead to diversified agriculture which is necessary to the support of large live stock interests. As a consequence we look into the fields for cotton, corn and wheat, as well as for potatoes, turnips and sorghum, to which may be added fruits and melons. From these we go to the barn, where we find the home-bred horses of the best draft, as well as fleet of foot, and in cattle from the best jerseys and other blooded grades to the common scrub, besides swine and poultry. Not only does Cobb excel in the products of the field and triumph of live stock, but her manufacturing interests are large and diversified.

An Annual Exhibit.

It was in view of these manifold facts that the leading citizens met something over three years ago and resolved to have an annual exhibit. Among those who thus came together was Mr. M. G. Whitlock, who was elected president, and Mr. A. C. McClain and W. L. Richardson, the vice presidents, Mr. J. P. Anderson, the treasurer, and Mr. J. Gibbs Morris, the secretary. The success attending the first and second exhibitions was so great that that of 1897, just ahead, has been pitched on a large scale. The premium list provides large sums for club displays in agriculture as well as for individual farmer's displays. One which is expected to be quite interesting will be for the best market gardener's display, made entirely by himself and family. Prizes will be offered for the best bale of cotton, the best displays of corn, oats, wheat and flour, rye, peas, potatoes, turnips, sheaf oats and fodder, sorghum, sirup and grain, tobacco, fruits, grapes, hay, melons and pumpkins, live stock, including horses, cattle, swine and poultry, all of which must be Cobb county raised. For manufactured articles, home industries, wines, lady's fancy work and fine arts full provision has been made. Prominent citizens have offered special prizes for special excellencies in display.

The Races Will Be Great.

An interesting feature of the exhibit, and one which is expected to attract a large attendance from Atlanta, is the racing feature. This is one of the first opportunities in a long time which has been afforded for witnessing genuine racing contests, in which it may be now stated with authority there will be entered some of the best horses in the country. These races are arranged to cover each day during the exposition. As a diversion, arrangements have been made for fat men's races, foot races, bicycle races and other entertaining features. The farmers of Cobb county, who are progressive and enterprising, have taken hold of this matter with great vim, and they propose that their exposition shall be one of which Georgia may be proud and which she might willingly adopt as representing her best capacity.

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Who are in need of strictly scientific and expert medical treatment should certainly investigate the reputation of the physician you employ. Dr. Hathaway & Co. have undoubtedly the best of professional and financial references and are recognized as

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Physicians and specialists in the successful treatment of delicate diseases peculiar to man or woman kind in the United States.

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LOST MANHOOD and all its attending ailments, both of young and middle-aged men, a specialty. The awful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, exhausting drains, pimples, bashfulness, loss of energy, weakness of both body and brain, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, treated with success. Get cured and be a man.

LADIES If you are suffering from persistent headache, painful menstruation, leucorrhoea, or whites, intolerable itching, displacement of the womb, or any other distressing ailment peculiar to your sex you should call on Dr. Hathaway & Co. without delay.

ALL persons who may be afflicted should consult them at once, as their great reputation in the past will guarantee to every one kind, honorable and satisfactory treatment. Call or address

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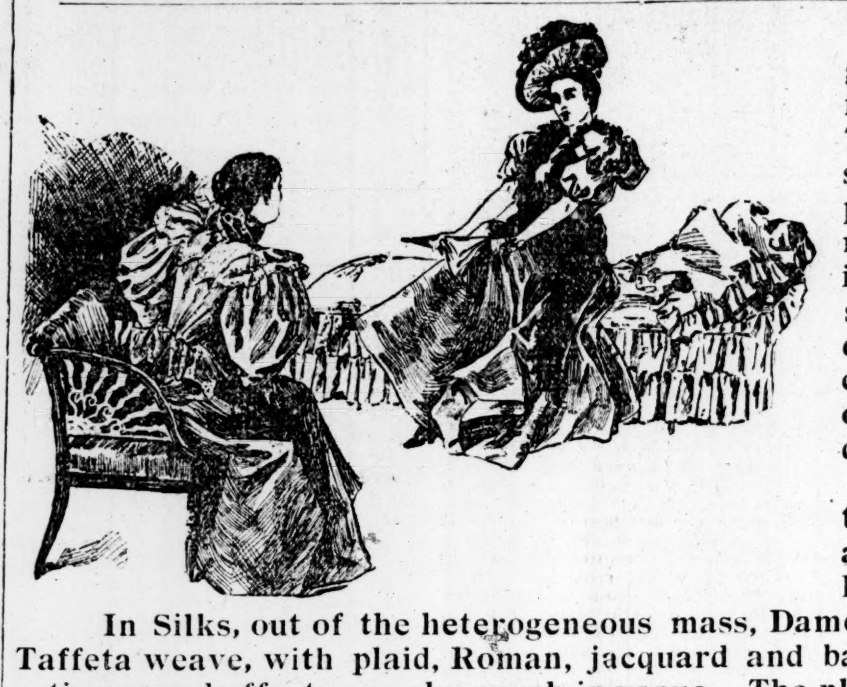

The stocks have been gathered from every fashion center of the world. To view them means to see the choicest loom products of France, Germany, England and America., Many of the choicest styles are in only one dress length and, being exclusively confined to our counters, cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

The display we make today is indeed unique and appeals strongly to every lover of textile art.

In Silks, out of the heterogeneous mass, Dame Fashion has chosen the Taffeta weave, with plaid, Roman, jacquard and bayadere variations, while satin ground effects are also much in vogue. The plain weaves in Silks, as in Dress Goods, are also decidedly in favor.

Evening Silks are shown in bewildering beauty and variety. The tints are delicate and, among the most fashionable, a tinsel thread is woven through the fabric.

We desire to call especial attention to our lines of White Satin Duchesse for wedding costumes, which are the products of the best French manufacturers.

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Today's display gives abundant evidence that all past efforts, great as they were, have been surpassed by us this season, and that we consistently continue our well-known policy of offering the best qualities at the lowest prices

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GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—James Banks, guardian of Mary Olive Ware, minor, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minor. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that George W. Yardley, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Charles Pelham Ward has applied for letters of guardianship of the person of Agnes Ward, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in October next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinaries' Office, September 8, 1897.—Rachel Lynn has applied for letters of guardianship of the persons of Lila Hardin and Lyons Hardin, minors under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in October next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Lissetta Burckel, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23-30-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Frederick Kicklighter, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in October next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 8, 1897.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Mrs. S. H. Broyles, widow of E. N. Broyles, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor child, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Sidney J. Heard, administrator of estate of Charles E. Heard, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objection, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Honora Bryson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Thomas M. Bryson, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Elizabeth S. Brown has applied for letters of administration on the estate of William Brown, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—To James Banks and the next of kin of Columbus Young: Charles M. Curran, administrator of the estate of Columbus Young, deceased, having tendered his resignation of said trust and having named James Banks, county administrator, as a suitable person, qualified, entitled to and willing to accept said trust, this is, therefore, to notify you and all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in October next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1897. Clifford L. Anderson, administrator on the estate of Elizabeth Johnson has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept10 16 23 30-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, September 9, 1897. J. W. Corley, administrator on estate of J. H. Corley, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept10 16 23 30-thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—John F. Coker, Charles D. Coker and Eugene A. Coker, executors of the will of James W. Coker, deceased, have applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9-4t thurs

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—John B. Jett, administrator of the estate of A. W. Jett, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9-3m-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Samuel D. Rambo, administrator of the estate of William M. Jones, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9-3m-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Julius H. Kuhns, administrator of estate of Jesse W. Nealy, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9-3m-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Samuel D. Rambo, administrator, etc., of the estate of Mary F. Jones, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9-3m-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Clement R. Harris, administrator, etc., of estate of Nathan O. Harris, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in December next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9-3m-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—E. H. Thornton, administrator de bonis non of estate of Michael Lynch, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30-thu

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—James Banks, guardian of James A. Ware, minor, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minor. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—William D. Harwell, administrator on estate of Thomas J. Spencer, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—S. B. Lassalle, administrator on estate of Sophia M. Lassalle, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Henry Lewis, guardian of Cora Bryan, formerly Kutzschan, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Mary T. Smith has applied for letter of guardianship of the person of Voncile Henderson, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in October next.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's Office, September 8, 1897.—Clarissa J. Hammond, guardian of Willie, Oscar and Emma Englett, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Court of Ordinary, Chambers, September 8, 1897.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Alice M. Thomas, widow of William J. Thomas, for a twelve months' support of herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next October term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
sept9 16 23 30 thur

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These are the genuine FRENCH TANSY WAFERS, imported direct from Paris. Ladies can depend upon securing relief from and cure of PAINFUL AND IRREGULAR PERIODS regardless of cause. Price $2.00. EMERSON DRUG CO., Importers and Agents for the United States, San Jose, Cal.
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Dealers. Painters' and Artists'
Office: 41 and 43 Alabama street.
Real Estate. Sells Real E
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Call and see. 4 E. Wall St.
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DR. SAWTELLE TO FUMIGATE MAIL

Marine Hospital Service Takes Charge of Fumigation.

SERVICE WILL BE VERY STRICT

Letters Will Be Disinfected for Five Hours, No Less.

SUPERINTENDENT TERRELL TALKS ABOUT IT

He Is Doing the Best He Can, Which Is All Any Man Can Do Under the Circumstances.

Surgeon Sawtelle, of the United States marine hospital service, yesterday took charge of the fumigation of mails in Atlanta, and hereafter all mails will be fumigated under the direction of the marine service.

The change means that the fumigation will be more strict. The government officials will jab bigger holes in letters and soak them longer in the fumes of formaldehyde gas than heretofore, for the Montgomery people must be convinced that we are fumigating the mails and killing all the fever germs that they believe to be in the mail from this place.

Dr. Drake, of the Southern railway, will have immediate charge of the fumigating, but will be under supervision of Dr. Sawtelle. The force of clerks will be furnished by the postoffice as heretofore. All mail will be fumigated and no letters will get off to the west that have not been thoroughly punched and disinfected of imaginary germs.

Five hours is the minimum time for the letters to stay in the fumigating racks. All mails will be allowed to remain in the racks with the fumes of the gas permeating it for just that length of time, and no mail will be allowed to go out of the city that has not been in the gas fumes for five hours. This is regarded as a very long time by some of the doctors, but the marine hospital officials are very strict, and while they recognize the fact that the fumigation is a mere matter of form they say that it must be a thorough formality. None but the people of Montgomery have ever urged the necessity of fumigating the Atlanta mail. They believe that Atlanta is full of the plague, and nothing would induce them to receive mail that did not bear the evidence of fumigation.

The Montgomery people would not take the word of the postoffice authorities here as to the fumigation. They demand that each car of mail shall bear a certificate signed by the surgeon of the marine hospital service, to the effect that the mail has been thoroughly fumigated. A lot of certificates have been printed and will be sent out with every car.

There has been considerable complaint regarding the mail service. The New Orleans Times-Democrat published an editorial saying that the service was a disgrace to the United States. When Colonel Terrell's attention was called to the editorial, he said that he knew that the service was very poor, but that it was not due to the officials of the service. He said he was instructed to conform to the quarantine rules of all health bodies, municipal, state and marine, and that he could not do as The Times-Democrat advocated, and overrun the quarantine set up by the different cities.

As a matter of fact Superintendent Terrell is perfectly helpless. He has orders from Washington which he must obey and he is doing the best that any man could do under the circumstances. He is doing all in his power to keep the mails going, but the little towns of Alabama handicap every effort of his. If any little village chooses to quarantine against Atlanta it can do so, and its officers can take shotguns and stop the mail cars and throw the mails from the trains before allowing the train to pass through. This was done at LaGrange this week. A man with a shotgun stopped the mails there and the government officials were helpless to prevent it under the orders from the headquarters.

Superintendent Terrell hardly takes time to sleep so busy is he with the mail service. He has managed so far to give a very fair service, and he hopes to keep up at least one mail a day without interruption.

FULTON GUN CLUB CONTEST

THE MEMBERS WILL GO TO LAKEWOOD AND SHOOT.

Club Begins Its Autumn Series and Many Will Go To See the First One Today.

The Fulton Gun Club will have its regular shooting contest at Lakewood tomorrow. This will be the first they have held for some time and it will be the most important. The individual championship of the club is the stake and it will be hotly contested for.

The club has been organized for some time and has begun to be a very large organization. They have a large membership and some of the best shots of this part of the country are members of it. A number of prominent citizens compose the club and today they will gather together and wing the clay pigeons that will take their flight from the traps.

The shooting grounds have been put in shape and new equipments have been put in. A large number of pigeons have been carried out on the range and the traps are ready to receive their burden to be sent forward for the shooters' guns.

President Pollock Accepts.

Macon, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—President Pollock has received and accepted an invitation to be the guest of honor at a reception given by the Baptists of Atlanta some time soon.

FEVER PATIENT IS ON THE MEND

Her Condition Yesterday Was Somewhat Improved.

FEVER SYMPTOMS LEAVE HER

She Is Now Able To Take a Small Amount of Nourishment

DANGER OF FEVER DIMINISHES, SAYS STONE

Says Each Day Makes the Danger in Atlanta, if There Is Any, Less. No New Cases Yesterday.

"The danger of yellow fever in Atlanta is diminishing every day," said Dr. Stone, the fever expert, who is stationed here by the city of Savannah, last night. "The number of refugees from the infected district is decreasing and the majority of them now here have been from the fever infected cities the length of ten days."

This is the view that Expert Stone takes of the situation, and as he has stated before, he views it with Savannah eyes. In the meantime each succeeding day of the situation shows that Atlanta is immune from the yellow fever.

The condition of Miss Fleming, who is sick with yellow fever at 119 Auburn avenue, was an improvement yesterday over what it has been during the past few days, and if she continues to recover, she will be out in the course of a week or so.

When Dr. Olmsted paid her his second visit yesterday and took her temperature, he found it to be normal and was of the opinion that her condition was improved. He now has more hopes for her recovery and the indications are that she will get well.

The physicians of course make allowances for any complications that may arise in the case, and their statements are all based on the condition of the patient at the time they examine her. For the past few days the girl has been very sick, but yesterday she was able to take some nourishment and the indications were more favorable.

With the exception of the slight change in the condition of Miss Fleming, the fever situation in Atlanta remains the same as it has been during the past week. Chief Veal stated last night that no new cases had been reported to the board of health yesterday and no new suspicious cases had been discovered.

The people who are quarantined at the house in which Miss Fleming is sick all remain well and none of them seem afraid of the fever. It does not seem likely that any of them will contract the fever.

H. R. Lucas, the man of many whims at the detention camp, seems to be all right and as yet has shown no signs of the fever. The physicians who have examined him say he will not develop the fever, so far as they can see. He has taken a great quantity of medicine on his own account and has not overcome his fear of the disease.

The travel to Atlanta from the infected district is very light and has dwindled down to five people from New Orleans and about the same number from Mobile.

The people who come in are subjected to a rigid inspection, but all of them appear to be in excellent health.

Desperate Gathering of Criminals.

Dawson, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—Probably the worst and most desperate lot of criminals ever confined in the Terrell county jail are there now. Since their recent plot to escape by killing Jailer Slade was foiled, they have burned their blankets, with the supposed intention of drawing the temper from and softening the steel bars of the cells. How they secured the matches is a mystery.

FAIRY SOAP
PURE—WHITE—FLOATING.
Nothing enters into the manufacture of Fairy Soap but the purest and best materials known to the soapmaker's art and that money can buy.
The Soap of the Century
Sold everywhere in one quality and three convenient sizes, for the toilet, bath and laundry.
Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York.

COAL AND IRON CARS CAN ENTER

Alabama Modifies Her Quarantine Rules Against Freight Equipment.

THE STATE WAS LOSING TRADE

Orders for Fuel and Pig Were Being Placed in Tennessee.

BIRMINGHAM SENT ON AN APPEAL

Her Leading Business Firms Petitioned the Board of Health To Give Them Relief.

Alabama's health authorities made some modifications yesterday in their quarantine regulations against Atlanta.

As has been stated repeatedly in The Constitution, the railroads had not equipment sufficient to handle Alabama's coal and iron and other freight in cars which have not been in Atlanta within twenty days. Then, the dealers in coal and iron were not disposed to risk the delays incident to Alabama's shotgun regulations. Orders were placed in Tennessee and the quarantine was costing Alabama thousands of dollars every day. The Birmingham district found itself in danger of either a car famine or a tremendous falling off in orders, or both. So the Birmingham coal and iron operators and some of the large manufacturers and merchants there, petitioned the health board to modify the rules against Atlanta.

Atlanta could stand it all right, because she could get supplies from other states. The Southern railway and other roads had all the traffic their cars could handle elsewhere and Alabama was just ruining herself. The Birmingham people said that they did not fear any danger from Atlanta with only one case of fever here and that quarantined closely, and no other case having appeared even after ten days' exposure.

It was a strong appeal which Birmingham made. Opelika had appealed several days before and several of the smaller towns had called on the authorities to take down the bars.

Yesterday the board acted and the rules were modified to allow iron and coal cars to enter Alabama without being fumigated, whether they have been in Atlanta or not. It is understood that all flat cars are included, authough this was not specifically mentioned. All the medical authorities outside of Alabama and many in that state say that there is absolutely no danger from any of the freight cars, unless perhaps from cars which have handled household goods out of Mobile or New Orleans, and there are very few such cars in Georgia, if any.

This modification is believed to be the beginning of the end. It is the opening wedge. As there is not the slightest chance for freight cars to become infected with fever germs in Atlanta, the quarantine against them is considered to be unnecessary. Word comes from Alabama that the rules will be modified very much more before October 10th. They are causing commercial paralysis in some of the towns over there.

Both the Southern and the Atlanta and West Point kept their disinfecting plants busy yesterday. Box cars will be drenched with bichloride of mercury and then washed out, so that they may be in condition to cross the Alabama line. Traffic will increase somewhat from now on. Neither the Southern nor the Western of Alabama has an infected town on its line.

He Missed the Moving.

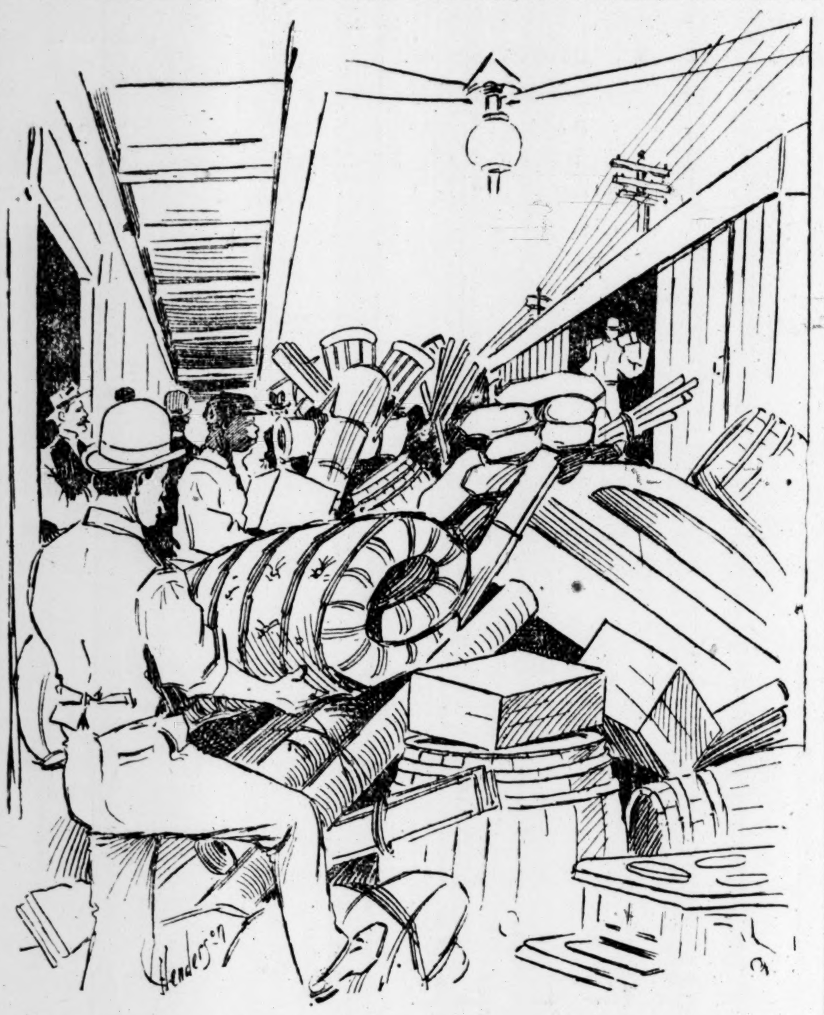
Mr. Charles E. Harman, general passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic, returned yesterday from Richmond. He said that the winter tourist rates will go into effect November 1st. There will be very few changes from the rates of last winter.

During Mr. Harman's absence his offices were moved from the Equitable to the Austell building. All the Western and Atlantic offices except those of the local freight agent, will be in the Austell building in a few days.

W. C. T. U.

The last meeting of the Atlanta South Side Union will occur in the rooms of the Atlanta Woman's Club, as the latter organization will resume its regular sessions on the 1st of October. To celebrate the birthday of Francis E. Willard, president of the World's and National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Mrs. McLendon will read a short and concise account of the origin and present status of the grandest and largest organization of women in the world. Mrs. Pierce will recite an appropriate selection and superintendents of departments are expected to report work accomplished in September.

A cordial invitation to all the meetings of this union is extended to every one interested in the cause of temperance.



SUPPLIES OFF TO MT. VERNON.

Loading Supplies and Equipment for the Detention Camp in Alabama. Six Carloads of Goods Were Bought Here, and Surgeon Sawtelle Succeeded in Getting off the Consignment Yesterday.

REFUGEE HUNT BREAKS CAMP

The Refugee Leaves the Atlanta Detention Station.

WRITES CONGRATULATORY NOTE

Declares That He Likes Atlanta and Will Make This Place His Home. What He Says.

How it feels to be in the Atlanta detention camp, E. E. Hunt tells in an interesting way. He has spent ten days there and came into the city yesterday. Hunt has looked over Atlanta and decided to stay here. He was so favorably impressed with the treatment that he received at the camp that he has decided to make this his home. Yesterday he sent the following communication to The Constitution:

To the Editor of The Constitution—Dear Sir: I desire to express through your columns my thanks to the board of health of Atlanta and those in charge of the detention camp where I have been for the past ten days. From what I know of detention camps through friends less fortunate than myself I cannot say enough in praise of the way that I have been treated. I was shown every attention and kindness while at the camp and I could not have fared better if I had been in the city at any of the boarding houses. My fare consisted of whatever I wanted. My tent was as comfortable as any room and in fact I found the detention camp a most agreeable place. I am grateful to the citizens of Atlanta and to the board of health and to Chief Veal for what has been done for me. The detention camp is not a bad place and it really is not a hardship to go to it like most people expect. I did not expect to find such a nice place and hence I did not find it as disagreeable as I expected. I shall make Atlanta my home for a while anyway, as I like the people and I might get into more trouble while this fever scare is on. I know that the other camps are not as pleasant as the Atlanta camp and I will stay here and will probably call this my home. Yours, E. E. HUNT.

THE NEW DEAN A DEMOCRAT

C. H. J. Taylor Installed at Morris-Brown College.

ELECTION WAS NOT UNANIMOUS

Was Opposed Because of His Politics. Something of His Successful Career.

The installation of C. H. J. Taylor as dean of the Morris Brown colored college last Monday is not without significance. This distinguished colored barrister is straight from Washington, where he has held a position under both administrations of ex-President Cleveland.

Taylor therefore is a democrat. He is the first democratic teacher this institution has ever had, and considering this fact, he was not elected without opposition. There was some prejudice among the trustees on that account. His popularity, however, and undoubted ability gave him a good majority in the vote, only one trustee, Stewart Wylie, finally voting against him on account of his politics.

Bishop Turner, who is prominently connected with this institution, does not believe in the observance of politics in such matters. In fact, he has forsaken the republican party himself, and is now an enthusiastic prohibitionist. He was heartily in favor of the election of Dean Taylor, and it is largely due to his influence that Taylor was elected.

Taylor is one of the most distinguished colored men in the south. He was born in Alabama, but reared mostly in Georgia. He graduated in law in Michigan and supported Cleveland in his first race for the presidency, receiving the official portfolio to Liberia as recompense, where he served four years.

When Cleveland made his third race Taylor took the stump for him again and did telling work throughout the south. The president gave him the appointment of minister to Bolivia, but the appointment was not confirmed in the senate. He was later given the position of registrar of deeds at Washington, which he held until a short while ago.

The study of law in Morris Brown college has not been consigned to a regular department. It has been more of a side issue. The old professors have been law students, but have never been admitted to the bar. Dean Taylor will have entire charge of the study of law therefore, and this will become a permanent institution in the college.

THE GORILLAS MEET FRIDAY.

New Order Meets in the Hall Over Brown & Allen's.

The Gorillas, the new order recently organized by members of Atlanta Knights of Pythias, will meet tomorrow night in the hall at the corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. The following special notice has been sent out by Grand Gorilla Huzza:—

"On account of some misunderstanding about the hall, it will be impossible for us to meet in the Kiser building on Thursday night. Therefore, be it ordered, that the Gorillas shall meet on Friday night, October 1, 1897, at 7:30 p. m., in the Knights of Pythias' hall, over Brown & Allen's drug store, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets.

"Good meeting; glorious time! Come and bring your candidates! Don't forget the change of night. Be sure to be there. Remember, Friday night, October 1st.

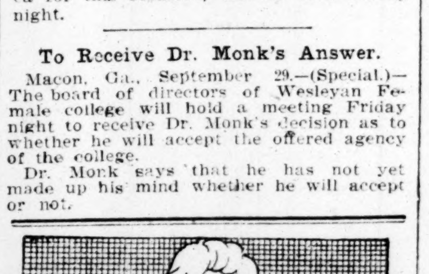
"T. H. HUZZA, S. G. G. T. W."

A tom-tom used from time immemorial by the members of the original supreme council, and specially imported from Africa for this occasion, will be used Friday night.

To Receive Dr. Monk's Answer.

Macon, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—The board of directors of Wesleyan Female college will hold a meeting Friday night to receive Dr. Monk's decision as to whether he will accept the offered agency of the college.

Dr. Monk says that he has not yet made up his mind whether he will accept or not.



Mother's Friend
is a liniment for expectant mothers to use externally. It softens the muscles and causes them to expand without discomfort. If used during most of the period of pregnancy there will be no morning sickness, no rising breasts, no headache. When baby is born there will be little pain, no danger, and labor will be short and easy. $1 a bottle at druggists.
Send for a FREE copy of our illustrated book about MOTHER'S FRIEND.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

LECTURE COURSE IS THE THING

Fully Four Hundred Members Have Been Secured Up To Date.

EVERYTHING AT THE GRAND

The Coming Season Will Be Another Brilliant Success.

IS YOUR NAME IN THE LIST BELOW?

Tom Reed Will Open the Season if He Can Come—Perhaps Dr. Nansen Will Be Heard.

Atlanta will have the best lecture course in the country the coming season.

Although scarcely no systematic canvassing has been done, the association has nearly fifty more members now than it had last year. In the next ten days the membership will probably be increased to 600. There are more than 400 members now, against 358 for last season.

Arrangements are being made to open the course in October with Speaker Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, with an address on his personal reminiscences of public men and measures. Major McKinley spoke before the Piedmont chautauqua once and became president. There is some virtue in addressing an Atlanta audience, and Mr. Reed wants to come if his engagements will permit. If he does come, he will be given a dining and publicly entertained. The lecture association is thoroughly nonpolitical and its purpose is to bring to Atlanta men who occupy high positions in their special line, whether it is political life, art, literature, science, philosophy or music.

The Attractions.

As mapped out now, the course will include:

Hon. Thomas B. Reed, October 28th.
Mr. John Fox, November 11th.
Dr. Louis Elson, December 13th.
Professor Thomas Dinsmore, November 26th.
Dr. Robert Nourse, January 14th.
Mr. Hamilton Mable, January 27th.
Rev. Dr. Hirsch, February 3d.
Mr. Alexander Block, February 11th.
Mr. George R. Wendling, December 30th.
The Boston Ideals, March 12th.
Hon. John J. Ingalls, February 22d.
Dr. Russell H. Conwell, March 26th.
Dr. Fridtjof Nansen.

One or two changes may occur, but the above is practically the list. They are all eminent attractions.

Mr. John Fox is another Thomas Nelson Page. He reads from his own writings and from Mr. Page's, and Mr. Page commends him to Atlanta in a personal letter, and the indorsement could not be in stronger language. Mr. James Whitcomb Riley also indorses him highly.

Dr. Louis Elson is a noted musical critic, a professor in the Boston Conservatory of Music, and the leading musical authority of Boston. He lectures on the evolution of music, showing its growth from primitive times to the present, and illustrating his talk on the piano or other instruments.

Professor Dinsmore has a popular illustrated lecture on astronomy. He was connected with one of the western universities for years, holding the chair of astronomy. His lecture was a great hit everywhere last season.

Mr. Hamilton Mabie, of course, everybody knows—the leading literary critic of the time. This will be a decided treat to the distinct literary clan, and enjoyable, as well as instructive to all. His subject will be some such one as "Dr. Johnson and His Time," "Literature and Business." Mr. Mabie is well known for his writings—his books and magazine work, and it will be gratifying to those who admire him to know that he is a wonderfully fine talker.

The Boston Ideal Concert Company, as a musical number, is entirely satisfactory. The company comes south about once in five years. It is high-class.

Mr. Alexander Block has a novelty in his picture plays. He will probably give "A Capital Courtship," with Washington scenes and public men.

Dr. Robert Nourse has a wonderful lecture, entitled "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."

Rev. Dr. Hirsch is one of the most eminent Hebrew scholars of the age. He is connected with the Chicago university. His lectures are full of thought and information.

George R. Wendling is conceded to be the most eloquent man on the lecture platform.

Hon. John J. Ingalls and Dr. Russell H. Conwell were in the course last season, and probably half the old members have requested their re-engagement.

Dr. Nansen is the celebrity of the year. He is coming to America in October for a tour, and it is almost certain that he will be in the course, the only condition being a large membership.

Officers and Directors.

The officers and directors of the Atlanta Lecture Association are the following well-known Atlantians:

Marshall J. Clarke, president.
E. P. Chamberlin, first vice president.
Charles R. Reed, second vice president.
Frank Weldon, secretary.
F. J. Paxon, treasurer.

Directors—L. J. Trounstine, T. E. Horton, George Muse, Howard Van Epps, T. J. Kelly, A. G. Thomas, James E. Carlton, W. M. Slaton, C. C. Cox, J. K. Ottley, R. J. Guinn.

The membership tickets are $5 for the season, each ticket being good for two reserved seats at every entertainment. If only twelve entertainments were given, the reserved seats would cost but 21 cents for each attraction. Last year with ten entertainments the cost was only 25 cents. More will be given this year for the same amount of money.

The first season was a brilliant success. Already it is certain that the second season will be a greater success.

All who have not joined, and wish to do so, are invited to send their name and address to the treasurer, Mr. F. J. Paxon, 93 Whitehall street.

Below is a list of the subscribers up to date, with the exception of about ten names which have not been reported to the officers:

B. J. Eiseman,
Jno. J. Egan,
J. L. Edwards,
Mrs. Jacob Elsas,
R. A. Ellis,
Oscar Elsas,
Geo. F. Eubanks,
K. H. Boland,
H. Benjamin,
M. Benjamin,
Miss Bertha D. Brady,
W. A. Bass,
James W. Bones,
J. W. Blosser,
J. W. Bateman,
Arnold Broyles,
Sam'l Barnett,
Miss Mattie Burtchaell,
T. W. Baxter,
Lewis Bettman,
Frank C. Block,
John M. Born, Jr.,
C. I. Branen,
Dr. Geo. Brown,
W. K. Boller,
Chas. E. Bell,
Dr. W. Z. Crist,
J. C. Courtney,
Jas. E. Carlton,
G. A. Cabaniss,
H. Cronheim,
W. L. Cosgrove,
Jno. Cooper,
Asa G. Candler,
B. B. Crew,
A. B. Chandler,
Asa G. Candler,
Judge M. J. Clark,
Lyman Hall,
N. J. Hammond,
Dr. T. P. Hinman,
J. Wallace Hoyt,
Henderson Hallman,
John A. Hynds,
Mrs. C. V. Hartsfield,
B. H. Hartsfield,
T. E. Horton,
G. W. Harrison,
W. L. Hubbard, Jr.,
Mrs. A. D. Hale,
Arthur Haynes,
Mrs. Susie Harwood,
John Hardwick,
William N. Hanks,
Hally Hatcher,
R. L. Hatch,
Mrs. S. M. Hicks,
Mrs. Julia D. Hall,
Miss Nina Hornady,
Miss Lula C. Hillyer,
Mrs. J. B. S. Holmes,
Miss Lisette Hetzel,
William P. Hill,
H. D. Hynds,
Charles E. Hanker,
W. S. Hess,
Albert Howell,
C. D. Hurt,
Nicholas Ittwer,
W. H. Jones,
Mrs. W. F. Johnson,
Mrs. James Jackson,
E. F. Johnson,
H. S. Johnson,
E. H. Jackson,
Rev. S. Y. Jameson.

Continued on Ninth Page.

Style
and
Beauty
Are the chief requisites in Dress Goods. But the combination usually comes high. Style and beauty and low price—not comparative low price, but real, abstract cheapness—is an almost impossible combination in the very nature of things. BUT WE HAVE IT!
50c A YARD.
For fifty cents a yard we are showing a number of lines that are in keeping with Fashion's very latest whim—which is a very beautiful whim. One number is a forty-six-inch Clay Worsted Serge, a beautifully finished, close sheered material, in navy, black and brown. A wonderful value, which cannot be duplicated 50c
Another is a forty-two-inch silk and wool Novelty, in all the new shadings, in a quantity that covers one center table This is a real 65c value 50c
Another, a thirty-eight-inch silk finished Henrietta, in all colors and black 50c
Also a beautiful assortment of Checks, forty-six inches wide, absolutely pure wool. All 50c a yard 50c
75c A YARD
A fifty-two-inch broadcloth in all the new shades and black, beautifully finished—a real dollar value . . 75c
Fifty-inch Epengalenes in two tone effects, combinations of clubhouse blue and black, Havana brown and black, Oxheart red and black, green and black 75c
DOUGLAS & DAVISON,
57 to 61 Whitehall St.

CHARMING MADAME TULLY.

SUBJECT BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.
FAMOUS MADAME TULLY
Will remain in Atlanta for a limited time only, so ladies who desire to take advantage of her marvelous method of facial treatment for the removal of all blemishes and wrinkles of whatever character, should do so at an early date. The madame has several suites of apartments in the hotel connected with her personal parlors for the accommodation of ladies who do not wish to remain at home during the process of rejuvenation. Here they are under the personal supervision of this clever woman. About ten days is necessary for a complete rejuvenation of the most stubborn case. The patient may have a skin like parchment to begin with, but when the mask is removed, lo! a marvelous change has taken place, the erstwhile wrinkled and unsightly skin has disappeared, leaving in its stead a complexion as soft, clear and creamy as a child's. The improvement is so pronounced and rapid that it positively startles one.
Remember that Madame Tully is the only individual in America who gives this scientific treatment with an absolute guarantee of complete success in the most obstinate cases.
Madame brings a supply of her Almondine (day skin food) Pascaline (night skin food), Witch Hazel Cream (cleaning cream), Massage Cups or wrinkle remover, Oil steamers (she uses no water), and many lovely toilet preparations.
"Dear Madame Tully:
"I must express to you, before leaving St. Paul, how I have enjoyed and benefited by your electric and oil treatment. On my arrival my face was full of tired lines and shadows from my emotional work on the stage, and railroad travel. The six treatments I received of you have removed many lines, and when I receive the six months' treatment—I certainly intend to when you come east—I will be without any line and my youth returned. Yours sincerely, FANNY DAVENPORT.
"May 8, 1897. St. Paul, Minn."
All mail promptly answered. Address Aragon Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.
sept28-tues thur sun

COLISEUM
TONIGHT
7—Match Races—7
The Four Champions Will Settle the Question.
FOR $130 IN PURSES
EATON, WALTHOUR, BAKER, REPINE
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

This is the season for going abroad. If you are contemplating a trip across the Atlantic, consult Ed E. Kirby (successor to R. D. Mann & Co.), the only direct representative in Atlanta for all of the principal European S. S. lines. Also agent of Gaze's tours and the United States Cheque Bank, limited. Checks issued for all parts of the civilized world. Full and accurate information relative to travel cheerfully furnished on application. Address No. 12 North Pryor street, Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga. june20-sun tu thu

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

PRICES DEPRESSED

Early Declines in Stocks Over 1 Per Cent for Whole List.

ALL THE NEWS WAS FAVORABLE

In the Afternoon There Was Decided Buoyancy and the Loss Was Recovered.

New York, September 29.—Today's stock market further demonstrated the changed character of the speculation and the entire subsidence of the recent rampant bull spirit. The bears were more aggressive than at any time hitherto and met scarcely any opposition. They seemed somewhat apprehensive over their own success, and bought quite steadily during the afternoon of the same stocks that had been sold short in the morning. The result was to make net changes quite irregular, but the largest figures were on the side of the losses. The bears succeeded in dislodging a number of stop loss orders of weakly margined speculative holdings, and there seemed to be more long selling than has been the case heretofore. The declines extended from 1@4 points, and with very few exceptions affected every active stock on the list. The bears were apparently satisfied to realize on a short turn and not leave accounts open overnight. It was a notable fact, however, that whatever animation was shown during the decline and the recovery was slow and halting, and on much diminished volume of trading. The centers of bear attacks were stocks of such uncertain value as Sugar and Chicago Gas and the local gas stocks. The evidence of a reactionary tone of the speculation was shown in the ready credence given to all rumors of an unfavorable factor. In the same way an improvement in business was early discounted in Wall street and future possible contingencies are now largely taken account of. Meantime prices are necessarily in course of adjustment to the advanced money rate. There was no change today in the character of the news bearing on the general situation. London continued to show a disposition to put money into American securities on any decline. Railroad earnings continued to show improvement. An incident of the day was the lowering of the actual rates for sterling exchange ¼c and a fall in the Paris rate of exchange on London. Each of these incidents indicated a recurrence of the pressure of the demand on London for gold. Near the close of trading on the exchange it was reported that offers were made of call loans at 1 per cent. Slight significance was attached to the offer as having any bearing on the money market, in which rates continued firm. Owing to the late rally in prices of the Grangers, the Vanderbilts and most of the other leading stocks show insignificant net changes, losses, however, predominating. Cotton Oil and Metropolitan Traction showed net gains of over a point, the largest losses being 5¾ in Consolidated Gas, 3 in Brooklyn Union Gas, Lake Shore and National Lead preferred, 2 in Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville preferred and Manhattan and 2½ in New Haven.

Total sales of stocks today 491,600 shares, including Atchison 3,500, Atchison preferred 12,203, Chesapeake and Ohio 7,565, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy 32,720, Louisville and Nashville 17,875, Manhattan 10,780, Missouri Pacific 9,500, Missouri, Kansas and Texas preferred 5,910, New Jersey Central 3,140, New York Central 12,000, Northern Pacific 3,080, Northern Pacific preferred 7,700, Northwestern 3,635, Ontario and Western 7,150, Reading 9,360, Rock Island 29,813, St. Paul ex dividend 41,960, St. Paul and Omaha 6,655, Southern preferred 7,465, Union Pacific 21,590, Union Pacific 21,590, Union Pacific Denver and Gulf 13,215, American Tobacco 13,435, Bay State Gas 5,589, Chicago Gas 52,205, General Electric 3,975, Lead 4,810, Sugar 37,875, Tennessee Coal and Iron 4,807, United States Leather preferred 4,286, United States Rubber preferred 3,614, Western Union 10,450, Chicago Great Western 9,865.

The bond market did not yield so readily as stocks, but prices of the most active issues declined a sharp fraction.

United States 4's coupon of 1907 advanced ⅛ bid. Total sales, $2,000,000.

Money on call easy at 2@3 per cent, last loan 2 per cent, closing at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84¾@4.85 for demand, and at $4.82½@4.82¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83½@4.84 and $4.86; commercial bills, $4.81½@4.81¾.

Silver certificates, 54½@55c.

Bar silver, 53½c.

Mexican dollars, 41c.

Government bonds firm.

State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds heavy.

Following are the closing bids:

Atchison	15¼	St. Paul	96⅛
do preferred	32⅝	do preferred	141
Baltimore & Ohio	16⅛	St. Paul & Omaha	80¾
Canada Pacific	77¼	do preferred	143
Canada Southern	57⅛	St. P. & M. M.	120
Central Pacific	17	Southern Pacific	20
Chesapeake & Ohio	23⅛	Southern R'y	11
Chicago & Alton	162	do preferred	33⅝
C., B. & Q.	97⅝	Texas & Pacific	12¼
Chi. & E. Ill.	57	Union Pacific	23⅛
C. C. C. & St. L.	36¼	U. P., Den. & Gulf	9¾
do do pref.	83¼	Wabash	8⅛
Del. & Hudson	117½	do preferred	21
Del., Lack. & W'n	158	Wheeling & L. Erie	2⅜
Del. & R. G.	13¾	do preferred	13⅛
do preferred	47⅛	EXPRESS COMPANIES.	
Erie (new)	16⅞	Adams Express	158
do 1st preferred	41	American Express	117
Fort Wayne	168	United States	44
Great Northern pref	136	Wells Fargo	108
Hocking Valley	7	MISCELLANEOUS.	
Illinois Central	103½	A. Cot. Oil	22
Lake Erie & West'n	18½	do preferred	78½
do preferred	76½	American Spirits	11⅞
Lake Shore	172	do preferred	30
Louisville & Nash	59⅛	Am. Tobacco	88¼
Manhattan L	102⅝	do preferred	112
Met. Traction	120	Chicago Gas	100¾
Michigan Central	105	Consolidated Gas	217⅛
Minn. & St. L.	25¼	C. C. Co.	175
do do 1st pref.	87½	Colo. F. & Iron	24¾
Missouri Pacific	33⅜	do preferred	80
Mobile & Ohio	28	Gen. Electric	36⅛
Mo., K. & T.	15¼	Illinois Steel	48
do preferred	37⅜	La Clede Gas	43⅛
Chicago, Ind. & L.	9⅛	Lead	37⅜
do preferred	32	do preferred	103⅛
N. J. Central	97	Nat'l Lin. Oil	16
N. Y. Central	110	Pacific Mail	34⅛
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	15⅛	Pullman Palace	177
do do 1st pref.	76	Silver Certificates	54⅛
do do 2d pref.	37	Stnd. Rope & Twine	6⅛
Norfolk & West	14⅛	Sugar	145⅝
North American Co.	4⅞	do preferred	115⅛
Northern Pacific	20⅝	T. C. & I.	30⅜
do preferred	53⅛	U. S. Leather	8⅛
Ontario & Western	18⅛	do preferred	65⅛
Ore. R. & Nav.	36	U. S. Rubber	17¼
Ore. Short Line	16⅛	do preferred	68⅛
Pittsburg	159	Western Union	90⅛
Reading	26⅛	Northwestern	125¾
Rock Island	90⅝	do preferred	164
St. L. & S. F.	5⅛	C. G. W.	17⅛
do do pref	11		

BONDS.

U. S. new 4s reg.	125¼	N. Y. Central 1sts	117¾
do coupon	125½	N. J. Cent. 5s	112⅛
U. S. 4s	111⅛	N. Carolina 6s	125
do coupon	113⅛	do 4s	103
do 2ds	98	Northern Pac. 1sts	120⅛
U. S. 5s reg.	114½	do 3s	59⅝
do 5s coupon	114½	do 4s	
District 3 65s	109¼	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	106¼
Ala., Class A	107	Nor. & W. 6s	121
do Class B	106	Northwest Consols	143
do Class C	98	do deb. 5s	116⅛
do Currency	98	Oregon Nav. 1sts	112½
Atchison 4s	88	do 4s	91
do adj. 4s	58¾	O. S. Line 6s, t. r.	115⅛
Canada So. 2nds	105⅛	O. S. Line 5s, t. r.	91⅛
Can. Pac. 1sts		O. Imp. 1sts, t. r.	101¼
C. & N. P. t. r. 5s	48½	do 5s, t. r.	41⅛
C. & Ohio 5s	111	Pacific 6s of '95	102⅛
C., H. & D. 4½s	104⅛	Reading 4s	84⅞
D. & R. G. 1sts	111	RioGrande W. 1sts	82
D. & R. G. 4s	89	St. L. & I. M. Con. 5s	88⅛
East Tenn. 1sts	109	St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s	114
Erie Gen. 4s	70	St. Paul Consols 7s	140
F. W. & D. 1sts, t. r.	72	St. P. C. & P. 1sts	118¾
Gen. Elec. 5s	100	do 5s	115¼
G. H. & S. A. 6s	106	S. Caro. non-fund	
do 2ds	106	Southern Ry. 5s	93
H. & T. Cent. 5s	109⅛	Stn'd Rope & T. 6s	64
do con. 6s	106	Tenn. new set 3s	84
Iowa C. 1sts	98⅛	Tex. Pac. L. G. 1sts	95⅛
Kan. P. Con. t. r.	100¼	do Rg. 2nds	29⅛
K. Pac. 1st (Den. div.) t. r.	116¼	Union Pac. 1sts	101
La. new consols 4s	99	U. P. D. & Gulf 1sts	51⅛
L. & N. Uni. 4s	83⅛	Wab. 1st 5s	107
Missouri 6s	100	do 2ds	77⅛
M., K. T. 2ds	63⅛	West Shore 4s	107⅜
do 4s	86	Virginia centuries	66⅛
		do deferred	4

Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

Atlanta, September 29.—The stock market opened under control of the bears and in the absence of support from prominent interests prices were again depressed, the declines extending to over 1 per cent on the average for the whole list. Numerous losses in excess of 1 per cent were recorded.

All the news of the day was favorable, consisting of excellent railroad returns, reports of business revivals and further evidence that the late sensational rumors as to the diplomatic relations between Spain and the United States were without foundation.

In the afternoon the market became dull and selling power showed signs of exhaustion. An attempt to recover stocks found few offerings in sight, and in the last hour speculation developed decided buoyancy. The recovery in many instances left final prices above the close yesterday.

The market closed strong and active.

STOCK.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Closing Bids.	Tuesday's Closing Bids.
Atchison	15⅛	15¼	15	15¼	15⅛
do. preferred	32⅛	32⅛	31¼	32⅝	32⅛
Am'n Sugar Ref'g	145	145½	143	145⅝	144⅞
C., C., C. & St. L.	36¼	36¼	36	36¼	36⅞
C., B. & Q.	98⅛	98⅛	96⅝	97⅝	97¾
Chicago Gas	101½	102	99	100¾	101¼
Canada Southern	....	....	....	57⅛	57½
D., L. & W.	....	....	....	158¾	159
Erie	....	....	....	16⅞	16¾
Edison Gen. Elec.	36½	36⅝	35¾	36⅛	37⅛
Amer'n Tobacco	88¾	89	87⅛	88¼	87¾
Jersey Central	97⅛	97¾	96	97	98
Lake Shore	....	....	....	172	176½
National Lead	....	....	....	37⅜	38⅛
L. & N.	59⅛	59⅛	58¾	59⅛	59⅜
Missouri Pacific	34	34	32⅞	33⅜	33⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	17	17	16½	16½	16¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	30⅝	30⅝	29⅜	30⅜	30¾
Northwestern	125¾	125¾	123¾	125¾	125¾
Southern Railway	11⅛	11⅛	10½	11	11¼
do preferred	34	34	32⅞	33⅝	33⅞
North'n Pac. pref.	53⅛	53⅛	52⅛	52⅜	52¾
New York Central	110⅜	110⅜	109⅛	110	110⅜
Omaha	81	81	79	80¾	81¼
Pacific Mail	34⅛	34⅛	33⅛	34⅛	34¾
Reading	26	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	26
Rock Island	91	91	89⅛	90¾	90¾
St. Paul	96⅛	96⅛	95⅛	*96⅛	99⅝
Union Pacific	23⅞	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	24
Am'n Cotton Oil	....	....	....	22	21
Western Union	90⅛	90½	89⅛	90¼	90½
Am'n Spirits Co	12⅛	12⅛	12	12⅛	13
U. S. Leather Pref	67	67	65⅛	65¾	67
Manhattan	104⅛	104⅛	101⅛	102⅛	104⅛

*Ex-dividend 3 per cent.

Swanson & Co.'s Stock Letter.

Atlanta, September 29.—The professional bear element took control of the stock market just where it left off last night and there was apparently very little resistance offered to check the declines. London's range of quotations was more encouraging, and despite another batch of excellent railway traffic returns, speculation followed the lines of reaction. There were no especial features, as losses of 1 per cent were common in the first half hour. Special attacks were successfully perpetrated against Sugar and Chicago Gas, and were evidently designed for their effect on the balance of the list. The early weakness was followed by small rallies, but the market exhibited comparatively little real resistance.

The entire market experienced another break, due, it was said, to the weakness in Chicago Gas. This weakness was attributed to dispatches in the morning papers to the effect that the Standard Oil Company will secure the gas companies outside of the trust in Chicago and then reduce the price of gas to 70 cents.

At 1 o'clock the market began to improve. The advances were moderately well sustained throughout the last hour and the close, while still characterized by a feeling of easiness, was considered a little better than the opening.

The Silver Market.

New York, September 29.—The price of silver scored a further loss of ⅛d to 25d in London today and 1c to 53⅜c in New York. This is within 1¼d and 2¼c of the lowest price on record. The decline is in the face of persistent rumors of a purpose to reopen the Indian mints to the coinage of silver. Bullion dealers report that the price was sustained by short contracts for September delivery and an increased supply of the metal coming forward and the expiration of the period of the short contracts has resulted in the reaction in the price.

Atlanta Clearing House Statement.

Darwin G. Jones, manager.

	1897	1896
Monday	$231,392.33	$236,364.66
Tuesday	190,159.79	212,298.20
Wednesday	201,537.15	212,703.94
Total	$623,089.27	$661,366.80

Clearings Elsewhere.

New York, September 29.—Clearings, $132,885,447; balances, $7,830,024.

Boston, September 29.—Clearings, $16,167,071; balances, $1,897,353.

Philadelphia, September 29.—Clearings, $10,022,852; balances, $1,680,386.

Baltimore, September 29.—Clearings, $2,209,922; balances, $412,316.

St. Louis, September 29.—Clearings, $4,831,320; balances, $794,639. Money, 4@7 per cent. New York exchange 60c discount bid; 4c discount asked.

Memphis, Tenn., September 29.—Clearings, $236,739; balances, $78,418. New York exchange selling at $1.50 premium.

New Orleans, September 29.—Clearings, $1,184,086. New York exchange, bank par; commercial, $1.50 per $1,000.

Chicago, September 29.—Clearings, $16,315,993. New York exchange 20c discount. Sterling exchange: Posted rates, 484 and 486½.

Declares Regular Dividend.

New York, September 29.—The directors of the American Tobacco Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on the common and 2 per cent on the preferred stock.

Foreign Finances.

London, September 29, 4 p. m.—Closing consols for money, 111⅞; do for the account, 111⅞; Canadian Pacific, 79⅞; Erie, 17½; Erie first preferred, 42¼; Illinois Central, 107¼; Mexican ordinary, 19¼; St. Paul common, 102⅝; New York Central, 114; Pennsylvania, 58⅞; Reading, 13½; Mexican Central new 4's, 66½; Atchison, 15⅜; Louisville and Nashville, 61¼.

Bar silver dull, at 25d per ounce.

Money, ¾@1 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2 1-16 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three month bills, 2¼ per cent.

The market for American securities were weak at the opening, but steadied later on New York buying. The close was steady with a moderate demand.

Gold is quoted at Buenos Ayres today at 187.90; at Lisbon at 48⅞; at Rome at 105.30.

Berlin, September 29.—Exchange on London 20 marks 37 centimes for checks.

Paris, September 29, 4 p. m.—Three per cent rentes 103 francs 12½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 19 centimes for checks.

Bradstreet's Supply Report.

New York, September 29.—Special cable and telegraphic dispatches to Bradstreet's covering the principal points of accumulation indicate the following changes in available supplies last Saturday as compared with the previous Saturday:

Wheat—United States and Canada east of the Rockies increase 5,170,000 bushels. Afloat for and in Europe, increase 4,800,000 bushels. World's total increase 9,970,000 bushels.

Corn—United States and Canada east of the Rockies increase 2,228,000 bushels.

Oats—United States and Canada east of the Rockies increase 297,000.

The more important increases in stocks of available wheat last week, not included in the official visible supply statement, are 1,150,000 bushels at Manitoba points of accumulation, 1,016,000 bushels at Fort Williams, Ont.; 450,000 bushels in Northwestern interior elevators (United States) and 161,000 bushels at New Orleans. The more important decreases are 397,000 bushels in Chicago private elevators and 64,000 at Galveston.

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are the bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 years	103½	Atl'nta 4s	103¼
Ga. 3½s, 25 to 40 years	104	Aug'ta 7s, L.D.	109
Ga. 4½s, 1915	116	Macon 6s	115½
Savannah 5s	109	Columbus 5s	102
Atl'ntas, 1902	115	Waterw'rks 6s	104½
Atl'nta 7s, 1904	115	Rome 6s	101½
Atl'nta 7s, 1899	103½	So. Car. 4½s	107
Atl'nta 6s, L.D.	116	Newn'n 6s, L.D.	105
Atl'nta 5s, L.D.	109	Chatta. 5s, 1911	100
Atl'nta 4½s	104	Col. S. C. grd'd 7s & 6s, 1910	72
		Ala. Class A	107½

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1910	115	Atl'nta & Char 1st 7s, 1907	118½
Ga. 6s, 1922	116	do Income 6s, 1900	104
Ga. Pac. 1st	118		
C., C. & A. 1st 1s. 1909	105½		

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	173	180	Aug. & Sav.	93	95
Southwestern	95	95	A. & W. P.	102	
			do deben.	103	

CHEAP STORAGE BONDED WAREHOUSE.
C. E. CAVERLY, Cor. Hunter and Madison Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

GAVE WAY RAPIDLY

Heavy Liverpool Selling Took the Heart Out of the Bulls.

THE FEELING IS STILL GLOOMY

Receipts Were More Moderate Than of Late, but Southern Spot Markets Are Weak.

The following were the quotations for spot cotton yesterday at the places named:

Atlanta—Weak; middling 5⅝c.

Liverpool—Demand moderate; middling 3⅞d.

New York—Quiet; middling 6½c.

New Orleans—Easy; middling 6⅛c.

Savannah—Quiet; middling 5 13-16c.

Galveston—Easy; middling 6¼c.

Norfolk—Quiet; middling 6 3-16c.

Mobile—Weak; middling 6c.

Memphis—Steady; middling 6 1-16c.

Augusta—Steady; middling 6 1-16c.

Charleston—Nominal; middling 5¾@5⅞c.

Houston—Nominal; middling 6⅛c.

The following is the statement of the receipts, shipments and stock in Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPM'TS		STOCK.	
	1897	1896	1897	1896	1897	1896
Saturday	1885	1208	1000	1551	7292	6456
Monday	1465	2221	1983	1850	6774	7327
Tuesday	1754	2006	1499	500	7047	8733
Wednesday	1468	1615	1550	2550	6945	7898
Thursday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Friday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	6072	7050	6034	5951		

Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, September 29.—The market has shown some activity. The feature has been the liquidation of October, which widened the differences between that month and January. A large proportion of the cotton sold, however, has been replaced by purchases of the more distant positions. Outside of this there has been no pressure on the market. In fact, there is a gradual increase in the speculative and investment demand attracted by the low price to which cotton has drifted, as well as a considerable diminution in the volume of the offerings, owing to the fact that the weakly held cotton has apparently been pretty well eliminated. There has been no news of any importance from any source to affect prices. Liverpool before our opening advanced 1-64d, which was rather better than was looked for, and the New York market consequently opened 1@5 points over yesterday's close. Subsequently, however, prices receded, owing to a loss of 2-64d in Liverpool and in response to the liquidation in September and October. This latter factor resulted in a decline of 10 points in October, while the distant months were carried 5 points under yesterday's close. A slight recovery took place and prices at the close were 3@6 points under yesterday. While the feeling in New York continues intensely bearish, the public is evidently beginning to regard cotton upon its merits as relatively cheap, as is evidenced by the gradual increase in the speculative demand. The unfavorable crop reports continue to be discredited by the professional trade, who evidently believe that as long as the current expectation of a large crop continues to exert a depressing influence there is no necessity of accepting the unfavorable crop reports which, of course, still remain to be confirmed in the crop movement later on. Nevertheless, it is apparent to all that cotton has drifted to a very low level. Receipts today showed a material decrease, compared with the past two weeks. Port receipts, 38,000 against 37,465 last year. New Orleans expects tomorrow 5,500 to 7,500 against 8,052 last year; Houston 4,000 against 8,778 last year.

The following were the closing quotations for cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Wedn'sday's Close.	Tuesday's Close.
September	6 30	6 30	6 20	6 22-23	6 30-31
October	6 33	6 35	6 21	6 25-26	6 31-32
November	6 35	6 35	6 26	6 28	6 30-31
December	6 36	6 37	6 27	6 30-31	6 32-33
January	6 41	6 42	6 32	6 34-35	6 37-38
February	6 45	6 46	6 38	6 38-39	6 41-42
March	6 48	6 49	6 41	6 42-43	6 47-48
April	6 53	6 53	6 46	6 46-48	6 49-50
May	6 56	6 57	6 51	6 51-52	6 53-54
June	....	....	....	....	....
July	....	....	....	....	....
August	....	....	....	....	....

Closed steady; sales 150,600 bales.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1897	1896	1897	1896	1897	1896
Saturday	38344	28893	5100	40832	384853	573348
Monday	61596	58475	81015	16017	413809	609155
Tuesday	58270	52803	24077	12462	446501	647033
Wednesday	39400	37405	10987	24645	469259	655516
Thursday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Friday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	197610	187276	71129	93956		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

August	....	February	6 11
September	....	March	6 18
October	5 98	April	6 23
November	5 99	May	6 24
December	6 01	June	
January	6 05	July	

Closed steady; sales 30,100 bales.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, September 29.—There has apparently been a little more order business today and some investment buying of the spring months, which show a gain of 2 points at the close while the near positions are unchanged. Receipts at the ports 39,400, against 37,500 and 29,400 the previous two years. The estimates for Houston 4,000, against 8,700 and 9,980 and at New Orleans 5,500 to 7,500, against 8,000 and 6,400, are lighter by comparison, but possibly on account of the quarantine. It is suggested that country points are selling against an accumulation of cotton that they cannot ship. Spots at New Orleans are easy, with sales of 3,300 and 5,700 to arrive at 1-16c decline. Atlantic points are generally unchanged. There has been no special features or gossip today.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, September 29.—Dry goods were still without special feature. The holidays of Monday and Tuesday in some quarters resulted in accumulated business today, but even with this added activity the market was not a thoroughly busy one. Cottons show an increased notion toward weakness, due not so much to the interrupted activity of the market as to the decline in the price of raw cotton. Buyers are quick to take advantage of such conditions, and they do not hesitate to offer lower prices today than have ruled recently. Sellers are disposed to maintain their position as far as possible, and dullness resulted. In staple goods the market is quiet. Domestic brown goods are firm. Export cottons are still dull in most grades. Print cloths were weak.

New York, September 29.—By Associated Press: The cotton market opened steady. Sellers were scarce on the first call, while early buying orders were quite numerous. The first call developed an advance of 2@5 points, followed by a further slight gain as the result of better English cables. Later, however, the market became very weak under the pressure of the heavy movement at southern ports and reaction at Liverpool and indications of large receipts at the interior. The market was finally steady at a net decline of 1@8 points.

Atwood Violett, Lockwood & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 29.—Although the advantage was to the seller, at the same time there was no pressure and not so much discouragement for would-be buyers or those already long as for ten days past has been the case. It has become very fashionable to sell cotton on account of the success of that side for about $3 a bale in the last two weeks. We think, however, that many conservative interests have been taken out of the short side, and, while much still exists, being held against spot cotton, at the same time there is enough speculatively short to make it easier, for that reason, to advance the market in case any good or strong buying should come into it. The heavy movement has not encouraged buying, and yet there is a good deal of inquiry about the cotton market from sources other than cotton circles, and there is a growing disposition to buy it as an investment and follow it down, if necessary. While chances are considered more favorable for a decline than otherwise the strength that would be given to the market, for reasons last mentioned, are likely in the end to prevail.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 29.—(Special.)—After opening higher this morning the cotton market broke sharply and closed slightly under yesterday's figures. Liverpool cables were favorable. They reported an advance of 1½-64d there. Our market opened 2 to 5 points higher in sympathy. Shortly after the opening prices in Liverpool began to give way and heavy selling orders were received from that market. These orders took the heart out of buyers here and prices rapidly gave way. Heavy liquidation of October contracts added to the weakness. Export houses again bought freely, and at the decline the demand was very good. Receipts today were more moderate than of late, although the movement was still very free. January opened at 6.41, advanced to 6.42, declined to 6.32, rallied to 6.36 and closed at 6.34 to 6.35 with the tone of the market steady. The feeling here is still gloomy. The weakness of the southern markets render efforts to lift prices here unavailing. An encouraging feature, however, is that the continent is now buying freely.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 29.—After a reaction at the opening Liverpool closed easy at the lowest prices yet touched. Private cables state that a better feeling was gaining ground, but was lost on the heavy offerings from the south on a lower basis. Importers have lost so much money in Liverpool during the past two years that they refuse to do business except on more favorable import terms. Locally the feature has been the continued liquidation of the October position, which was thought to have been finished on the last break. This position was offered for sale until a discount of 12 points below January was established. It is now thought to be over. Southern selling, notwithstanding the lighter movement, was noticeable, quarantine regulations having seriously interfered with the movement of the crop in Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. Traders have thought the market entitled to a reaction and are disappointed at the continued decline abroad. A quiet tone marked the close with no disposition to anticipate a further decline. Southern interior markets are reported as weak at ⅛@¼c decline from yesterday.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, September 29—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot demand moderate with prices unchanged; middling uplands 3⅞; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,300; speculation and export 500; receipts 4,000; American 3700.

Futures opened steady with demand moderate.

	Open'g	Close.	
September	3 48-64	3 46½	Sellers
September-October	3 42-64	3 40	"
October and November	3 35-64	3 33	"
November and December	3 32-64	3 30½	Buyers
December and January	3 31-64	3 29½	"
January and February	3 31-64	3 29½	"
February and March	3 32-64	3 30½	Sellers
March and April	3 33-64	3 31	"
April and May		3 32	"
May and June	3 35-64	3 33	"

Futures closed easy.

New York, September 29—Cotton quiet; sales 360 bales; middling uplands 6½; middling gulf 6¾; net receipts 268; gross 1,332; stock 60,424.

Galveston, September 29—Cotton easy; middling 6¼; net receipts 6,203 bales; gross 6,203; sales 283; stock 117,789.

Norfolk, September 29—Cotton quiet; middling 6 3-16; net receipts 6,483 bales; gross 6,483; sales 682; stock 18,539; exports coastwise 3,311.

Baltimore, September 29—Cotton nominal; middling 6⅝; net receipts none bales; gross 831; sales none; stock 5,377.

Boston, September 29 — Cotton dull; middling 6⅝; net receipts none bales; gross 11,459; sales none; stock none.

Wilmington, September 29—Cotton quiet; middling 6; net receipts 3,431 bales; gross 3,431; sales none; stock 38,596.

Philadelphia, September 29—Cotton quiet; middling 6⅞; net receipts 322 bales; gross 822; sales none, stock 3,902.

Savannah, September 29—Cotton quiet; middling 5 13-16; net receipts 8,011 bales; gross 8,011; sales 2,610; stock 87,408; exports coastwise 3,074.

New Orleans, September 29—Cotton easy; middling 6⅛; net receipts 8,670 bales; gross 9,842; sales 9,000; stock 92,488; exports to continent 1,300.

Mobile, September 29—Cotton weak; middling 6; net receipts 2,376 bales; gross 2,376; sales 800; stock 8,148; exports to Great Britain 3,396; coastwise 1,091.

Memphis, September 29—Cotton steady; middling 6 1-16; net receipts 1,873 bales; shipments 1,978; sales 2,400; stock 20,608.

Augusta, September 29—Cotton steady; middling 6 1-16; net receipts 2,681 bales; shipments 2,025; sales 1,339; stock 13,518.

Charleston, September 29—Cotton nominal; middling 5¾@5⅞; net receipts 3,156 bales; gross 3,156; sales none; stock 36,578; exports coastwise 725; to continent 4,900.

Houston, September 29—Cotton nominal; middling 6⅛; net receipts 9,180 bales; shipments 16,305; sales none; stock 67,174.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., September 29, 1897.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, September 29—Flour, first patent, $6.40; second patent 5.60; straight 5.10; fancy 4.90; extra family 4.50. Corn, white 49c; mixed 47c. Oats, white 35c; mixed 32c. Texas rustproof 38@40c. Rye, Georgia 85c. Hay, No. 1 timothy large bales 85c; small bales 80c; No. 2 timothy small bales 75c. Meal plain 49c; bolted 42c. Wheat bran, large sacks 73c; small sacks 80c. Shorts 95c. Stock meal 80c. Cotton seed meal 95c per 100 lbs; hulls $6.50 per ton. Peas 90c@$1.25 per bushel, according to kind and quality. Grits $2.60.

New York, September 29—Flour sold off 5@10c on all grades in sympathy with wheat; city mill patents $5.85@6.10; Minnesota patents $5.15@5.40; winter patents $5.10@5.35. Wheat, spot weak; No. 2 red 94⅝c afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth 95⅝c afloat; No. 2 hard 93⅝c afloat, options opened easy on cables, railied on small spring wheat receipts, drought talk and covering, but later declined sensationally under a heavy increase in Bradstreet's visible, and liquidation, closing 1⅛@2c net lower; No. 2 red May 89⅝c; September 95⅝c; December 91⅝c. Corn, spot weak; No. 2 33⅝c afloat; options opened steady on bullish western news, advanced on covering, but weakened with wheat and lower cables, closing ⅛@⅜c net lower; May 37⅛c, September 32c; December 34c. Oats, spot quiet; No. 2 23⅛@23⅝c; options fairly active but weaker with the other markets, closing ⅜c net lower; September 23c; October 23⅛c; December 24⅝c.

Chicago, September 29—Flour weak; No. 2 spring wheat 87⅛@90c; No. 3 spring wheat 81½@89⅛c; No. 2 red 92@93c; No. 2 corn 27@27⅛c; No. 2 yellow core 27@27⅛c; No. 2 oats 19c; No. 2 white 21⅛@22⅛c; No. 3 white 20⅛@22c; No. 2 rye 46c; No. 2 barley nominal; No. 3 30@41c; No. 4 27½@35c; No. 1 flaxseed 98c@$1.00.

St. Louis, September 29—Flour unchanged. Wheat spot quiet; No. 2 red cash in elevator 96c bid; track 96@97c; No. 2 hard cash 87@87⅛c; September —; December 96⅝c@93⅛; May 93⅛c. Corn, spot stronger; No. 2 cash 26⅛c; September —; December 26⅛c; May 29⅛@29⅛c. Oats, spot steady; No. 2 cash in elevator 20c bid; track 20⅛c; No. 2 white 22@22⅛c; September —c; December 19⅛c asked; May 21⅛c asked.

Cincinnati, September 29 — Flour easy. Wheat easy; No. 2 red 91c. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 30@30⅛c, Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 21⅛c.

Provisions.

Atlanta, September 29—Clear ribs boxed side 6⅛c; clear sides 6⅛; ice-cured bellies 8c. Sugar-cured hams 11@12⅛c; California 7⅛c; breakfast bacon 10@11c. Lard, best quality 6c; second quality 5⅞c; compound 5⅛.

New York, September 29—Lard quiet; western steam $4.80; October $4.70; refined easier; to continent $5.20; South America $5.70; compound $4.62½@4.86¼. Pork quiet; mess, new $9.50@10.00; old $9.00@9.25.

Chicago, September 29—Mess pork, per bbl. $8.05@8.10. Lard, per 100 lbs, $4.42½. Short ribs sides, loose, $4.75@5.10. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5.37½@5.62½. Short clear sides, boxed, $5.25@5.37½.

St. Louis, September 29—Pork steady; standard mess, new $8.50; old $8.00. Lard unchanged; prime steam $4.30; choice $4.35. Bacon, boxed shoulders, $6.12½; extra short clear sides $6.12½; ribs $6.25; shorts $6.37½. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders $5.50; extra short clear sides $6.12½; ribs $6.12½; shorts $6.25.

Cincinnati, September 29—Lard quiet at $4.35. Bulk meats steady at $5.50. Bacon in fair demand at $6.75.

Groceries.

Atlanta, September 29—Roasted coffee $11.60 per 100 lb cases. Green coffee choice 12; fair 11; prime 10. Sugar standard granulated 5⅛c. New Orleans white 4⅞; do yellow 4⅛c. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed 12½@20c; sugar house 26@35c. Teas, black 30@65c; green 20@50c. Rice bead 6⅛c; choice 5¾@6c. Salt, dairy sacks 1.25; do bbls. 2.25; ice cream 90c; common 65c. Cheese, full cream 11⅛@12c. Matches 65s 50c, 200s 1.30@1.75; 300s 2.75. Soda, boxes 6c. Crackers, soda 5⅛c; cream 7c; gingersnaps 7c. Candy common stick 6c; fancy 12@13. Oysters, F. W. 1.65; L. W. 1.20.

Chicago, September 29—Sugar, cut loaf 5.96; granulated 5.34.

The Wool Market.

Boston, September 29.—The American Cotton and Wool Reporter will say tomorrow of the wool trade:

"Actual sales of wool during the past week show the very reverse of what was anticipated. The total volume of transactions foot up in excess of 13,000,000 pounds, making the week stand out as among the most noteworthy in the history of the trade. The enthusiasm in Boston over the opening of the London sales is very great, not a few dealers predicting very lively times as a result. Prices remain very firm. Large sales of territory wools have been made. Sales of the week in Boston aggregate 13,012,000 pounds; in New York 1,714,000; in Philadelphia 2,322,700."

WENT ALL TO PIECES

Wheat Advanced a Cent, but Enormous Visible Figures Caused a Break.

CLOSED OVER A CENT LOWER

Other Grains and Provisions Trailed After Wheat and Closed Sharply Lower.

Chicago, September 29.—Wheat, after climbing a cent during the morning, went all to pieces on the enormous visible decrease figures and closed at a decline of 1¼@1⅜c. The belief that the proposition to make No. 2 spring contrast grade would be defeated, which belief was subsequtnly shown to be well founded, was the bull factor, but it was completely lost sight of when the Bradstreet figures were received. Other grain and provision markets trailed after wheat, corn declining ½c, oats ⅜c, provisions closing unchanged to 2½c lower.

Wheat started firm. December, which closed yesterday at 90⅜c, opened today at 90½@90⅝c, and after a little dip to 90⅜c, started on a gradual though steady climb which carried it to 91⅜c about two hours from the opening. Better cables than expected from Liverpool and Paris contributed to the strength. It was principally due, however, to the general belief in the defeat of the amendment to the rules being balloted on to reinstate No. 2 spring as one of the descriptions of wheat delivered on speculative contracts. Some part of the firmness may have been due to a falling off in the northwestern receipts. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 824 carloads against 853 the corresponding day of the week before and 831 a year ago. The Chicago receipts were 216 cars, of which 12 were No. 2 spring, but there was not a car of wheat that could be delivered to fill a sale for the December delivery. Baltimore reported acceptances from London of good quantities of flour offered yesterday by cable, and sale of a cargo of No. 2 red wheat to France was reported from St. Louis. Export clearances from the Atlantic seaboard were 229,563 bushels of wheat and 523 barrels of flour. Two circumstances that came to light about 12 o'clock knocked the underpinning from the market and caused it to come down with a crash on the heads of its previous supporters. The first was the closing quotations from continental markets. Paris was found to be 40 centimes lower for September and 15 centimes lower for November-February, and Antwerp 25 centimes lower for all descriptions of American wheat. That started the decline, and Bradstreet's figures of the world's visible increase, making it 9,970,000 bushels, gave it its coup de grace. The market subsided to 90½c on the cables, but twenty minutes after the posting of the visible figures December had been driven down to 88⅞c. Then the market steadied again. The belief that there was a "bug" in the Bradstreet figures somewhere grew rapidly. Shorts, too, seized the opportunity to cover and the market slowly recovered from its fright. December was bringing 89@89½c at the close. The vote on the amendment to the rules, which was announced after the close, showed an overwhelming majority against the proposition.

There was very little to corn except sympathy with wheat. The market showed strength early, affected by the dry weather and the falling off in receipts, but after that it followed the fluctuations of the major market. The dullness of business prevented more than a ½-cent decline, when wheat made its exceptional dive. Receipts were 422 cars. Cables showed an increase of 2,228,000 bushels. December ranged from 29½c to 28½c, closing ½c lower at 28⅝@28¾c.

Oats were in sympathy with wheat and corn. Liquidation and larger offerings generally were the causes of weakness and lower prices in oats. Business was quite large, but of no importance as regards individuality. Receipts were 359 cars. The visible increased 297,000 bushels. December ranged from 19⅞c to 19¼c, closing ⅜c lower at 19⅜c.

Provisions were very dull and prices ruled a shade lower, due to sympathy with grain. There was some October liquidation, but as a rule the trade was merely changing. Cudahy continued to sell January products. Shipping demand was fair. At the close December pork was 2½c lower at $8.17½. December lard unchanged at $4.47½ and December ribs 2½c lower at $4.72½.

Estimated receipts Thursday: Wheat 290 cars; corn 375 cars; oats 380 cars; hogs 25,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat No. 2—				
September	89¼	89¼	87⅛	87⅛
December (new)	90⅝	91⅜	88⅞	89⅛
May	89⅛	89⅞	87⅛	87¾
Corn No. 2—				
September	27⅜	27⅜	26¾	26¾
December	29¼	29½	29½	29¾
May	32½	32⅞	31⅞	32
Oats No. 2—				
September	19	19	18½	18½
December	19⅝	19⅞	19¼	19⅜
May	22⅜	22½	21¾	21⅞
Mess Pork, per barrel—				
October	8.10	8.10	8.00	8.00
December	8.20	8.20	8.10	8.17½
January	9.17½	9.17½	9.05	9.10
Lard, per 100 pounds—				
October	4.40	4.42½	4.37½	4.40
December	4.47½	4.52½	4.47½	4.47½
January	4.65	4.67½	4.62½	4.62½
Short Ribs, per 100 pounds—				
October	4.92½	4.92½	4.82½	4.90
December	4.77½	4.77½	4.70	4.72½
January	4.77½	4.77½	4.70	4.72½

	Receipts.	Shipm'ts.
Flour, barrels	14,000	16,000
Wheat, bushels	435,000	6,000
Corn, bushels	628,000	227,000
Oats, bushels	779,000	210,000
Rey, bushels	37,000	———
Barley, bushels	216,000	15,000

Swanson & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, September 29.—Cables came in exhibiting unexpected strength Wednesday and wheat was a shade firmer. Liverpool opened unchanged to ⅞c higher and Paris was up 15 centimes. Drought reports were numerous and poured in from all sections in the winter wheat belt. Farmers are complaining of dry pastures, and stock feeding is becoming necessary. Local receipts were below the estimates, and Duluth and Minneapolis reported a diminution. Reports of foreigners selling at the Seaboard caused a slight recession immediately after the opening, but when 1:30 p. m. cables were posted, exhibiting a 1⅜d advance in September since the opening, the market firmed up again and fully recovered. The opinion was general that the proposition to make No. 2 spring wheat contract grade after January 1st, which is being voted on today, would be defeated. The assumption also materially aided the firmer prices. December wheat opened at 90½@90⅝c, sold up to 90⅝c, eased off to 90⅜c and then recovered and advanced to 91¼c, split, working back to 91c by noon. Later there were rumors that the world's visible would exceed earlier anticipations, and when the figures came in showing an increase of 9,970,000 bushels the market was staggered, and in a few minutes the December future was selling at 85⅝c. At 1 o'clock a slow recovery to 88⅞c had been effected. The improvement was maintained, and the market closed at 89c, split for December.

Puts on December wheat, 87⅝c; calls, 90⅝c.

Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, September 29.—It is the unexpected which usually causes the greatest commotion in speculative circles, so it was today on the exchange when both holders of wheat as well as the bears received a complete surprise, one entirely unlooked for, on the Bradstreet announcement that the world's available had increased the past week nearly 10,000,000 bushels, the exact figures being 9,970,000. Had this increase been around the 5,000,000 bushel mark it would in all probability have but a temporary bearish effect—perhaps none at all—as the trade had generally figured on this increase, but to double the amount was startling and caused severe active liquidation and in addition brought forth heavy offerings from Chicago speculators whose sympathies for some time past have been on the short side of the market and who were merely waiting for a favorable opportunity to put out their lines. The increase in this country east of the Rockies is placed at 5,170,000, the balance being afloat and abroad. Previous to the receipt of this report, the market was quite firm, having sold up 1c per bushel from yesterday's close. The undertone really appeared bullish, and at times there was good buying. Offerings were not large, the steadiness displayed having a tendency to restrict short selling. Liverpool closed irregular ¼d higher to ¾d lower. Continental markets were heavy, Paris being 15 to 40 and Antwerp 25 centimes lower. Clearances were moderate. The Chicago market closed easy at a slight reaction from the low point with prospects not favorable to holders in case of further liquidation, or continued large movement from farmers' hands.

There was a slight advance in coarse grains early, owing to the drought west, which has died up the pastures and necessitates the feeding of corn and oats at an earlier date than usual. The market, however, sympathized with the break in wheat, more or less liquidation among holders resulting.

The trade in provisions was rather unimportant. There was considerable changing over from October to the more deferred futures, which was the only feature. Prices close steady.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, September 29—Turpentine firm at 30c; sales — casks; receipts — casks. Rosin firm; sales — bbls; receipts — bbls; A. B. C. D. $1.20; E $1.20; F $1.25, G $1.30; H $1.55; I $1.45; K $1.50; M $1.60; N $2.00; window glass $2.25; water white $2.50.

Charleston, September 29—Turpentine firm at 29; sales none casks. Rosin firm; A. B. C. $1.05; D. $1.10; E $1.10; F $1.15; G $1.20; H $1.30; I $1.40; K $1.40; M $1.45; N $1.75; window glass $2.00; water white $2.20; sales none barrels.

Wilmington, September 29—Rosin firm; strained $1.10; good strained $1.15; receipts 289 barrels. Spirits turpentine firm at 29½@30c; receipts 95 casks. Tar firm at 1.25; receipts 87 bbls. Crude turpentine steady at $1.30, $1.80, $1.90; receipts 48 bbls.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, September 29—Eggs 14c. Butter, western creamery 21@23c; fancy Tennessee 12½@15c; choice 12½c; Georgia 10@12½c. Live poultry turkeys no sale; hens 22½@25c; spring chickens, large 18@20; small 12½@14c; ducks, puddle 18@20c; Peking 22½@25c. Irish potatoes, new $2.50@2.75 per bbl; old none per bu; Tennessee 75@90c per bu. Sweet potatoes 65@75c per bu. Honey, dull; strained 6@7c; in the comb 7@8c. Onions, new crop, 85c@$1.00 per bu; $2.50@2.75 per bbl.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, September 29—Lemons, choice $3.00@3.25; fancy $3.75@4.00. Oranges, Messina $4.00@4.50 per box; La. $3.75@4.00 per ¼ box. Bananas, straight $1.00@1.25; culls 60@75c. Figs, 11@11⅛c. Raisons new California $1.65@1.75; ¼ boxes 50@60c. Currants 6⅛@7c. Leghorn citron 11@11⅛c. Nuts, almonds 11⅛c; pecans, 9@10c; Brazil 7⅛@8c; filberts 11⅛c; walnuts 10@11c; mixed nuts 8@10c. Peanuts Virginia electric light 5@6c; fancy handpcked 4@4½c; Georgia 3@3⅛c.

Bagging and Ties.

Atlanta, September 29—Bagging, 2¼ pound 7⅛c; 2 pound 7c; 1¾ pound 6⅝c. Ties, standard 80c; 30 pounds 70c.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, September 29.—Coffee, options opened with September 15 points higher and late months unchanged to 5 points lower and local traders inclined to bear the market on expected 600,000 bags increase in the world's visible supply; closed quiet with prices unchanged to 10c net decline; sales 17,500 bags, including September, 5.95@6; December, 6.45; January, 6.50; March, 6.75. Spot rio quiet, held higher; Cordova, 10½@16½. Sales 1,800 bags Maracaibo, 200 Savanilla, 2,500 Central American and 400 bags Mexican.

Sugar, raw, firm; fair refining, 3⅜c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 15-16c; refined, fim.

New Orleans, September 29.—Sugar quiet, open kettle, 2¼@3⅜c; centrifugal, steady; granulated, 4½@4 9-16c; whites, 3@4 3-16c; yellows, 3½@4c; seconds, 2@3¼c.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Corrected Daily by McCullough Bros.

Peaches, six-basket crate, 75c@$1, slow sale; watermelons, badly overstocked; $20@50 per car; apples, new crop, fancy, $2.50@2.75 per abrrel; pears, Keiffers, $2.25@2.50 barrel, scarce; egg plants, dozen, 50@75c, dull; pineapples, dozen, 75c@$1; half crate, $2.75@3; tomatoes, slow sale, 25@30c per crate; string beans, per bushel, 25@50c, slow sale.

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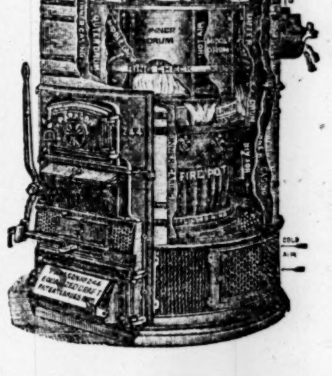

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References—Fourth National and Capitol City banks.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Alderman—North Side.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for alderman from the north side, subject to primary, October 8, 1897.
A. P. THOMPSON.

I hereby most respectfully announce myself a candidate for alderman from north side, subject to the action of the democratic primary on October 8, 1897.
J. D. TURNER.

For Alderman—South Side.

I hereby announce as a candidate for alderman from south side, subject to primary of October 8, 1897.
JAMES L. MAYSON.

I ANNOUNCE MYSELF a candidate for alderman for the south side, subject to nomination at the primary election to be held October 8th next. AARON HAAS.

For Councilman.

From First Ward.

The friends of M. T. LaHatte announce him as a candidate for councilman from the first ward, subject to primary, October 8, 1897.

From Second Ward.

I am a candidate for council from the second ward, subject to primary October 8th.
H. A. BOYNTON.

The many friends of GREEN B. ADAIR announce him as a candidate for councilman from the second ward, subject to white primary October 8, 1897.

From Third Ward.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for councilman from the third ward and will abide by the action of the democratic primary on October 8th. E. P. BURNS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for city council from the third ward, subject to nomination at primary on October 8th. STEVE R. JOHNSTON.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for city council from the third ward, subject to the nomination at primary on October 8th. I will appreciate the support of my friends. W. H. M'CLAIN.

From Fourth Ward.

I most respectfully announce myself a candidate for councilman from the fourth ward subject to the action of the democratic primary of October 8, 1897.
W. S. THOMSON.

I hereby announce myself candidate for city council from the fourth ward, subject primary October 8th.
C. E. MURPHEY, M. D.

From Fifth Ward.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for council from the fifth ward, subject to the primary on October 8, 1897.
NIM McCULLOUGH.

The friends of Mr. John H. Welch announce him as a candidate for councilman from the fifth ward, subject to the white primary to be held October 8, 1897.

From Sixth Ward.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for councilman from the sixth ward, subject to primary to be held October 8th.
CLYDE L. BROOKS.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for councilman for the sixth ward, subject to primary to be held October 8, 1897.
T. A. HAMMOND, JR.

From Seventh Ward.

I hereby announce my candidacy for council from the seventh ward, subject to the primary of October 8th.
MALVERN HILL.

I am a candidate for councilman from the seventh ward, subject to primary October 8th. I respectfully solicit the support of the voters of Atlanta. J. S. DOZIER.

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for council from the seventh ward, subject to the democratic primary of October 8, 1897. EDWARD WILSON.

WOMAN AND SOCIETY

Great Honors to Mrs. Kirkman.

Kate Kirkman day, to be observed today at the Tennessee Centennial, will be one memorable not alone in the history of the Centennial, but in southern society. While the public exercises are in honor of Mrs. Kirkman as the leader of the woman's department, one of the potent factors of the Centennial's success, her popularity in southern society will make the day one of social brilliancy, a veritable carnival of beauty and splendor.

Large parties of her friends from all parts will be present to do her honor, and she will be in every sense the queen of the carnival.

That this day should have been named as one upon which special honors will be paid the beautiful Tennessee woman, is but a small tribute in recognition of her successful work as leader of the woman's department. It is a well known fact that there are as a rule insurmountable difficulties attending the leadership of a body of women by a woman, and that to preserve harmony among them a leader must possess those qualities that belong to the fewest of women. This day and hour have brought forth three women leaders who as presidents of great exposition boards have done more toward developing the interests of womankind, in every respect, than any three American women of the nineteenth century. They are Mrs. Potter Palmer, who was president of the woman's department of the Chicago fair; Mrs. Joseph Thompson, president of the woman's department of the Cotton States and International exposition, and Mrs. Van Leer Kirkman, president of the woman's department of the Tennessee Centennial.

It is unnecessary to recall the work of Mrs. Potter Palmer and Mrs. Joseph Thompson, since their management of the positions entrusted to them made the women's departments of the two great exhibitions their chief attraction. Out of them grew and developed a spirit among women that has given a new impetus not only to the literary, artistic and industrial pursuits of the sex, but inspired an ambition that is at present leading them in avocation that they had felt a hesitancy in adopting. Especially has this fact been illustrated in the south, where, since the exposition, business organizations have developed that have awakened the women to a new life and a new interest in matters educational, professional, literary, artistic and industrial.

When Mrs. Kirkman was made president of the woman's department of the Centennial she had before her the examples of the woman's departments of the Chicago fair and Atlanta exposition, and her success as applauded today has seemed to present an epitome of the very best features developed by Mrs. Palmer and Mrs. Thompson in the enterprises they so ably managed.

She has not alone evinced in every respect her worthiness to be classed with them as typical woman leaders, but has carried still further the spirit of progress and advancement among women, and by her deep interest in the convocations meeting in the assembly hall further obliterated that sectional feeling which was so evidently overcome in the meeting of the prominent women of the north and south at the exposition congresses.

While Mrs. Kirkman's fame as a leader has become national, she has drawn to her in loving and patriotic sympathy the women of her state and town, and the first step toward the fete day to be celebrated in her honor Thursday was taken by a loyal friend and admirer, and a woman journalist, Mrs. Annie Claire Duncan, editor woman's department of The Nashville American.

Few representatives of the press have written with more practicability and force than Mrs. Duncan, and her articles in behalf of the exposition have not alone advertised the woman's department, but inspired Mrs. Kirkman and the women managers with that energy and that determination that has crowned their efforts with success.

When the question arose as to the tribute that should be paid Mrs. Kirkman for her magnificent work in the Centennial, it was Mrs. Duncan who suggested the coming fete day, and it was through the columns of her department in The American the public first received the news of the board's decision.

"Kate Kirkman Day" since that time has been one spoken of with pleasurable expectations, and the programme arranged will present a series of brilliant features from morning till night.

Lewman-Edwards.

The first of the autumn engagements was happily concluded last night in the wedding of Miss Idolene Edwards and Mr. Leon D. Lewman. The marriage ceremony was performed at St. Philip's church by Rev. Dr. McCormick in the presence of a large assembly of friends and acquaintances and was an occasion of brilliancy and happiness.

Simple elegance in decoration which will characterize the exclusive social functions of the season was carried out in the taste and appropriateness in the church decorations. Beautiful palms were placed within the chancel rail and ferns of exquisite delicacy were gracefully arranged upon the altar.

The ushers, Messrs. Richard Bell, Charles Matthews, Albert Foster, George Hoyle and William Martin, preceded the groomsmen and bridesmaids as they entered the church. They were Misses Louise Dubose, of Athens; Lucile Allen, of Virginia; Nellie Wright, Katherine Gay, Eugenia Stephens, Leontine Chisholm, Messrs. Walter M. Kelly, Reuben Hayden, Howell Cobb Caldwell, George W. Connors, Ellis C. Barker and Edward W. Stucky.

Mr. James Brown Lewman, a brother of the groom, acted as best man, and with him met the bride at the altar. She was attended by her maid of honor, Miss Lulu Belle Hemphill, and as the bridal party knelt for the nuptial blessing they presented a picture of solemnity and beauty.

The bride wore an elegant gown of ivory white satin simply fashioned with draperies of chiffon softening the corsage. She carried bride roses and lilies of the valley and her tulle veil was caught gracefully in the meshes of her dark hair. The bridesmaids wore lovely gowns of organdie over silk, three wearing pink and three white and the maid of honor wore white taffeta silk and carried white roses. The bridesmaids carried shower bouquets of pink and white roses with streamers of pink and white ribbon.

After the ceremony the bridal party and relatives were entertained informally by the bride's mother at her home on Ivy street. There the decorations were of pink and white and of striking and artistic arrangement. At 11 o'clock the bride and groom left for a trip north.

The bride as Miss Idolene Edwards has since her debut been an admired beauty. She is of the queenly type and her grace of bearing and manner distinguish her as the young woman of birth, position and social charms. She is the daughter of the late Shelton Edwards, of Atlanta, and numbers among her relatives representatives from among the most prominent families of the state. It is a source of regret that her residence in Atlanta will be only temporary, since Mr. Lewman's business will call him elsewhere.

Mr. Lewman is a native of Kentucky and has resided in Louisville up to about a year ago, since which time he has lived in Atlanta. He has made a number of friends here in his business relations and those social, and possesses all the qualities that entitle him to success in both.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewman will be in Atlanta till January, when they will go to Europe for a year's visit.

Nurses' Home.

The meeting of the Order of Old Fashioned Women was largely attended yesterday morning, the various chapters meeting with chapter A at the residence of Mrs. Wilmer Moore. The object of the meeting was to decide upon their plan of assistance to the Grady hospital, there being need at present of a maternity ward and nurses' home. The provision made for the nurses would enable the rooms they now occupy to be used as pay rooms for private patients, thus increasing the revenue of the hospital.

The Order of Old Fashioned Women decided at their meeting yesterday to undertake the completion of the nurses' home, the hospital authorities agreeing to turn over to them for that purpose the isolation ward, a part of the hospital as yet not used. Work will commence at once to perfect the necessary arrangements and the energetic young women comprising the Order of Old Fashioned Women will begin their charity work at once.

In the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association tonight at 8 o'clock a most brilliant recital will be given by Miss Ada Evelyn Lewis and Miss Emelyn Foster Greene, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the First Christian church of this city, and from present indications the hall will be crowded to overflowing. The following musical and literary programme will be rendered:

Piano—Deuxieme Scherzo (second), opus 21 B flat minor, Chopin—Miss Greene.

Reading—"How the La Rue Stakes Were Lost," C. N. Wood—Miss Lewis.

Song—"When the Heart Is Young," Buck—Miss Greene.

Reading (a)—"The Brook," Tennyson; (b) "The Clouds," Shelly—Miss Lewis.

Songs (a)—"When Love is Done," Lynes; (b) "Cradle Song," Trumbull—Miss Greene.

Reading—"Aunt Hitty's Account of the Funeral," K. D. Wiggin—Miss Lewis.

Piano—"Spinning Song," Litolff—Miss Greene.

Song—"The Golden Promise," Lan—Miss Greene.

Readings (a)—"The Tapestry Weavers," (b) "One, Two, Three;" (c) "And Old Sweetheart of Mine," Riley—Miss Lewis.

Social Items.

Mrs. Eugene Heard has returned home.

***

The family of Colonel Haskell has returned home.

***

Mr. Ellis C. Barker, of Mobile, Ala., is in the city.

***

Mrs. Thomas J. Hunter has returned home from Louisville.

***

Miss Joan Clark is expected home Saturday from Flat Rock.

***

The condition of Mr. T. J. Healey was little improved yesterday.

***

Mr. Edward W. Stucky, of Indianapolis, is the guest of friends in the city.

***

Mrs. Hugh Angier has returned from a pleasant vacation in New York.

***

Mr. William R. Brown, of Fort Valley, is at the Leland, accompanied by his wife.

***

The Mallon Society of the Girls' High school will meet today and present a brilliant programme.

***

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Harris entertained a few friends informally Tuesday evening at dinner.

***

Miss Sallie Richardson, of Nashville, will visit Miss Nellie Philips during the winter.

***

Mr. James Brown Lewman, of Louisville, Ky., is the guest of friends in the city.

***

Miss Dorothy Colquitt Arkwright is the honored guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Preston S. Arkwright.

***

Quite a large party of society people will attend the bicycle races at the coliseum tonight.

***

Montezuma, Ga., September 29.—(Special.)—The marriage of Miss Rena Bell Westbrook to Mr. W. Colon Hicks was solemnized tonight at the Baptist church of this place. Miss Westbrook is the daughter of Captain E. W. Westbrook. The groom is a son of Dr. W. J. Hicks.

***

Mrs. W. R. Joyner is spending several weeks at Tate Spring for her health. She returned from her summer home at Marietta a few days ago, but left almost immediately for Tate Spring. Her friends will be pleased to learn that she is rapidly improving in health.

***

Columbus, Ga., September 28.—(Special.) At a called meeting today of chapter K, Daughters of the Confederacy, Mrs. J. T. Johnson was selected to represent the chapter at the state convention of the order at Augusta October 14th and 15th.

***

The Marquis de Choisene, who will be pleasantly remembered as having visited Atlanta some years ago, is in the city again, the guest of his aunt, Miss Huard. It was during his visit to New York after his trip to Atlanta that he met and married his charming wife, who was Miss Clare Coudert, daughter of Mr. Frederic Coudert, the celebrated lawyer. Since their marriage the marquis and marquise have lived at their estate near Paris, and have delightfully entertained members of the American colony visiting the continent. The young marquise as Miss Coudert was a belle and beauty in New York society, and as the marquis was possessed of ample fortune the match was considered a love affair on both sides. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Johnson entertained the marquis informally Tuesday evening.

It is reported that John M. Chesbrough, who has resigned as general passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, will go with the New York Central. This report will probably be denied "on authority" in a day or two.

MILLIKEN'S BEND, La., Feb. 22nd, 1897.

I had great pains in my head, shoulders, sides and womb, but Wine of Cardui has cured me. It has made me feel like a different person. I know Wine of Cardui is good for all female complaints.

Mrs. PLEASANT BATES.

PILOT GROVE, Mo., March 18th, 1897.

I have been sick for a long time. My back would seem like it would break. I would also have weak spells and could not stand on my feet. The doctors did me no good. I finally used Wine of Cardui and it cured me.

Mrs. C. I. SCHRADER.

Many women suffer terribly every month. They dread the approach of menstruation. It means three or four days of agony to them. These ovarian and uterine troubles make life a burden for thousands of women. They think such suffering is necessary for a women. And that it is unladylike to say anything about the trouble. They prefer the suffering to the humiliation of going to a physician about it. The pain to the horror of local treatment.

Wine of Cardui saves all this trouble. The most sensitive lady can take it in the privacy of her home. And it will give her quick relief. It stops and cures whites, falling of the womb, suppression, flooding, painful and irregular menstruation. Wine of Cardui puts the delicate menstrual organs in condition to do their work properly. Then the periods are painless and regular. Then a woman can bear children without danger. And her offspring will be well equipped for life. Wine of Cardui is nature's best gift to women. Nearly all druggists sell and recommend it. $1.00 per bottle.

GUEST FOR EACH YEAR OF LIFE

Sam Jones Will Give a Unique Birthday Party Shortly.

HE HAS INVITED FIFTY FRIENDS

He Will Celebrate the Fiftieth Anniversary of His Birth.

WILL BE A VERY NOVEL AFFAIR.

Mrs. Jones Has Been Preparing for the Event for Several Months—Only Close Friends Invited.

SAM JONES is a unique character. Everything he does is original. Even his birthday parties are different from those of other people.

The great Georgia evangelist is to give a birthday party next month. The event will be in celebration of his fiftieth birthday. He will be fifty years old on October 16th.

Birthday anniversaries are usually plain, uninteresting family affairs, at which big heavy dinners are served and a few more or less valuable presents given. Mr. Jones intends to vary the fashionable birthday party. He is tired of such monotonous events. He has celebrated about forty-eight of the usual every day birthday anniversaries.

Just fifty friends of Samuel Porter Jones will be at the celebration of his fiftieth birthday. He will have no more. He has already invited the fifty friends and the list of invitations is exhausted.

Each man of the fifty will represent one of the fifty years of the evangelist's life. There will be one guest for every year of his life. The guests will be from every part of the United States. They will be the most intimate and distinguished friends of Mr. Jones and the gathering will certainly be remarkable from every standpoint. Some of the brainiest men in the country have been invited and the party will be one of the wittiest and brightest that could be gathered together.

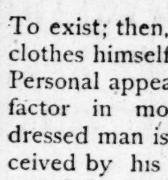
This novel entertainment will be like others in only one respect. It will be very elaborate and will be a very dignified occasion. Mrs. Jones has been preparing for the entertainment for several months. Her husband has for a long time wanted to give an entertainment of this kind and he decided that at this anniversary he would do so.

A number of Atlantians has been invited to the feast. Sam Jones has more friends in Atlanta than anywhere else and he naturally selected several of his guests from this city.

LECTURE COURSE IS THE THING

Continued from Seventh Page.

E. P. Chamberlin,
E. P. Chamberlin, Jr.,
Prof. C. C. Cox,
Howard S. Cole,
Mrs. J. F. Carr,
E. V. Carter,
Mrs. H. W. Chase,
P. H. Calhoun,
J. W. Collier,
W. E. Campbell,
Robt. M. Clayton,
H. R. Callaway,
Miss Annie Bell Cross,
Miss Florence Culpepper,
Miss Abbie Callaway,
E. D. Crane,
Dr. A. W. Calhoun,
Thos. R. R. Cobb,
W. J. Campbell,
Marvin L. Case,
Jeremiah A. Clark,
B. S. Drake,
J. W. Davis,
E. D. Doris,
R. T. Dorsey,
A. A. & A. G. DeLoach,
Milton Dargan,
A. E. Dowman,
S. C. Dobbs,
Robt. F. DeBelle,
L. P. DeGroot,
J. T. Dargan,
W. J. Davis,
Robert Dohme,
Geo. Dowman,
L. Y. DeGive,
M. M. Davies,
Miss Sallie E. Davies,
W. W. Draper,
H. R. Durand,
Walker Dunson,
John B. Frost,
O. C. Fuller,
Charles C. Fleming,
Miss M. A. Field,
W. L. Fain,
Simon Frertag,
Paul L. Fleming,
E. H. Frazier,
D. P. Fleishel,
Dr. Sheppard Foster,
T. J. Fambro,
Talley B. Graves,
Thos. K. Glenn,
L. B. Grandy,
John M. Green,
R. J. Guinn,
P. E. Ginn,
W. F. Gentry,
P. E. Ginn,
Miss E. Griffin,
George R. Glenn,
James M. Goldsmith,
B. A. Griffeth,
C. S. Gabriel,
Mrs. G. McMichael,
J. R. Nutting,
Miss F. Lucie Nagle,
Louis Newitt,
W. C. Nunemacher,
Hon. W. J. Northen,
W. Perrin Nicholson,
Miss M. Nunnally,
J. H. Nunnally,
Thos. W. Northen,
John Oliver,
J. K. Ottley,
W. W. Orr,
R. E. O'Donnelly,
Charles H. Orr,
J. G. Oglesby,
James T. Orme,
Eugene Oberdorfer,
J. C. Olmstead, M. D.,
Robert W. Otis,
Oscar Pappenheimer,
Ben Z. Phillips,
G. S. Prior,
Mrs. S. Pinkerssohn,
W. G. Paschall,
H. T. Phillips, Jr.,
J. Carroll Payne,
E. R. Pugh,
H. W. Post,
W. D. Palmer,
Frederic J. Paxon,
Mrs. E. H. Phillips,
H. M. Patty,
J. T. Pendleton,
W. F. Parkhurst,
Miss Mamie L. Pitts,
Mrs. Cordelia Perry,
Miss Annie E. Payne,
W. F. Perry,
W. L. Peel,
Edwin Paschall,
Henry R. Powers,
W. R. Prescott,
Mrs. W. G. Raoul,
H. M. Reid,
[illegible] S. Rhorer,
Charles M Jerome,
A. M. Jenkins,
C. H. Johnson,
Elliott C. Jennings,
J. A. Hayden,
Henry A. Kellam,
Alvin W. Knight,
Mrs. C. C. Knight,
T. J. Kelly,
Mrs. William King,
E. A. Kontz,
Clarence Knowles,
A. L. Kontz,
Miss Maud Key,
V. H. Kreigshaber,
Mrs K W Kilpatrick,
Lucien W. Knight,
Thomas S. Lewis,
Fred Le Blond,
S. Londaner,
George H. Lewis,
H. C. Leonard,
D. H. Livermore,
George W. Lane,
C. T. Ladson,
Porter Langston,
L. Lieberman,
Miss Lizzie Lupo,
Miss Sallie G. Long,
Prof. L. M. Landrum,
Ed Leiberman,
I Leibman,
Mrs. Mary C. Moore,
John L. Moore,
W. F. Manry,
John M. Miller,
C. C. Murphey,
J. R. Mobley,
Rabbi David Marx,
H. H. Morse,
Richard A. Magill,
J. A. Morris,
George Muse,
W. S. Featherston,
H. L. Moss,
D. Morgan,
J. K. Martin,
E. B. Martindale,
Miss Anne Mitchell,
Prof. A. E. Means
C. [illegible] Montgomery,
H. A. Maier,
Samuel Martin,
Miss Nora Mitchell,
C. D. McKinney,
Capt. John A. Miller,
Miss Jessie Muse,
Miss Alice Megee,
James Mason,
Gordon F. Mitchell,
E. M. Masengale,
D. Murphey,
William H. Mitchell,
R. F. Maddox, Jr.,
R. L. Meador,
Walter Menken,
James Mayson,
E. P. McBurney,
L. B. Nelson,
P. H. Snooks,
Chas. A. Stokes,
Oscar C. Turner,
J. D. Turner,
A. G. Thomas, M.D.,
S. D. Turman,
I. T. Tichenor,
Lewis J. Troustine,
Miss J. Emma Tuller,
Curtis Lewis Turner,
E. H. Thornton,
John R. Thornton,
Chas. C. Thorn,
J. M. Terrill,
William S. Thomson,
W. L. Tye,
Y. H. Tanner,
I. J. Van Ness,
Howard Van Epps,
Dr. C. P. Williamson,
D. Woodward,
A. W. Wilson,
W. O. Wilson,
R. H. Wilson,
Frank Weldon,
Prof. E. E. West,
G. R. Wright,
H. B. Wey,
W. Woods White,
E. G. Willingham,
W. J. Wood,
Noel B. Wright,
Mrs. A. T. Wise,
M. N. Welch,
T. P. Westmoreland,
Thos. J. Wesley,
Frank C. Wheat,
Archie B. Warner,
Walter J. Woodall,
Jas. T. Wright,
A. McD. Wilson,
W. E. Austin,
Forrest Adair,
W. T. Ashford,
E. Rich,
Dr. G. G. Roy,
Charles R. Read,
Dr. J. B. Robins,
R. H. Randall,
Mrs. G. A. Ramspeck,
Mrs. N. A. Robb,
Henry L. Rosenfeld,
Colonel J. A. Rucker,
Dr. J. T. Renouff,
F. M. Robinson,
E. W. Alfriend,
W. A. Alright,
M. S. Santley,
J. M. Selkirk,
A. W. Sterling,
A. Shulhafer,
W. A. Sanges,
Miss Nettie Sergeant,
Otto Schwab,
W. D. Smith,
Rev. Geo. Sales,
J. M. Stephens,
W. F. Slaton,
Miss Addie Steinheimer,
W. L. Schell,
Clyde Shropshire,
George Sandt,
Mrs. A. B. Steele,
Mrs. A. H. Smith,
Miss Maud Smith,
Miss Ella Smithe,
I. E. Sargeant,
Chas. H. Smith,
G. W. Stephens,
Geo. Seavill,
Geo. C. Smith,
W. H. Scott,
T. F. Scott,
E. E. Smith,
Davyon S. Smith,
Willeth A. Allen,
Chas. S. Arwall,
W. F. Adams,
Rev. R. V. Atkisson,
Atlanta Business College,
Miss Jennie Armstrong,
Miss Bessie Askew,
Clifford L. Anderson,
J. S. Akers,
Frank E. Block,
Sol Benjamin,
Mrs. H. M. Berry,
H. B. Blakely,
I. R. Branham,
L. H. Beck,
Ralph M. Brown,
T. F. Brewster,
E. H. Barnett,
M. H. Brown,
Chas. Z. Blalock,
Wm. Riley Boyd,
J. Frank Beck,
T. P. Bell,
W. H. Booth,
M. R. Berry,
Robert P. Bucher,
E. P. Burns,
Geo. M. Brown,
J. C. Brice,
W. E. Bryson,
Mrs. Frederick W. Benteen,
E. A. Brown,
Wm. Bensel,
N. R. Broyles,
W. W. Brown,
Frank Bell,
Miss Sallie E. Brown,
L. R. Brooks,
Robert Schaefer,



Man Eats

To exist; then, to enjoy existence, clothes himself in proper raiment. Personal appearance is an important factor in modern life. A well-dressed man is, as a rule, well received by his fellow-men. A diamond in the rough may be of untold value, but to be properly appreciated, it must be cut and well set. The same applies to man. To show to the best advantage, his clothes should be in keeping with the times; not necessarily expensive, but up-to-date.

We anticipated a big Fall and Winter business and prepared for it, before the "High Tariff" went into effect. We have not caught the contagion of "Higher Prices." You can depend on it that we will be the last to raise the prices, but the first to advance the qualities. When in need of good Clothing, Hats or Furnishings, please remember

Eiseman & Weil,
3 Whitehall Street.

LYCEUM THEATRE

STANDING ROOM ONLY.

TONIGHT--ALL THIS WEEK
MATINEE EVERY DAY

PETE BAKER
AND THE
WILBER COMP'Y

Matinee at 2:30 Today
"The Old, Old Story."

Tonight
CHRIS AND LENA.

Prices 10, 20 and 30 cts.
Seats on sale at Phillips & Crew's Music Store.

NewTies, Pieced Ties, SugarBagClothe
C E. CAVERLY, ATLANTA, GA.

FOR RENT Get one of our weekly rent bulletins, giving full description of everything to rent. We move tenants free. See notice.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE,
The Renting Agent, 50 N. Broad St.

For Rent by D. Morris & Sons, 41 N. Broad Street.

10-r. h.,	West Peachtree	$35 00
10-r. h.,	Walker street	20 00
10-r. h.,	Garnett street	35 00
9-r. h.,	West Harris street	25 00
9-r. h.,	East Cain street	20 00
14-r. h.,	Peachtree street	60 00
9-r. h.,	Pryor street	16 00
8-r. h.,	Capitol avenue	30 00
8-r. h.,	Angier avenue	25 00
8-r. h.,	Luckie street	22 50
8-r. h.,	Walton street	20 00
7-r. h.,	Dodd avenue	17 00
7-r. h.,	Thirteenth street	15 00
7-r. h.,	Formwalt street	21 00
7-r. h.,	Dunlap street	22 50
6-r. h.,	Hayden street	16 60
6-r. h.,	Alexander street, Oct. 16th	19 00
5-r. h.,	Hunnicutt street	20 00

Also, several nice stores, close in.

STORAGE
SECURITY WAREHOUSE CO.
SEPARATE ROOMS FOR FURNITURE.
Foundry St. & W. & A. R.R. Tel. 1956, 2 C.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—Two very nice connecting rooms worth looking at, close in. 67 East Fair street.

FOR RENT—A well-lighted and well-ventilated room, including heat and electric lights, second floor Constitution building. Apply Constitution business office. sep14-tf

MEDICAL.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond brand) are the best. Safe, reliable; take no other. Send 4 cents stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

NEW OFFICES FOR RENT—Brown building, corner of Pryor and Wall streets, opposite Kimball house; central; lighted by gas and electricity; heated by steam; Otis electric elevator. Apply now and have rooms arranged to suit you. Terms reasonable. Julius L. & Jos. M. Brown, executors. sept23 thu sat sun

Fall Overcoats

Are shorter this season, so are our prices. Shoulders are ma more square, and we might add of our stock that every garm is made "on the square" throughout. Men who heretofore ha patronized tailors and paid their fancy prices have no excuse continue in that extravagant practice. Our new stock of F Overcoats proves that. It includes every style that the high priced tailor can produce—all the novelties in cut, shade, tri ming and quality of fit, appearance and material possessed by t best custom made garments and at about half the cost. See th variety of styles and the values we offer this week at

$10=$12=$15.

The Geo. Muse Clothing C
38 Whitehall Street.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

EXPERT typewriter repairing; best equipped repair shop in the south; send for estimate. Southern Typewriter Headquarters, 41½ Peachtree. Telephone 700. sept 29 tf

TYPEWRITERS bought, sold and exchanged; half saved; all makes; mimeographs, ribbons, carbon. The Typewriter Exchange, 16 North Pryor. sept 19 30t sun mon wed thur

TYPEWRITERS of all makes bought, sold, exchanged, rented and repaired. Typewriters from $15 up. We can save you money; expert repairers; best equipped repair shop in the south. See the New Franklin, the most complete machine on the market. Price $75. Send for catalogue. Southern Typewriter headquarters, 41½ Peachtree. Telephone 700. sept 24 30-t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For Atlanta real estate, 12,000 gallons assorted, well matured, native wine. Address Wine, Constitution office. sept 29 2t

WANTED—Salesmen.

WANTED—Experienced clothing salesman with an established trade for state of Georgia. Apply with references to Trounstine Bros. & Co., Cincinnati, O. sep25 3t sept 25 sat sun thr

SALESMEN in every locality for our new and marvelous transforming sign, sells to all trades, wonderfully attractive and practical, pays $40 to $50 per week; particulars free. Unique Specialty Company, 19 Pearl street, Boston, Mass. sept26—6t—thur-sun

WANTED—A salesman to sell cigars to dealers; salary $60 to $200 per month and expenses; experience unnecessary; permanent position. The DeMora Cigar Co., Springfield, O. sep 21 6m tues thur sat

SALESMEN—For cigars; $125 a month and expenses; old firm; experience unnecessary; inducements to customers. C. C. Bishop & Co., St. Louis. july4-3m

MONEY TO LOAN.

FARM LOANS a specialty; lowest rates; payments made to suit. Come direct to W. P. Davis, attorney, 613 Temple Court.

LOANS made on real estate at low rates of interest, without commission, and repayable in monthly installments. Purchase money notes bought. Edward S. McCandless, cashier Southern Loan and Banking Co., No. 9 E. Alabama street.

T. W. BAXTER & CO., 210 Norcross building, Atlanta, Ga., negotiate loans on choice improved Georgia farms at exceedingly low rate of interest. If security is sufficient, rate will be made satisfactory.

CHEAP MONEY and loans made promptly on approved security. Equitable Loan and Security Company, Gould building.

LIFE INSURANCE policies bought for cash. T. J. Willison, 47 Blymyer Bldg., Cincinnati, O.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 527 Equitable building negotiates real estate mortgages, loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases. street.

WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 and 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building.

MONEY TO LEND—Make liberal loans on diamonds, watches, etc., at lowest rates. I am never short on money. V. F. Pickert, No. 6 Whitehall street.

4½, 5, 6, 7 AND 8 PER CENT loans negotiated on real estate, from one to ten years, straight or monthly. Purchase money notes wanted. No delay. W. A. Foster, 45 Marietta St. sept1-tf

THOS. W. JACKSON, Private Banker, will buy any good paper from one to twelve months time; no delay. Rooms 2, 3, 4 and 5, No. 70½ Peachtree street. sept28-6t

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, president.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Handsome home, No. 397 Peachtree street; modern conveniences; beautifully shaded corner lot. F. M. Farley, 8 W. Alabama street. sept28-5t

FOR SALE—Carriages, Horses, Etc.

JUST RECEIVED carload fine laundry and business wagons; elegantly painted; lettering to suit purchaser; come and see them. White Hickory Wagon Mfg. Co., 43 West Alabama street. aug24—tf

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—At once a few select boarders at 41 West Cain street, just two blocks from the Aragon. sept 30 fri sun

WANTED—Boarders—134 Ivy, delightfully pleasant and healthy location, close in, nice rooms, excellent board, $3.50 to $5 per week.

WANTED—Four men to occupy, with board, two large, nicely furnished rooms, private family; terms reasonable. Board, care Constitution. sep 29—2t

43 WALTON—Elegant rooms, single or en suite; superior table and service; location central and desirable. Phone 1458.

REFUGEES can secure good board in private family without children; excellent location; terms reasonable. Apply at 356 South Boulevard.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

WANTED—Lady partner who would like to travel with lady and husband in a first-class paying business; capital required. Address O. T., Aragon hotel.

TO DOCTORS—$650 will buy a good practice and residence in a small town, surrounded by a rich thickly settled country; reason for selling, wish to move to a city. For further particulars address Lock box 264, F[illegible]ersville, Collin county, Tex.

IF I CAN SHOW YOU where $100 will earn $500 in stock speculation (through your own broker) inside 30 days would you invest? Prompt, confidential action imperative. "Insider," room 39, 138 Nassau St., New York. sept 26 5t

DO YOU SPECULATE?—I have exclusive inside information on two stocks. $100 invested immediately will make $500 profit. Write Charles Hughes, 63 Wall street, New York. sept24-6t

FOR SALE—Machinery.

FOR SALE—Newspaper printing press, easy terms. A. K. McGill, Americus, Ga. sept30-5t

SECOND-HAND steam boiler for sale. Apply to T. F. Seitzinger, 291 Marietta street. sept 18 2 months

Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver
JULIUS M. WATTS & CO.,
Jewelers, 51 Whitehall.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CARPENTERS WANTED—At Cordov Ala. Flynt Building and Constructio Co. sept28-5t

WANTED—A teacher who can combi art, music (violin especially) and boo keeping (last not essential). Address J. McIver, Thomasville, Ala. sep 29—d2t wk 1t

WANTED—Responsible firm wants offi manager at Atlanta; salary $1,200 yea $600 cash and best reference required; co mercial reference furnished; money fu secured. Address P. O. Box 312, Philade phia, Pa. sep 29—2t

WANTED—School supply firms or r sponsible individual representatives each of the western and southern stat to handle, through sub-agents or othe wise, a new and necessary article school apparatus. Address Texas Telluria and Manufacturing Co., Austin, Tex. sep 29—2t

SIDE LINES, worth $15 to $18 weekl Few calls. Cash coms. Free sample Liberal credits. Factory (C 1) P. O. 1 New York.

$7,800 GIVEN AWAY to persons makin the greatest number of words out of th phrase "Patent Attorney Wedderburn For full particulars write the Nationa Recorder, Washington, D. C. for sampl copy containing same. aug 3—tf

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Position in a good reliab business house, bookkeeping a specialty salary no consideration until efficiency demonstrated by actual work to right pa ty; good references. Address G. A. S., car Constitution.

WANTED—Position as salesman in dr goods store. Good references. W. M care Constitution.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

WANTED—A position by a thoroughl competent lady stenographer, five years experience, quick and accurate; reference present employer. Address L., P. O. bo 109. sept 26 3-t sun tues thur

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE BARGAIN—The cheapes lot ever offered on Peachtree street. Ca at No. 7 Peachtree street. sept 22 9

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

DIAMONDS FOR SALE—At a bargai Two matched stones, perfect, now se for eardrops, cost $325. Address Rose mary, care Constitution.

WANTED—Agents.

RELIABLE MAN TO HANDLE AGENTS for Telephone Tablets and Specialties Pays $5,000 a year. Enclose stamp. Vic tory Mfg. Co., Cleveland, O. sep 1 15 29 oct 6 20 y t s

WANTED—Agents and branch managers salary and commission. Hunter Tailo Co., Cincinnati, O. july 4 4m sun tues thr sat

AGENTS WANTED—To sell Mark Twain' new book on "Travel Following the Equa tor." This book is another "Innocen Abroad." Sold only by subscription; agent making big money. Apply at once for terri tory; credit given and freight paid o books; outfits free to good live agents Write quick. The Martin & Hoyt Co. Atlanta, Ga. sept 29 t

FURNITURE.

A QUANTITY of furniture of all kind for sale very cheap today at 20 Churc street.

WANTED—Houses.

WANTED—Furnished house. Six to 8 room house; must be first-class in ever respect. Answer at once. J. B. Robert 45 Marietta. thur fri sat sun

WE HAVE a heavy demand for cottag houses. List your rentals with us. C. H Girardeau & Co., 8 East Wall. sept30-7t

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

EIGHT ROOM house, modern improvements, close to business center. Appl today to Trust Company of Georgia, Equit able building.

FOR RENT—A very desirable 10-room res idence, stable and servants' quarter one block from West Peachtree on leas $35 per month. John J. Woodside, 50 N Broad.

LADIES' COLUMN.

OSTRICH BOAS, plumes and tips cleane and dyed like new at I. Philips, 69 Whitehall street. Atlanta Feather Work

ROOMS—WANTED—ROOMS.

TWO LADIES want to rent three room for light housekeeping in private famil from owner or permanent tenant. Addres Mrs. R. S., care Constitution.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE—Contents of house, 1 Whitehall street, of Mrs. T. Barrio, mov ed to our salesroom, 46 Decatur street, co sisting of parlor suit, dining room an several oak bedroom suits, oak sideboar oak single wardrobe, rockers, carpets, ma ting, crockery and glassware, kitchen ou fit; must be sold absolutely to the highest bidder; parties leaving the city, by th Empire Auction and Commission Co., 4 Decatur street, Friday, October 1st, a 10 a. m. Ladies especially invited.

FOR RENT—Furnished Houses.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, delightfully located home on Peachtre Apply 309 Peachtree.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

GO TO KLONDIKE; all expenses paid. Membership tickets $10. Ainslie Klondik Mutual Mining Co., 220 Broadway, Ne York.

RELIABLE stenographers sent to an part of the city on short notice. Tel phone 700. sept 29 tf

LEON P. SAWTELL, printer and pu lisher, 12½ North Broad street. Phone 1 sep 21 1

A Precious Exhibit

Of all Cut Glass Libbey's is admittedly the best. In spite of the various broad claims indulged in by rival firms, the consensus of opinion as expressed by critical judges is in favor of Libbey.

The present disply now to be seen at J. P. Stevens & Bro., 7 and 9 W. Alabama street, brilliantly illustrates the richness and beauty of Libbey's productions.

Their crystal cases are ablaze with the aristocracy of Cut Glass. Anything and everything for table service and other domestic decorations. Exquisite, delicate, elegant shapes, artistic prism-tinted effects and prices that are consistent with such qualities. An article of Cut Glass is extra desirable as a wedding present. Nothing is quite so refined or dainty. Don't fail to see J. P. Stevens & Bro's. matchless array.

You are invited to see these goods whether you have a buyer's interest or not.

Remember the place, 7 and 9 West Alabama street, one door from corner of Whitehall.

m. t.

barrels

for sale

500 sound empty barrels.

bluthenthal & bickart,

b. & b.

atlanta, ga.,

fine whiskies.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 N. Pryor St.

AFRICANA

There is nothing just as good as AFRICANA for Rheumatism or any other Blood Disease, so demand it and do not permit your Druggist to sell you some substitute. Thousands of people who have been sufferers for years, and who have long ere this given up all hope could be restored to health again by taking AFRICANA, the wonderful Blood Purifier. It never fails..................

Sold by all DRUGGISTS.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad

The Western Railway of Alabama

ATLANTA, GA., SEPT. 23, 1897.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

Commencing this date all through and local baggage coming to Atlanta from infected districts will be subject to U. S. Marine fumigation regulations before delivery to owners at Atlanta, or permitted to pass through Atlanta to destination.

JNO. A. GEE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
GEO. C. SMITH,
President and Gen'l M'g'r.

Sale of Putzel's Bar.

I will sell upon the premises, on the 1st day of October, 1897, the entire barroom, restaurant, vaudeville and electric light outfit, known as Putzel's Electric Palace, on Mulberry street, Macon, Ga. This is the finest barroom outfit in the southern states, and consists, amongst other things, of sideboards, counters, refrigerators, coolers, mirrors, tables, chairs, decanters, bottles, glasses, dishes, linens and everything necessary for a first-class barroom and restaurant, together with stock of wines and liquors. An electric light plant, consisting of engine, boiler, dynamos, shafting, pulleys, belts, lamps and everything necessary to a complete electrical apparatus. An entire vaudeville outfit, consisting of theater stage settings, seats, etc. Said sale to embrace everything connected with the entire business of M. G. Putzel, as set out and contained in his deed of assignment to the undersigned. Terms of sale, cash or approved security. For terms of private sale apply to undersigned. The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

N. M. BLOCK,
sept27—4t Assignee of M. G. Putzel.

HE BURGLED BOOZE AND TOOK A SNOOZE

White Man Breaks Into a Saloon and Is Caught.

WAS FOUND DRUNK AND ASLEEP

Charley George's Thirst for Beer Gets Him Into Serious Trouble.

WHAT HE HAS TO SAY ABOUT IT

Made a Miscalculation on His Caliber and Allowed Himself To Be Caught Like a Rat in a Trap.

A middle-aged man sat on the floor of a cell at the police barracks yesterday with his face buried in his hands. He was charged with burglary and he was bemoaning his fate while he attempted to stop the throbbing of his aching brows.

Charley George—he was the prisoner with the heavy head and the pricked conscience—had been found "dead drunk" in Bender's saloon on Hunter street yesterday morning. It was a case of burglary pure and simple, and one of the most peculiar that had ever come under the investigations of the police authorities.

It will be remembered that The Constitution contained yesterday morning an account of six burglaries which occurred right in the heart of the city. George's forcible entrance into the beer saloon made the seventh.

It was somewhere about 11 o'clock that Charley walked the streets of Atlanta with a thirst and a half jag as his sole companions. All the saloons were closed, and if they had been open it would have made but little difference, as Charley's pocket book was devoid of even a suspicion of small change. He walked by Bender's saloon and looking through the window he saw the beer kegs and the glasses on the shelves. Cold beer was just the thing his thirst called for, and it was but a few moments later when he was on the inside of the saloon.

George had forced open a door and was close to the beer with no one near to demand cash or to stop the foamy flow.

It was his intention to take a few glasses of beer and a lot of cigars and then depart. He miscalculated on his caliber and drank more beer than he intended. And the more he drank the less he appreciated his position. All alone the burglar drank and smoked until the night wore away. He closed his eyes and his thoughts took a foamy flight and he fell asleep.

How long he slumbered he knew not. He heard a voice and the voice said:

"Here's the burglar!"

George was in the hands of the police.

When asked by a reporter of The Constitution about his little episode the man groaned as he rocked his head in his hands and replied:

"Did they really find me in the saloon?"

"Really," he was told.

"Then I am a son of a gun if I know how it all happened. I may have slipped into the place to get a glass of beer, but it was my solemn intention to slip right out again. I did not intend to commit any burglary. I was just a bit thirsty and saw that I could get into the saloon. I have an indistinct recollection of getting into the place, but why on earth I didn't get right out when I drank the beer I can't understand. I surely didn't think I could drink up all the beer in the house. That isn't reasonable. I was caught just like a rat in a trap, that's all there is about it."

George says he came to Atlanta from Virginia about five months ago. He claims to have been working for the Colcord Lumber Company. He is a man about forty years of age and appears to be quite respectable.

It may be added that the police are not making any great boasts about the "capture" of this burglar.

RINGING OF A CHURCH BELL.

Pastor of Allen's Temple Replies To Complaint of Mr. Fairman.

In reply to the letter from Mr. H. C. Fairman to the chief of police about the ringing of the bell at Allen's temple, the pastor of that church has sent the following communication to Chief Manly:

"Atlanta, Ga., September 28, 1897.—Captain Manly, Chief of Police: The request of Mr. H. C. Fairman as printed in this morning's Constitution does Allen temple a little injustice. Immediately after dismissal of our service Sunday afternoon Mr. Fairman came to the church and made his request as to the discontinuance of ringing the bell because of the illness of his wife; but instead of asking that the bell cease to ring altogether, asked that it would not be rung so often, but only once for each service. I told him that I would gladly comply with his request, but that the bell would ring as usual, twice that night, which was Sunday night, and then I would notify my people that the bell would only ring once for each service. But now he says that the bell ringing goes on as before. This I do not understand, for our bell has not been rung at all since Sunday night, and will not ring until tonight; then only once, as I promised him. If that will disturb his wife, I will gladly discontinue that until she improves. I do not wish to act discourteously to any one, and will not do so if I know it. I fear Mr. Fairman has confounded the ringing of our bell with that of another church across the street from Allen temple, which bell has rung every night this week, as they have a meeting every night. Respectfully,

"J. S. FLIPPER,
"Pastor Allen Temple."

"Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures nervousness.

A Card to the Public.

When we opened in Atlanta we stated that trunks and bags had been sold at double the price at which they should have been sold. Now as to the correctness of this statement we would refer you to the "half price" advertisements of others. These prices no doubt are half the old price and now equal to our regular price. We, therefore, have nothing now to offer except the latest styles and superior goods, including our celebrated Roller Tray Trunks, which are the most convenient, durable and cheapest trunks made. We manufacture all styles of traveling bags and cases as well as trunks. We believe by our dealings and opposition to trusts and combinations we have merited your confidence and, therefore, ask your patronage. Very truly yours,

H. W. ROUNTREE & BRO. TRUNK AND BAG CO.,
77 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.
aug 15 sun tues thur

Cheap Excursions via Southern Railway.

The Southern railway announces the following low rate excursions:

$1.90, Atlanta to Macon and return, October 12th. Tickets limited to date of sale.

$2.64, Atlanta to Macon and return, October 11th and 12th. Tickets good to return until October 13th.

$6.30, Atlanta to Knoxville, Tenn., and return. Tickets on sale October 11th to 18th. Good to return ten days from date of sale.

$11.80, Atlanta to Lexington, Ky., and return. Tickets on sale October 2d, 3d and 4th, good for return passage until October 20th.

Full information may be had at Southern railway ticket office, corner Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga. W. D. ALLEN, D. P. A.
S. H. HARDWICK, A. G. P. A.
sept23 12t

Are You Dyspeptic?

If so, take Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. A few doses will cure you. For sale everywhere.

WILSON REFUSES SECOND PLACE

Says Emphatically That He Will Not Be Assistant Postmaster.

HE EXPECTS TO BEAT SMYTH

Was Given Encouragement by Postmaster General, He Claims.

WILL BE A FIGHT TO THE BITTER END

"I Will Not Enter Into a Compromise with Smyth," Said Professor Wilson.

Major W. H. Smyth for postmaster and Professor A. N. Wilson for assistant postmaster was the combination announced yesterday.

This Professor Wilson violently denies.

"There will never be any compromise between me and Smyth," said the professor, warmly. "It will be a fight to the end. I would not have the second place, and would not go into any agreement of that nature."

The postoffice fight grew still warmer yesterday. When Smyth's friends learned that Professor Wilson had returned and was confident of victory they started afresh on the warpath. Several local republicans held a conference in Marshal Johnson's office in the custom house and the fight was gravely discussed. The general opinion was that something must be done.

Major Smyth has been notified to bestir himself. He is now in Virginia, but will probably start for Washington to see the president some time this week. His friends deny that they are apprehensive of the situation, but it is well known that they are putting forth every energy to save Smyth. For some time Smyth has been resting securely in the promise of the job which he claims McKinley has made him. Now he will proceed to make a desperate fight before losing his coveted job.

Professor Wilson is very cheerful and happy over the situation. He talks of his visit to Washington as if he is well pleased at his success. He said yesterday that he accomplished the object of his trip to the capital.

The postmaster general gave Professor Wilson much encouragement, according to the friends of Professor Wilson. There is, according to them, but one difficulty in the way of the appointment of Wilson. That is the promise made to Smyth. Wilson's friends urge that the promise was made before any other good republican came out for the place, and that the president will change his mind after hearing from the other side.

So badly frightened are the members of the Smyth faction that they want to compromise with Wilson and offer him the place of assistant postmaster. The professor, positively refuses to enter into any such a compromise. He will have none but the first place.

He said yesterday that he believed he would get that.

WAGON AND CAR COLLIDE.

Samuel Tibbs Injured—Case Before the Recorder.

A street car collision was investigated in the police court yesterday afternoon. Motorman A. J. Goss was tried for running his car at an unusual rate of speed.

Tuesday night a trolley car on South Pryor street struck a wagon near the corner of Dodd avenue, which was being driven by Samuel Tibbs, of No. 4 Dodd avenue.

It was claimed by Tibbs that the car was running too fast and the motorman did not ring his gong.

Several witnesses were examined yesterday afternoon, some testifying that the car was not going fast and that Tibbs was to blame himself; while others stated that the car was running very fast and that the motorman was to blame for the collision.

Tibbs was painfully hurt and was unable to appear at the trial, and for that reason the recorder decided to postpone a further hearing of the case until October 15th.

ONE IN EVERY FOUR.

One Person in Every Four Suffers from Piles.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles, indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve which sometimes give temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for a short time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium, or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per package.

The best regulator of the digestive organs is Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters.

ACCIDENT ON BELT LINE.

Engineer and Fireman Hurt and Cars and Engine Smashed.

A rear-end collision of two freight trains caused a wreck on the Southern railway belt line night before last.

Engineer J. L. Stephens and Fireman H. J. Jones were slightly injured.

The accident was caused by a freight train being cut into two sections and the rear section left in charge of a flagman. The flagman claims that his lamp went out. Another freight train came over the belt line and struck the rear section of the first train.

Three cars were torn up and the front portion of an engine was smashed.

SAFE REFUGE IN GEORGIA.—Sweetwater Park hotel, Lithia Springs, near Atlanta, open fall and winter.

Office Stationery

Of every description at John M. Miller's, 39 Marietta street. feb19-tf

DON'T BE UNEASY, SAID BRANHAM

Missing Financier Left Letters To Tell of His Flight.

FAREWELL TO EVERY VICTIM

It Is Claimed He Deliberately Planned To Leave the City.

BRANHAM EXONERATES ALL OTHER PARTIES

Says He Alone Is Responsible for the Shortage and Then Adds That His Victims Need Not Worry.

When I. R. Branham, general agent of the National Building Association, of Baltimore city, fled from the city he did not act upon the impulse of the moment. He carefully made his arrangements for his hasty exit, which was discovered yesterday morning when a number of letters were found in the desk of the missing man. These letters are said to have been written by Branham himself, and a number of persons who knew him intimately have identified the handwriting as that of Branham.

Those who were disposed to take the position that Branham fled without any deliberation stated yesterday that they had changed their mind, and believed now he arranged for the flight, wrote the letters which have just been found, secured all the money possible and then left the office in a chaotic condition. The letters were numerous and nearly all of his victims were remembered by the meteoric financier.

"Don't worry about your money," was his written injunction to one of his victims, "it will be paid by my relatives in due course of time." In nearly every letter Branham made the statement that he had mismanaged his business affairs and had left the city not to return.

To Mr. Eb Williams, Branham wrote a long letter, saying that no one save himself was responsible for the tangled condition of the affairs of the National Building Association's office. "I assume all the onus, and am alone responsible for the situation," said Branham. "I had your confidence and I betrayed it."

Mrs. J. I. Patton, a widow woman, and a cousin of Branham's, received a brief note from the missing agent telling her not to be uneasy. It is said Branham secured $2,700 from Mrs. Patton before he left the city.

The letters were written on the stationery of Branham's, and the handwriting is said to be his without doubt, although there were several yesterday who seemed to believe that some one else might have written the letters, signing Branham's name to them and placing them in his private desk.

Since Branham left the city in haste, not a word has been heard from him, and he is as completely lost as if he had been caught up in a whirlwind. Circulars, bearing his photograph and a description, have been sent throughout the southern states and a reward has been offered for his arrest, but all without success. It is believed by several that Branham has gone to South America or Mexico. It is said he was traced as far as New Orleans, where he was lost to his pursuers.

Men Fit to Marry

Are those strong in manly vigor. How about you, reader? Married or single, are you suffering the results of youthful errors or latter excesses? With my famous Electric Belt and Suspensory, the results of 30 years' experience, I cured 5,000 weak men last year. Book, "Three Classes of Men," explaining all, sent free, sealed. Write for it today.

DR. D. T. SANDEN, 826 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

TANSY PILLS! SAFE AND SURE. Send 4c. for "WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD." Wilcox Specific Co., Dept. 16, Phila., Pa.

G. W. ADAIR. AUCTIONEER.

Administrator's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county granted at the September term, 1897, will be sold before the courthouse door of said county on the first Tuesday in October, 1897, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of Emil E. Schenck, deceased, to-wit: The undivided one-half part of all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta and in land lot fifty-one (51) of the fourteenth (14) district of said county of Fulton, beginning at a point fifty (50) feet from the northeast corner of Ivy and Ellis streets, running east along the line of Ellis street seventy-five (75) feet, thence north one hundred and twenty-three and five-tenths (123.5) feet, thence west seventy-five and seven-tenths (75.7) feet, thence south one hundred and twenty-two (122) feet to beginning point. Upon which is an eight-room brick dwelling house known as No. 40 Ellis street, being a part of property conveyed by deed dated May 11, 1868, and recorded in book K, page 392 of records of said county, from John G. Schenck to Emil E. and Herman F. Schenck.

Sold for purpose of distribution.

Terms cash. ALWIN L. SCHENCK,
sep 9 16 23 30 Administrator.
G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER.

Executrix's Sale.

Georgia, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the September term, 1897, will be sold before the courthouse door of said county on the first Tuesday in October, 1897, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of Frederick Hermann Schenck, also known as Herman F. Schenck, deceased: The undivided one-half part of all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta and in land lot fifty-one (51) of the fourteenth (14) district of said county, beginning at a point fifty (50) feet from the northeast corner of Ivy and Ellis streets, running east along the line of Ellis street seventy-five (75) feet, thence north one hundred and twenty-three and five-tenths (123.5) feet, thence west seventy-five and seven-tenths (75.7) feet, thence south one hundred and twenty-two (122) feet to beginning point. Upon which is an eight-room brick dwelling house, known as No. 40 Ellis street, being part of property conveyed by deed dated May 11, 1868, and recorded in Book K, page 392 of records of said county, from John G. Schenck to Emil E. and Herman F. Schenck.

Sold for the purpose of paying debts of the estate. Terms cash.

ELIZABETH S. SCHENCK,
sep 9 16 23 30 Executrix.

No Man

Can be indifferent to such a collection of Suits and Overcoats as we now have on display here. We planned to have a stock of Clothing that would make the leadership of this store so apparent that it could not, in fairness, be questioned. The exhibition is now complete. We are willing to leave the judgment to you. Never in the history of local retailing has there been such a variety of nobby and elegant styles. We devote the energies of our entire organization to maintaining a high standard of quality and keeping prices down to the point of popularity. Handsome Suits and Coats from $7.50 up to $30.

M. R. Emmons & Co

39-41 Whitehall St.

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER
IS FROM THE
Standard Printing Ink Co.,
No. 20 W. Canal St., CINCINNATI, O
Established in 1857.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

Gilt Edge Property—North Side.

On the first Tuesday in October, at 11 o'clock, I will sell before the courthouse door an eight-room brick house on a lot 45x122, on Ellis street, fifty feet from the corner of Ivy; also the vacant lot, 30x122, adjoining the first lot on the east.

This property is in the best renting section of Atlanta, is in one block of the Aragon hotel and in five minutes' walk of union depot.

There is no property in the city that can be improved to better advantage; the location is splendid for a large boarding house or hotel.

On the seventy-five feet you can build three tenement houses that will rent at once for $50 apiece.

No investment is safer than real estate and no real estate on the Atlanta market possesses so many advantages as the property I am now offering.

Come to the sale and accept this opportunity to make a sensible investment. Don't remain passive while some nervier man gobbles up the snap.

If you have no money you will at least swell the crowd.

Terms cash. G. W. ADAIR.

Thos. H. Northen. Walker Dunson.

NORTHEN & DUNSON,

Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable Bldg.

To Home Seekers. Investors.

FOR RENT—Office space and desk in room 409 Equitable building.

Large corner lot, Piedmont avenue, $3,000.

Seven-room house, West Peachtree, just beyond Baltimore Block, for only $6,000.

Also new 7-room house and store, occupied by owner, well adapted for drug or grocery business, on paved street, for just $2,650. Will rent for $360 per annum.

Five acre tract Peachtree road just beyond Brookwood for $2,500.

PIEDMONT AVE. lot, east front, near city limits, for only $2,000.

WM. A. HAYGOOD

Attorney for South

KIRKWOOD

Land Co., 11½ E. Alabama St. Phone 291.

Are you going to marry? Are you planning to keep house? Do not begin in a rented house. It can never be a real home. Have you $300 to $500 cash? We will sell you a pretty cottage at Kirkwood, on large lot, and furnish to suit your taste. One-fourth cash on entire purchase, balance in monthly notes not much more than rent. Paying rent does not always enrich the landlord, but surely keeps you "poor indeed."

HENRY R. POWERS, President. J. FLOYD JOHNSON, V. Pres., New York.
HENRY CLAY FAIRMAN, Department of Correspondence.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

BUYS, SELLS and exchanges real estate. Has in stock a large and varied assortment of city and country property. If you wish to dispose of your property, place it where the public goes naturally to look for it. If you want a farm mention what size and where. If city property mention what sort and street. Pine timber in Clinch county, Georgia, near Savannah, Florida and Western railroad. Land also choice for farming. Manganese in Bartow county, Georgia. Celebrated in the scientific textbooks and sought by steel manufacturers in Pennsylvania and other distant states. The exchange keeps the property of its customers on exhibit. This no individual engaged in other business can possibly do.

Wanted—The addresses of persons having land for sale along railroads out of Atlanta. Inquiries for established fruit farms.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
20 N. Pryor, Kimball House.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate and Loan Agents.

$2,250—Beautiful South Pryor lot one of the most desirable lots left. This is cheap and you ought to have it. on very easy payments; monthly, if desired.

$7,000 for one of the most desirable homes on the north side. Cost $10,000, and if you want a home this will suit you.

$2,500 for 35 acres, 9-room, 2-story house, barn, etc.; fine fruit; near Decatur. One of the cheapest country homes ever offered.

$5,500 for Courtland avenue 2-story house, or will exchange equity of $2,000 for good farm in 50 miles of Atlanta, and let buyer assume mortgage of $3,500.

$3,000—8-room house on Woodward avenue, on very easy payments; monthly, if desired.

Office 12 E. Alabama St. Phone 363.

ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON,

Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

$2,750 BUYS 5 houses renting for $31 per month, on Bell st.; splendid renting neighborhood; cost the owner much more money; houses well built; this investment will pay big interest.

WE HAVE one of the handsomest places in West End, 17 rooms; every possible convenience; lot 186x250, at a big bargain; little cash required, balance long time, 7 per cent.

$3,500 BUYS good, large house; water, gas, stable, etc.; lot 56x150; close in; on south side; $2,500 can run for 4 years at 7 per cent; balance cash.

No. 15 Marietta st., store and basement	$50 00
No. 14 and 14½ Mangum, new houses, each	10 00
No. 155 Whitehall st	37 50
No. 156 Whitehall st	42 50
No. 161 Whitehall st	40 00
No. 281 Fulton st., store and dwelling	12 50
No. 245 Fulton st	25 00
No. 159 W. Mitchell st., store	8 00

Nice offices and beautiful sleeping rooms centrally located.

Money on hand to loan on Atlanta real estate. No delay. Reasonable rates. Isaac Liebman & Son, 28 Peachtree st.

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Extracted without charge and without pain from 8 to 10 every day at the

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WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF
KODAKS AND CAMERAS.
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3½ W. Alabama St.
sep 1 6m

Don't.. Delay..

May be you are ready to buy now, and may be not. Makes no difference. You want a Winter Suit sooner or later. If you come now and inspect our stock, the chances are two to one you will buy from us when you are ready. Man, boy or child—don't care how large or small—just so he wears Pants. We show what you want. Hats and Furnishings. Choice stock. Latest styles.

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Hirsch Bros

44 Whitehall.

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For Cotton, Woolen, Oil, Saw and Grist Mills, Cotton Compresses, Guano Works, Quarries, Cotton Gins, Machine Shops, Railroads, etc.

Corrugated and V-crimped Sheet Metal for Roofing and Siding.

General Supply Dealers.

BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO.

47-49 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—Part of store No. 47 South Broad St. Power furnished, if desired. Apply on premises

JAMES' BANK

Moved to No. 16 East Alabama street—open from 9 to 4. Receives depoitss subject to check. Also pays 6 per cent interest on time deposits left for one month or longer. We pay more interest than any other banks; the reason for this is we pay no office rent or clerks' salary.

J. H. & A. L. JAMES.

R. F. MADDOX, President. J. W. RUCKER, W. L. PEEL, Vice Presidents. T. J. PEEPLES, Cashier. R. F. MADDOX, JR. Ass't Cashier.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.

Capital and Surplus $200,000. Stockholders' Liability $320,000.

Solicit accounts of individuals, firms, corporations and banks upon favorable terms. No interest allowed on open accounts subject to check. In our savings department we furnish books and receive amounts from $1.00 up to $5,000, on which interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum will be credited and each account on the first Tuesdays of January, April, July and October of each year and may be either drawn or added to the deporit account.

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ELK RIVER, GALLOWAY **COAL** ANTHRACITE, BLACKSMITH

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Yard West Hunter Street and Central Railroad. 'Phone 1018.

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$35 FOR A FULL BUSINESS COURSE. $35
Including Stationery, Text-books, etc.
Big demand for graduates—more than 3000 in positions. Awarded Silver Metal by Atlanta Exposition. Catalogue Free. SULLIVAN & CRICHTON, Atlanta, Ga.

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Business and shorthand courses. Full course in penmanship for home practice, mailed anywhere for $1. Send for it.

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aug22-24t sun tue thur sat

NEW YORK, New York.

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BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
30, 32, 34 East 57th Street.
WILL OPEN OCTOBER 4.

Kindergarten, Primary, Preparatory and Academic Departments. College preparation a seperate course. Art department. Studio in building. Special students admitted. aug-7-1m sat tues thur

RECEIVER'S SALE.

By virtue of an order passed in the case of the Exchange band et al. vs. the Gibbs Drug Company et al., by the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of the Fulton superior court, I will receive sealed bids up to October 2, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the entire stock of the Gibbs Drug Company, consisting of drugs, patent medicines, chemicals, cigars, notions and formulas. Also all the fixtures, office furniture, iron safe, typewriter, etc., as shown by the inventory of file in the office of the said Gibbs Drug Company, at No. 25 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

Also separate sealed bids for one lot of empty bottles as identified by the Illinois Glass Company and shown by said inventory. Said sale to be for cash, and all bids are subject to acceptance or rejection by the court. September 22, 1897.

W. D. ELLIS, JR.,
Receiver for Gibbs Drug Company.
sept23-10t

GRANT HOUSE

80 TO 90 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA

Large, well ventilated rooms; cuisine unexcelled. First-class hotel at moderate prices.

N. N. ARCHER, Proprietor

RAILWAY SCHEDULES.

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Standard Time.

Southern Railway.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
‡8	Chattanooga	5 00 am	‡16	Brunswick	5 20 am
‡35	Washington	5 10 am	‡16	Columbus, Ga.	5 20 am
‡18	Jacksonville	7 15 am	‡35	Greenville	5 30 am
‡20	Tallapoosa	8 20 am	‡13	Nashville	7 50am
17	Mt. Airy	8 30 am	‡12	Richmond	7 50am
‡27	Columbus	10 20 am	‡8	Macon	8 10 am
‡19	Fort Valley	10 30 am	‡38	Washington	12 00 n n
‡9	Macon	11 10 am	‡9	Louisville	2 30 pm
‡38	Birmingham	11 30 am	‡10	Macon	4 20 pm
‡10	Louisville	1 10 pm	‡37	Birmingham	4 15 pm
‡37	Washington	3 55 pm	‡10	Fort Valley,	4 30 pm
‡15	Jacksonville	7 45 pm	‡18	Mt. Airy	4 35 pm
‡14	Cincinnati	8 05 pm	‡28	Columbus	4 40 pm
11	Richmond	9 30 pm	‡25	Tallapoosa	6 20 pm
‡29	Columbus, Ga.	9 45 pm	‡14	Jacksonville	8 30 pm
‡36	Greenv'le, Miss	10 45 pm		Chattanooga	10 00 pm,
			‡36	Washington	11 50 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
101	Hapeville	6 45 am	100	Hapeville	5 40 ar
‡3	Savannah	7 45 am	102	Hapeville	7 00 ar
103	Hapeville	8 05 am	‡2	Savannah	8 20 a
105	Hapeville	9 45 am	104	Hapeville	8 30 a
11	Macon	11 20 am	108	Hapeville	12 15 p
109	Hapeville	2 00 pm	110	Hapeville	2 20
111	Hapeville	3 30 pm	‡12	Macon	4 05
113	Hapeville	6 00 pm	112	Hapeville	4 35
115	Hapeville	7 20 pm	‡114	Hapeville	6 10
‡1	Savannah	7 35 pm	‡2	Savannah	7
¶17	Hapeville	10 45 pm	¶116	Hapeville	9
¶19	Hapeville	2 20 pm	¶118	Hapeville	1

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
‡3	Nashville	8 05 am	‡2	Nashville	8 15 am
73	Rome	8 40 am	70	Chattanooga	3 20 pm
‡71	Chattanooga	11 55 am	72	Rome	5 35 pm
‡1	Nashville	7 50 pm	4	Nashville	3 50 pm

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
‡38	Selma	11 40 a m	‡35	Montgomery	5 25 am
‡34	Montgomery	7 00 pm	‡33	Montgomery	1 00 pm
36	Selma	11 36 pm	‡37	Selma	4 20 pm
12	College Park	7 05 am	11	College Park	6 00 am
14	Newnan	8 20 am	13	College Park	8 00 am
16	College Park	10 00 am	15	Palmetto	11 45 am
18	College Park	2 15 pm	17	College Park	12 30 pm
20	Palmetto	2 45 pm	21	College Park	4 25 pm
24	College Park	5 50 pm	23	Palmetto	5 35 pm
28	College Park	7 45 pm	25	College Park	6 20 pm
28	Palmetto	8 25 pm	27	College Park	10 05 pm
36	College Park	11 20 pm	29	Newnan	11 25 pm
42	Newnan	10 20 am	¶41	West Point	8 00 am

Trains Nos. 12, 16, 18, 24, 28 will stop at Whitehall street platform.

All trains will depart from Union Passenger station.

Georgia Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
‡3	Augusta	5 00 am	‡2	Augusta	8 20 am
9	Covington	7 45 am	‡28	Augusta	3 10 pm
‡1	Augusta	12 50 pm	10	Covington	6 15 pm
‡27	Augusta	8 20 pm	‡4	Augusta	11 35 pm

Seaboard Air-Line.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
‡41	Norfolk	5 20 am	‡402	Washington	12 n'n
‡403	Washington	2 50 pm	‡38	Norfolk	7 00 pm

Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Ry.

(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)

FROM		TO	
Knoxville	7 30 pm	Knoxville	8 15 a m

‡ Daily. ¶ Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday.

OPIUM MORPHINE HABITS treated on a guarantee. No pay till cured. Address B. H. VEAL, Mgr., Lithia Spring Opium Cure Co Lock Box 3, Austell, Ga.